Budget 2023–24



Borough of Queenscliffe Queenscliff & Point Lonsdale, Victoria, Australia

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Mayor's introduction

In preparing this year's budget, Council was highly aware of the unique and changing economic and social environment we operate in. That is, a period of rising inflation and cost of living, of escalating prices associated with doing business, and of increasing cost-shifting from State and Federal Governments.

To assist with the cost of doing business in this inflated environment, Council will increase rates by 3.5% in line with the rate cap set by the Minister for Local Government. But a council budget should not make anyone worse off, and rates assistance is available, including payment deferrals or reductions, for those experiencing financial hardship at this time.

Council acknowledges the challenging economic environment we're in and have been conservative with expenditure, while remembering that we are here to deliver services of standard to support ratepayers and residents. As such, in the waste management space, Council will phase the full recovery of direct costs associated with the standard kerbside waste service over several years to minimise the impact on users.

Overall, Council is pleased to deliver a projected surplus of \$139,000 according to the Council Plan measure, and a reduced deficit of \$331,000 against the Local Government Performance Reporting Framework.

Some key projects from the budget are below, supporting the delivery of our Council Plan 2021 – 2025:

Council has allocated \$50,000 for the creation of a Golightly Development and Engagement Plan, including a business case for site improvements and considered consultation, to ensure the park is generating long-term financial and social benefit for the community. This allocation comes from the proceeds of the sale of Murray Road land, and this investment is about guaranteeing ongoing value and income generation from the sale.

An allocation of \$23,000 will support de-silting works and revegetation at Ganes Reserve, and \$7,500 for much needed tree planting and wayfinding at the Bullring.

Our modest capital works expenditure is led by \$1,000,000 of State Government funding to deliver upgrades and improvements to the Point Lonsdale Maritime and Defence Precinct development thanks to a community-secured grant.

This budget also includes support for initiatives that make our community more connected. There is \$10,000 for revising our Disability Action Plan, a requirement of the State Government and an opportunity to increase accessibility for all in the Borough. There's an additional \$25,000 to support community organisations and events, and funding to finalise our Reconciliation Action Plan and continue delivering the Climate Emergency Response Plan.

Non-recurrent projects in the 2023–24 Budget are funded via operational cash or unallocated cash reserves, and we remain a Council without borrowings or debt. This is a rarity for local government in the current economic environment, and something to celebrate. Additionally, this budget projects a general reserve balance of \$1.4 million at the end of this financial year, a significant turnaround of the Borough's financial position a decade ago, when Council had a general reserve balance of zero with over \$1 million debt.

We thank all Council staff who worked hard to make this year's budget process engaging and thorough. Thank you also to those who contributed to the submissions and feedback process, we

heard from a range of individuals and community groups and appreciate your interest in shaping this critical document. Council listened intently and has responded. We are committed to continual improvement in the budget process to ensure that there is wide understanding and engagement with the process, so expect the next budget process, a highly iterative one, to start soon.

I happily present and recommend the budget 2023–24.

Cr Isabelle Tolhurst Mayor

CEO's introduction

In preparing the 2023–2024 Budget the focus for the administration has been to find a balance between competing, but often complementary, priorities. These include the implementation of Council decisions and strategic direction, absorbing the financial impacts of legislative changes made by other levels of Government, and ensuring the long-term financial sustainability of the Borough.

This year, the work to find this balance has been informed by numerous external and internal inputs, including but not limited to:

- Community responses to the Budget Survey undertaken in November 2022;
- Councillor input, through a series of workshops commencing in December 2022;
- Advocacy of representative community groups through discussions and submissions;
- Advice from the Minister for Local Government that the rate cap for 2023 2024 is 3.5%;
- Impact of inflationary pressures on materials, goods, and services;
- Impact of interest rate changes on investments;
- Implementation of asset management plans; and
- Receipt of Government grants.

Underpinning these inputs is the annual cost of running the business. Each year 80% of the expenditure incurred by the Borough Queenscliffe is non-discretionary, meaning, the costs required to manage our regulatory responsibilities and provide the services expected of a local council are essentially set.

In this context, Council has prepared a balanced budget after transferring \$258,000 to the general reserve and importantly a budget that transforms the projected underlying deficit (excluding non-recurring income and expenses) in the 2022–23 budget to a breakeven result for the next four years.

In addition to the annual investment in maintaining and renewing existing assets Council has budgeted for a modest capital works budget. Council has allocated \$2.8 million for capital works. The proposed program includes two new projects initiated by the community which have received funding from other levels of government:

- \$1,000,000: Point Lonsdale Maritime & Defence Precinct development (State Government budget commitment)
- \$160,000: Queenscliffe Rec Reserve lighting upgrade (Federal Government election promise)

As the land manager Council's role in these projects will be to receive and manage the funding, secure relevant permit approvals, and oversee the delivery of the works.

Other capital works projects include an allocation to install heating and cooling in the original Town Hall which will facilitate greater community use of the building, and an allocation to extend the fence in front of the eroding dune face at the Dog Beach to minimise access and improve safety. An overview of the entire capital works budget, including the project budget allocations is set out below in the executive summary section of the budget papers.

The budget also includes an overview of the new operating projects that Council will undertake during 2023–2024. These projects further the strategic priorities set out in the Borough of Queenscliffe Council Plan 2021 – 2025. In a number of cases the operating projects initiate the planning phase of proposed projects. The allocations for these projects include budgets for community engagement. This planning work helps Council and the community consider projects in their fullness prior to any decision to commit or invest.

The information set out in the budget outlines all the financial information used to produce the budget. It outlines our income and revenue, anticipated expenditure, and the financial position we expect to find ourselves in at the end of the 2023 -2024 financial year.

I think it is a reasonable but responsive budget that continues the responsible financial management practices and outcomes that define the Borough of Queenscliffe and allow us to remain a viable and independent Council.

Martin Gill Chief Executive Officer

Executive summary

2021–2025 Council Plan

Council has prepared a budget for the 2023–24 financial year that is aligned to the vision in the current Council Plan. This vision focuses on the following five key strategic objectives:

- 1. To support community wellbeing and encourage an active lifestyle;
- 2. To protect our environment and address climate change issues;
- 3. To support a prosperous and diverse local economy;
- 4. To protect our distinctive coastal, cultural and built environment, and provide sustainable, suitable infrastructure; and
- 5. To provide a financially viable Council that is accountable, transparent and practices good governance.

2023–24 Budget

The budget details the resources required over the next year to fund the large range of services Council provides to the community. It also includes details of capital expenditure allocations to be spent on improving and renewing Council's physical infrastructure, buildings and operational assets as well as funding a range of operating projects.

After two decades of low inflation in Australia, the country is experiencing very high inflation. For example, Australian inflation achieved its highest level since the 1990s, with the Consumer Price Index (CPI) increasing by 7.8% over the year to the December quarter of 2022. High inflation translates to increased costs of capital (e.g., interest rates) and goods & services which will affect all organisations albeit to varying levels. The Reserve Bank of Australia (RBA) predicts the inflation at the beginning of the 2023-24 year to be at 6.75% and it to gradually drop to 3.5% by the end of the year.

The budget is prepared on several assumptions about the economic conditions and how they will affect the operation of the Borough. These assumptions will be refined and adjusted in quarterly forecast previews as they emerge.

On a cash basis, the Budget is a balanced budget with a zero-debt balance sheet after transferring \$259,000 to the general reserve for future use. Despite the inflationary pressures on materials, goods, and services, the Budget does not draw any funds out from the general reserve.

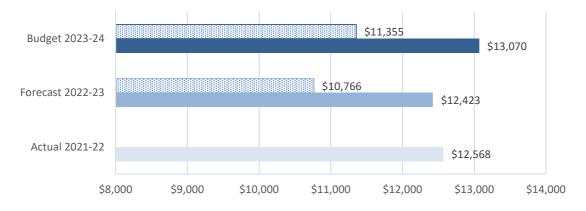
Key items in the 2023–24 budget have been detailed below.

Operating Income

The budget indicates a growth of 5.2% (\$646,000) in total operating income compared to the 2022–23 financial year. However, the operating income for the 2022–23 financial year is misleading due to the accounting profit from the sale of assets (the sale of Murray Road land) and early receipt of 2022–23 Financial Assistance Grants (FAGs) in 2021–22. Further, operating income for 2023-24 includes \$525,000 of non-recurring operating grants.

Excluding the accounting profit from the sale of assets, waste management charges, non-recurring grants and allocating FAGs to years to which they relate, there is a \$590,000 (5.5%) increase in recurrent operating income (represented by data series with pattern fill in the below chart).

Operating income (\$'000)



Rates

The budget includes a rate increase of 3.5%. This is in line with the State Government's rate capping framework, which has capped rate increases by Victorian councils. The additional income estimated due to the rate increase is \$291,000 (annualised basis). The total rates income for 2023–24 is estimated to be \$7,231,000.

Waste management charges

The income from waste management charges is estimated to increase by \$80,000 (6.7%) in 2023–24 to \$1,279,000. To ensure the full cost recovery strategy for waste services, Council has decided to recover direct employee costs of waste management operations also via waste management charges. However, if Council had tried to recover full cost of waste services in 2023–24 within the same year, the total income from waste management charges should have increased by \$146,000 (12%). Council has phased the full recovery of direct employee costs associated with the standard kerbside waste services over a couple of years to minimise the impact on users. This shortfall will temporarily be financed through the unallocated cash reserve (general reserve) of the Borough.

The projected increase in waste management charges for a residential property is \$26.00 (6.5%) in 2023–24. Without the phasing of cost recovery, the waste management charges for a residential property should have increased by \$43.30 (11%) in 2023–24.

User fees

The fees from Council's tourist parks contribute the largest portion of the user fees budget, with a total anticipated income from tourist parks of \$1,876,000 for the 2023–24 financial year with an estimated increase of \$60,000. The increase in the income from tourist parks is mainly due to the proposed increase in tariff by 3.5%.

Operating grant

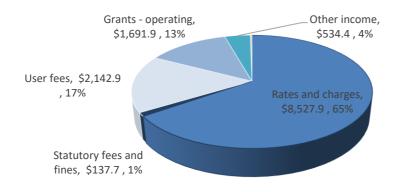
The total operating grant income for 2022–23 is highly understated due to the early receipt of 2022–23 FAGs in 2021–22. When allocating the FAGs to the financial years to which they relate, there is a \$553,000 growth in operating grants for 2023–24 mainly due to non-recurring operating grant funding for the below non-recurring projects.

| Non-recurring Operating Project | Grant Finding (\$) |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|
| Asbestos removal works | 433,0000 |
| Integrated water management plan | 60,000 |
| Beach marker condition assessment | 31,500 |
| Total | 524,500 |

Other income

Due to sales proceeds from Murray Road land, the average investment in Term Deposits (TDs) is expected to be higher during the year 2023–24 resulting in a significant increase in projected income from interests for the 2023–24 financial year.

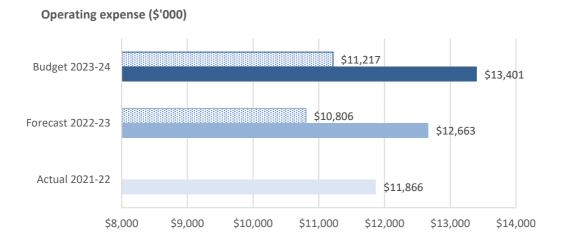
Sources of operating income (\$'000)



Operating Expenses

The proposed budget indicates a growth of 5.8% (\$738,000) in total operating expenses compared to the 2022–23 financial year.

Excluding non-recurrent expense items, depreciation and waste management expenses (linked to waste management charges under the full cost recovery strategy), there is a \$411,000 (3.8%) increase in recurrent operating expenses (ongoing basis) in the 2023–24 proposed budget compared to the forecasted total operating expenses on the same basis for 2022–23 (represented by data series with pattern fill in the below chart).



Employee cost

Employee costs are to increase by \$324,000 (6.5%) in the 2023–24 financial year.

Excluding the impact of staff vacancies and one-off staff costs, the projected increase in employee cost for the 2023–24 financial year is \$300,000 (6.0%) mainly driven by a 3.5% increase in salaries & wages (3.0% increase in line with the EBA and 0.5% super guarantee increase), impact of the band progressions within the year and additional employee cost of extra staff resources dedicated to key initiatives of Council as outlined in note 4.1.7. to the financial statements.

Materials and services

Materials and services are budgeted to increase by \$419,000 (7.1%) compared with the 2022–23 financial year.

However, excluding waste management costs and non-recurrent operating expenses (rates-funded and grant-funded), there is a 2.8% (\$117,000) increase in recurrent materials and services expenses.

Depreciation

The projected depreciation expenses for the 2023–24 financial year includes the additional depreciation expenses associated with the new Queenscliffe Hub facility and the upgraded boat ramp infrastructure asset. The slight decrease in depreciation expenses mainly reflects reduction in depreciation of Council's existing building assets resulting from the revaluation of building assets by a professional independent valuer.

Key operating projects and cost commitments

The budget includes operating projects and new operating cost commitments totalling \$842,000 as detailed below.

- 1. <u>New initiatives and new operating cost commitments (total of \$702,000)</u>
- Non-recurring operating project funded via sales proceeds from the sale of Murray Road land (\$50,000):
 - \$50,000: Development of a Golightly Development and Engagement Plan;
- Non-recurring operating projects funded via operating cash (total of \$89,500):
 - \$23,000: Ganes Reserve investigations and de-silting works;
 - \$18,000: Installation of a digital web-based door locking system to the central amenity block of Queenscliffe Tourist Park;
 - o \$15,000: To conduct a Wadawurrung cultural and heritage review/assessment;
 - \$10,000: Development of a Disability Action Plan;
 - \$7,500: Bull ring planting and wayfinding;
 - \$6,000: Conduct Wadawurrung cultural and heritage awareness training for the community and Council;
 - \$5,000: To conduct a needs analysis for child/family services and facilities, potential inclusion of youth taskforce; and
 - \$5,000: Develop tourist parks online reservations capabilities.
- Non-recurring operating projects grant funded (total of \$537,500):
 - \$433,000: Asbestos removal work at old Fisherman's Co-Op building (100% grant funded);
 - \$60,000: Development of an Integrated Water Management (IWM) Plan (100% grant funded); and
 - \$44,500: Undertake a beach marker condition assessment (70% grant funded).
- Recurring operating cost commitments funded via operating cash (total of \$25,000):
 - \$25,000: Additional budget allocation to support ongoing community events (event sponsorships).
- 2. <u>Carried forward initiatives (total of \$140,000).</u>
- Carried forward initiatives, funded via specific reserve funds (total of \$120,000)
 - \$90,000: Continue with the review of Fisherman's Flat Heritage Overlay;

- \$20,000: Installation of signage that includes recognition of Wadawurrung Country and uses Wadawurrung language to identify places; and
- \$10,000: Review of Council's public toilet strategy.
- Carried forward initiatives, funded via the current year operating cash (\$20,000)
 - \$20,000: Continue with the development of the Reconciliation Action Plan.

Depreciation, \$1,372, 10% Materials and services, \$6,366, 48%

Drivers of operating expenses (\$'000)

Underlying Operating Result

Underlying operating result is an indicator of the sustainable operating result required to enable Council to continue to provide core services and meet its Council Plan objectives. The underlying result is calculated by adjusting the operating surplus/(deficit) for the year by deducting non-recurrent capital funding (circa operating income minus operating expenses including depreciation).

The Local Government Performance Reporting Framework (LGPRF) based projected underlying result for the 2023–24 year is a deficit of \$331,000 (-2.5%).

The LGPRF based underlying result is impacted by the timing of recurring operating grants (especially FAG), non-recurring operating grants and non-recurring operating expenses included in the budget of a particular year. As a result, the underlying result is more meaningful when it is assessed excluding the impact of non-recurring operating income and expense items and adjusted for the timing of recurring operating grants, where applicable, as defined in the Council Plan of the Borough.

| Underlying Result | Forecast Actual | Budget |
|--|--------------------|---------|
| | 2022–23 | 2023–24 |
| | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Based on the LGPRF measure | | |
| Surplus / (deficit) for the year (as per the Comprehensive Income Statement) | 1,999 | 1,085 |
| Less: Grants – capital (non-recurrent) | (2,239) | (1,417) |
| Less: Contributions – monetary – capital | 0 | 0 |
| Adjusted underlying surplus / (deficit) | (240) | (331) |
| Adjusted Underlying Result – % | -1.9% | -2.5% |

| On recurring basis (based on the Council Plan measure) | | | | | |
|--|--------|-------|--|--|--|
| Adjusted underlying surplus / (deficit) – LGPRF | (240) | (331) | | | |
| Adjusted for: | | | | | |
| Allocating FAG to the year they relate | 499 | 96 | | | |
| Annualised Road to Recovery grant (R2R) | 40 | 40 | | | |
| Removal of grant-funded non-recurring operating project related costs net of grants (council contribution) | 0 | (13) | | | |
| Removal of non- recurring operating project related costs funded via Council's own funds (reserve and operational cash) – Note 1. | 331 | 252 | | | |
| Removal of waste management cost to be recovered in future years | 64 | 14 | | | |
| Removal of costs associated with parallel running of new and existing systems for planned system changeover | | 90 | | | |
| Removal of the impact of the sale of assets | (735) | (35) | | | |
| Adjusted underlying surplus / (deficit) | (40) | 139 | | | |
| Adjusted Underlying Result – % | -0.37% | 1.22% | | | |

Note1: Non-recurring operating project-related costs funded via Council's own funds (reserve and operational cash)

| Project | Budget 2023-24 (\$) |
|---|---------------------|
| Funded via specific reserves | |
| Continue with the review of Fisherman's Flat Heritage Overlay | 90,000 |
| Development of a Golightly Development and Engagement Plan | 50,000 |
| Installation of signage that includes recognition of Wadawurrung Country | 20,000 |
| Review of Council's public toilet strategy | 10,000 |
| | |
| Funded via operating cash | |
| Continue with the development of the Reconciliation Action Plan | 20,000 |
| Installation of a digital web-based door locking system to the central amenity | 18,000 |
| block of Queenscliffe Tourist Park | |
| To conduct a Wadawurrung cultural and heritage review/assessment | 15,000 |
| Development of a Disability Action Plan; | 10,000 |
| Bull ring planting and wayfinding | 7,500 |
| Conduct Wadawurrung cultural and heritage awareness training for the | 6,000 |
| community and Council | |
| To conduct a needs analysis for child/family services and facilities, potential | 5,000 |
| inclusion of youth taskforce | |
| Total | 251,500 |

The projected adjusted underlying result after excluding non-recurring operating expenses, non-recurring operating grants and adjusted for the timing of recurring operating grants is a surplus of \$139,000 (1.22%) for the 2023-24 financial year. The impact due to the increase in employee cost has been offset by additional interest income from term deposits due to elevated investments in term deposits and projected above-average interest rates for the 2023–24 financial year.

An average \$180,000 underlying deficit is projected for each year for the next four years (2023–24 to 2026–27) based on the LGPRF measure as the Council has earmarked a couple of non-recurring operating projects for future years.

However, excluding non-recurring operating expenses, an average breakeven (average circa \$14,000) underlying result is projected for each of the next four years, which is an improvement from the four-

year average underlying deficit of \$231,000 recorded in the 2022–23 budget of Council on the same basis. Despite the increase in recurring expenses, this improvement in the underlying deficit can be attributable to:

- 1. Ongoing operational grant support confirmed by Better Boating Victoria for maintenance and upkeep of upgrade boat ramp;
- Notional recurring interest income included in the Financial Plan based on the budget assumption that sales proceeds from the sale of Murray Road will be used for investment opportunities that will generate at minimum the interest income the Council could have otherwise earned; and
- 3. Recovery of direct employee costs of waste management operations via waste management charges.

The above items have contributed positively, in excess of \$300,000 annually to the Council budget.

However, there may be some opportunities for Council to achieve operational efficiencies and additional ongoing income as a result of ongoing initiatives and projects (new operating model to manage tourist parks, BoQ ICT transformation, future investment in amenities in tourist parks to enhance visitor experience, etc.). Details of cost efficiencies and additional income figures cannot be estimated until project plans and operational requirements are further developed.

Council needs to be careful when creating or acquiring new and significantly upgraded assets that will result in significant level of additional ongoing cost commitments. For instance, Council is now required to maintain and manage the upgraded Queenscliff Boat Ramp, which is in effect a regional asset.

The long-term financial outlook for Council will depend on careful and prudent planning, in particular when considering the need and ongoing management of new assets. The impacts of rate capping, limited opportunities for rate income growth, community expectations about service levels and the ongoing management of existing assets will continue to provide financial challenges for the Borough in the coming years.

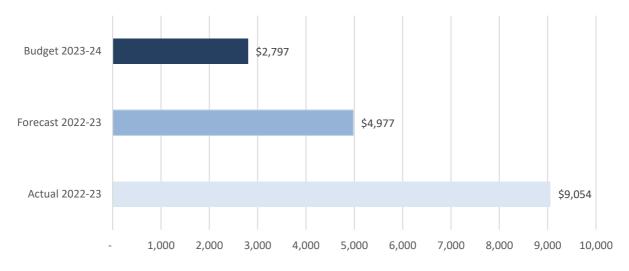
Capital Expenditure

Council is committed to the continued investment in its property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure assets, both in terms of maintaining, renewing and upgrading its existing assets as well as creating new assets that will assist in the achievement of service delivery to the community.

Council will deliver \$2.8 million of capital works in 2023–24, including capital projects carried forward from 2022–23 totalling to \$293,000. This capital works budget also includes Council's commitment of \$829,000 to asset renewal funding based on asset management plans of Council.

In the 2023–24 budget, Council has allocated \$1.2 million of the total operating income for capital works, and a further \$0.2 million has been transferred from carry forward reserves. Council will use \$1.4 million in capital grants for the budgeted capital work.

Capital Expenditure



Carry forward capital projects

- \$147,000: ICT transformation project (3 to 4 year project, total project cost of \$718,000, 49% grant funded);
- \$150,000: Safety improvement work at Narrows Beach (73% grant funded);
- \$130,000: Toch H toilet renewal;
- \$16,000: New bike track concept design.

New capital projects

- \$1,000,000: Point Lonsdale Maritime & Defence Precinct development (100% grant funded);
- \$180,000: Upgrade of Town Hall heating and cooling;
- \$160,000: Queenscliffe Rec Reserve lighting upgrade (100% grant funded);
- \$50,000: Murray Road Shared Path concept design; and
- \$10,000: Installation of bike racks throughout the Borough (multi-year project)

Borrowings

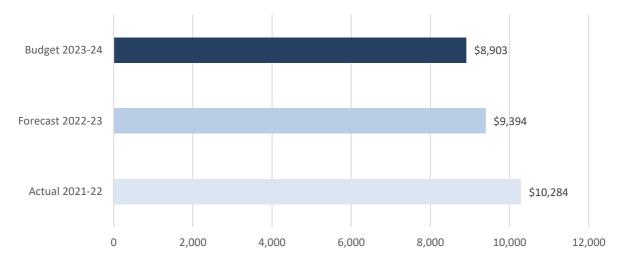
Council does not have any outstanding loans and no new loans are included in the 2023–24 budget.

Council continues to focus on efficient and financially responsible service delivery to achieve outcomes that are valued by our community. Council will continue to explore new approaches to provide services in a tighter fiscal environment.

Cash and Investments

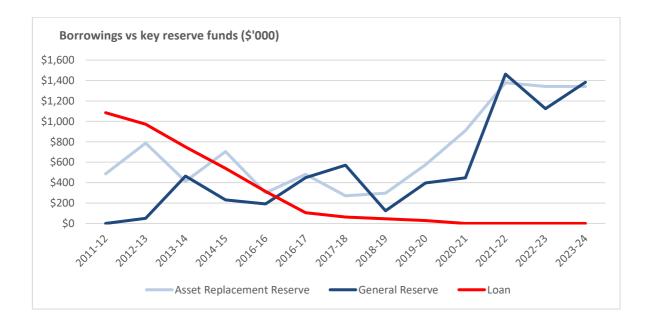
Cash and investments are expected to decrease by \$491,000 during the year to \$8.9 million as Council delivers on project allocations. \$3.5 million of cash and investments represents proceeds from the sale of Murray Road land, set aside in a reserve account until a potential project/s is identified in the future in line with Council Policy CP044: Sale, Exchange or Transfer of Council Land.

Cash and Investments (\$'000)



Borrowings vs Key Reserve Funds

The budget projects a general reserve balance of \$1.4 million at the end of the financial year 2023-24, with a debt-free balance sheet. This indicates a significant turnaround in the financial position of the Borough compared to the situation the Council was in at the end of the 2011-12 financial year (Zero general reserve balance with over \$1 million debt in the balance sheet).



Reserve Balances

Council's other reserves on the balance sheet are budgeted to decreased by \$770,000 (10%) compared with the 2022–23 financial year, predominantly because projects carried forward from 2022–23 are predicted to be completed during the 2023–24 financial year. Details of the reserve movements are provided in note 4.3. to the financial statements. All reserve balances are cash baked.

| Re | serve description | Forecast Actual at 30 June 23 | Budget at 30 June 24 | Change \$ |
|----------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| Cai | rry forward capital expenditure reserve | | | |
| 1 | Royal park oval upgrade | 360,000 | 360,000 | 0 |
| 2 | ICT transformation project | 89,186 | 89,186 | 0 |
| 3 | New bike track/park | 195,900 | 179,765 | (16,135) |
| 4 | Princess park kiosk toilet upgrade | 60,000 | 60,000 | 0 |
| 5 | Weeroona Parade toilet | 40,000 | 40,000 | 0 |
| 6 | Toc H Toilet upgrade | 130,000 | 0 | (130,000) |
| 7 | Queenscliffe CBD 24-hour toilet | 250,000 | 240,000 | (10,000) |
| 8 | Murray Road land sale proceeds | 3,500,000 | 3,450,000 | (50,000) |
| 9 | Safety improvement work by DEECA at Narrows Beach (Council contribution) | 40,000 | 0 | (40,000) |
| | Total – carry forward capital expenditure reserve | 4,665,086 | 4,418,951 | (246,135) |
| Cai | rry forward operating expenditure reserve | | | |
| 1 | Marine coastal management plan | 104,000 | 104,000 | 0 |
| 2 | Review of planning scheme (Heritage Provisions) | 93,418 | 3,418 | (90,000) |
| 3 | Wadawurrung signage | 20,000 | 0 | (20,000) |
| | Total – carry forward operating expenditure reserve | 217,418 | 107,418 | (110,000) |
| Ass | set replacement reserve | 1,342,017 | 1,342,017 | 0 |
| De | fined Benefits Superannuation Liability | 40,000 | 40,000 | 0 |
| Sta | ndard kerbside waste reserve | (51,555) | (49,653) | 1,902 |
| Public waste reserve | | 16,344 | 0 | (16,344) |
| Un | allocated cash reserves / general reserve | 1,123,660 | 1,383,098 | 259,438 |
| Tot | tal | 7,352,970 | 7,241,831 | (111,139) |

Financial snapshot

| Key Statistics | 2022–23 | 2023–24 |
|---|------------------|-----------|
| | Forecast | Budget |
| | \$million | \$million |
| Total Operating Expenses* | \$12.7 | \$13.4 |
| Total Recurring Operating Expenses (excluding waste management expenses)* | \$10.8 | \$11.2 |
| Comprehensive Operating Surplus | \$2.0 | \$1.1 |
| Underlying operating surplus / (deficit) – LGPRF based | (0.24) | (0.30) |
| Underlying operating surplus / (deficit) – Council Plan based (on recurring basis) | (\$0.04) | \$0.14 |
| Cash result | \$0.2 | \$0.0 |
| | | |
| Capital Works Program | \$5.0 | \$2.8 |
| Funding the Capital Works Program | | |
| Council – Reporting year income | \$2.9 | \$1.2 |
| Council – Reserves | \$0.8 | \$0.2 |
| Borrowings | \$0.0 | \$0.0 |
| Grants | \$2.3 | \$1.4 |
| Cash and Investments | \$9.4 | \$8.9 |
| Budgeted Expenditure by Portfolio (excluding depreciation) | Budget \$million | Budget % |
| Portfolio 1 – Health and wellbeing | \$2.0 | 17% |
| Portfolio 2 – Environment | \$2.0 | 17% |
| Portfolio 3 – Local economy | \$1.6 | 15% |
| Portfolio 4 – Heritage, planning and infrastructure | \$3.0 | 22% |
| Portfolio 5 – Governance and finance | \$3.4 | 29% |
| Total | \$12.0 | 100% |

*Includes depreciation expenses.

Financial policy statement (Financial sustainability indicators)

The Council Plan has specified the following measures to demonstrate Council's financial sustainability to fund the aspirations of the Community Vision and the Council Plan.

| Policy statement | Measure | BoQ target | Comment |
|--|--|----------------------|---|
| Consistent operating results | Our adjusted underlying result: The difference between recurring income and recurring expenses | Greater than \$0 | Adjusted for the timing of recurring operating grants, one-off operating projects (including operating grants if applicable), assets write-offs and any other non- recurring transactions |
| Ensure Council maintains sufficient working capital to meet its obligations as they fall due | Current assets vs current liabilities : The value of our current assets divided by our current liabilities | Greater than 1 | Excludes non-current assets classified as held for sale |
| Council maintains sufficient unrestricted cash to ensure ongoing liquidity as well as to address unforeseen cash imposts if required | Level of unrestricted cash reserve against current liabilities: Our current liabilities as a percentage of our unrestricted cash reserves (based on the remaining maturity of term deposits) | Greater than 100% | Cash and cash equivalents include all items at call and short- term deposits with remaining maturity of less than three months |
| That Council applies loan funding to new capital and maintains total borrowings in line with rate income and growth of the municipality | Total borrowings against rate revenue : Our total borrowings as a percentage of our rate revenue | Less than 15% | Target is in line with Council Policy CP040: Borrowings |
| Allocate adequate funds towards renewal capital in order to replace assets and infrastructure as they reach the end of their service life | Asset renewal and upgrade expenses against depreciation: The financial investment in asset renewal and upgrade work divided by the cost of depreciation (based on a three-year rolling average) | Greater than 100% | Three-year rolling average takes into consideration BoQ's dependency on external funding for major capital projects |
| Council generates sufficient revenue from rates plus fees and charges to ensure a consistent funding for renewal capital | Council's contribution to asset renewal and upgrade : Council's contribution to asset renewal and upgrade expenses as a percentage of own-source revenue | Greater than 10% | Based on the net contribution from Council for asset renewal and upgrade work |

| Indicator | Target | Forecast Actual | Budget | | Projections | |
|--|--------|--------------------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|
| | Та | 2022–23 | 2023–24 | 2024–25 | 2025–26 | 2026–27 |
| Sustainable operating result | | | | | | |
| Our adjusted underlying result | > \$0 | -\$40 | \$139 | -\$31 | -\$82 | \$29 |
| Working capital | | | | | | |
| Current assets vs current liabilities | > 1.0 | 4.46 | 4.57 | 4.23 | 3.48 | 2.46 |
| Level of unrestricted cash reserve against current liabilities | > 100% | 425.3% | 433.7% | 405.5% | 329.7% | 227.0% |
| Borrowings | | | | | | |
| Total borrowings against rate revenue | < 15% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Commitment for asset renewa | als | | | | | |
| Asset renewal and upgrade expenses against depreciation | > 100% | 324.2% | 319.3% | 179% | 253% | 234% |
| Council's contribution to asset renewal and upgrade | > 10% | 24% | 12% | 14% | 24% | 28% |

As per the above financial sustainability indicators, the 2023–24 budget satisfies the financial sustainability indicators specified in the Council Plan, except for the adjusted underlying result as explained in the previous section of this budget. These indicators have been estimated based on the economic assumptions detailed in the subsequent sections of this budget.

Crown land management

Except for very few assets, all buildings and infrastructure assets (including roads) used by the Council to provide various services to the community are located or built on Crown land. Based on the value of land the Council manages, 59% is Crown land and 18% is land under roads. Only 23% of land is owned freehold by the Borough.

Currently the Council manages all its tourist parks as one business unit and as a result the current operating model is not designed to separate the expenditure associated with Crown land and other land types where parks are situated. However, indicative values provided below satisfy the requirement that revenue generated from Crown land is applied in full to meet expenditure requirements for managing Crown land.

| Description | 2022–23 Forecast | 2023–24 Budget | 2024–25 FP | 2025–26 FP | 2026–27 FP | |
|---|---------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| Net contribution from Crown land | | | | | | |
| Surplus projected from tourist parks located on Crown land | 698 | 697 | 718 | 741 | 765 | |
| Lease income projected from Crown Land properties | 124 | 127 | 131 | 135 | 139 | |
| Net contribution from Crown land | 822 | 824 | 850 | 876 | 905 | |
| | | | | | | |
| Used to fund services in Crown land | | | | | | |
| Projected net expenditure on asset management and appearance of public places on Crown land * | (919) | (853) | (880) | (927) | (954) | |
| Projected net expenditure on coastal protection** | (206) | (377) | (368) | (378) | (387) | |
| Net expenditure on Crown land | (1,125) | (1,227) | (1,248) | (1,304) | (10341) | |
| | | | | | | |
| Net deficit funded via rates and operating grant | (303) | (406) | (398) | (428) | (437) | |

*2022–23 forecast includes additional vegetation management expenses.

**2022–23 forecast includes savings due to temporary staff vacancies.

As detailed below, the % of income from Golightly Park, compared to the total income from all parks, has been used to apportion the projected surplus from all parks to surplus estimated from tourist parks located on Crown land.

| Description | 2022–23 Forecast | 2023–24 Budget | 2024–25 FP | 2025–26 FP | 2026–27 FP |
|---|---------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Total income from all parks | 1,816 | 1,876 | 1,937 | 1,995 | 2,055 |
| Income from Golightly park | 410 | 424 | 438 | 451 | 465 |
| % of income from Golightly park | 23% | 23% | 23% | 23% | 23% |
| | | | | | |
| Total surplus projected from all tourist parks | 902 | 901 | 928 | 958 | 989 |
| Less: Surplus attributable to Golightly park based on % of income | (204) | (204) | (210) | (217) | (224) |
| Surplus projected from tourist parks located on Crown land | 698 | 697 | 718 | 741 | 765 |

The projected net expenditure above does not include any non-recurring and asset renewal expenses.

Budget influences (internal and external)

This section sets out the key budget influences arising from the internal and external environment within which Council operates.

External influences

The four years represented within the Budget are 2023–24 through to 2026–27. In preparing the 2023–24 budget, a number of external influences have been taken into consideration. These are outlined below:

Location – the Borough of Queenscliffe is located at the eastern tip of the Bellarine Peninsula and opposite Point Nepean at Port Phillip Heads, in Victoria, Australia. It is bordered by water on three sides: Port Phillip Bay, Swan Bay and Bass Strait. The only land border is with the City of Greater Geelong on its west. The Borough is located approximately 105km south-west of Melbourne and 35km east of Geelong.

Inflation – Inflation in many countries has reached the highest level in several decades. For example, Australian inflation achieved its highest level since the 1990s, with the Consumer Price Index (CPI) increasing by 7.3% over the year to the September quarter of 2022. High global inflation reflects factors such as the lagged impact of very stimulatory policies in 2021, restrictions because of the Covid-19 pandemic and the war in Ukraine. High inflation levels continue to make a significant impact on materials and services that Council procures to provide various services to the community.

Interest Rate Rises – the Reserve Bank of Australia (RBA) has an inflation target of 2% to 3%. In response to the high inflation, the RBA has raised its cash rate from 0.1% (April 2022) to a current level of 3.6% (April 2023). Higher interest rates have negatively impacted investment returns, with both the share and bond markets performing poorly.

However, currently, Council has an elevated cash balance due to the recent asset sale and the higher interest rates, which has helped Council earn additional interest income.

Population growth – the Borough of Queenscliffe has a permanent population of around 3,200. This grows up to 17,000 in peak holiday times with the influx of non-permanent residents and visitors. Many property owners only holiday or live part-time in the Borough. The 46.3% of private dwellings unoccupied during the 2021 census is indicative of the large temporary population.

Superannuation – Council has an ongoing obligation to fund any investment shortfalls in the Defined Benefits Scheme, which historically was used by Councils across Victoria. The last call on local government was in the 2012–13 financial year, where the Council was required to pay \$218,000 (including contributions tax) to top up its share of the Defined Benefits Scheme. The amount and timing of any liability are dependent on the investment market. The difficult investment environment in 2022 has adversely impacted the performance of superannuation funds. However, the actual financial position of the Defined Benefits Scheme will not be known until the next actuarial valuation due on 30 June 2023.

Further, the Superannuation Guarantee has been increasing by 0.5% each year since 1 July 2022 and will continue to increase until 1 July 2025 (from 9.5% to 12%).

Financial Assistance Grants (FAGs) – The largest source of government funding to Council is through the annual Victorian Grants Commission allocation. The overall state allocation is determined by the Federal Financial Assistance Grant. The quantum of the grant pool changes annually in line with changes in population and the Consumer Price Index. Though there has been an increase in the recent past, Queenscliffe receives the lowest FAG funding allocation in the state due to the low and stagnated permanent population of around 3,200.

Capital grant funding – Capital grant opportunities arise continually. The budget has been based on confirmed grants. Any subsequent grants would be reflected in the quarterly reviews.

Cost shifting – This occurs where local government provides a service to the community on behalf of the state and federal governments. Over time, the funds received by local governments does not increase in line with real cost increases, such as school crossing or library services, resulting in a further reliance on rate revenue to meet service delivery expectations.

Government decisions – Decisions of the state and federal governments impact operations of local governments. For instance, the State Government's decision to abolish boat ramp parking fees has resulted in a total income loss to ratepayers of \$1.25 million over ten years. At the same time, Council will have to manage ongoing maintenance and asset renewal requirements of the upgraded boat ramp, which is a regional asset predominantly used by non-ratepayers. However, the Council currently receive an annual grant from the State Government towards the ongoing maintenance and operational activities of the boat ramp.

Enterprise Bargaining Agreement (EBA) – The current Borough of Queenscliffe Enterprise Bargaining Agreement stipulates a wage increase of 2.0% or a percentage increase of 0.5% less than the official general rate cap for the financial year – whichever is the greater.

Rate capping – The State Government has continued to impose a cap on rate increases. The cap for 2023–24 has been set at 3.5%. However, it is expected that the average inflation during the financial year 2023–24 will be more than the official rate cap.

Supplementary rates – Supplementary rates are additional rates received after the budget is adopted each year for the part of the year when a property value increases in value (e.g., due to improvements made or change in land class), or when new residents become assessable. However, any material change in valuations during the year is very unlikely given the stagnated rates base of the Borough.

Waste disposal costs – The Environment Protection Agency (EPA) regulation has a sustained impact on Council with regards to compliance with existing and past landfills sites. Waste disposal costs are also impacted by industry changes such as increasing EPA landfill levies and negotiation of contracts e.g., recycling sorting and acceptance.

Coronavirus (COVID-19) – While the Covid-19 pandemic continued in the 2022–23 financial year, its impact moderated over the year and activities in the Borough recovered to pre-pandemic level.

Internal influences

As well as external influences, there are a number of internal influences which are expected to impact the 2023–24 budget. These include:

Service planning – Reviewing services to ensure that they meet community needs is an ongoing process. Balancing the needs of the community within the constraints of the funds available is an ongoing challenge for Council. Council needs to have a robust process for service planning and review to ensure all services continue to provide value for money and are in line with community expectations. Council does not have a comprehensive Service Level Plan and resources have been allocated in the budget for assumed service standards (based on past service levels, community satisfaction survey results, various strategies and plans etc.).

Own-source revenue streams – Council depends heavily on rates income and income from tourist parks in financing its annual budget. Council needs to explore more opportunities to optimise the revenue generating capacity of its tourist parks.

New ongoing cost commitments – New capital projects and some operational decisions result in new ongoing cost commitments for Council. Council needs to have a robust process in place to evaluate new capital projects and significant operational decisions to ensure the financial sustainability of Council.

Cash – Council holds cash reserves to fund capital works, cash reserves allocated for specific purposes, and to meet operational needs. Cash must be managed to ensure that sufficient cash is available to meet Council's obligations as and when they come due.

Economic assumptions

| Key Elements | 2023–24 | 2024–25 | 2025–26 | 2026–27 | | |
|---|--|---|-----------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| | 5.20 | 3.25 | 3.00 | 3.00 | | |
| Consumer Price Index (CPI) | | of Bank Australia (RBA) Stat I for 2023–24 is based on th ns. | - | | | |
| Rates cap – ESC | 3.50 | 3.25 | 3.00 | 3.00 | | |
| recommended methodology | | ecting future years' rates ca ere remains some uncertain | | | | |
| | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.20 | | |
| Growth in the rate base | No material growth in has a stagnated rate b | population is expected for tase. | the next 10 years. Predo | minantly, BoQ | | |
| User fees and | 3.50 | 3.25 | 3.00 | 3.00 | | |
| charges – tourist parks income | Council adopts a mark | et-based pricing strategy in | conjunction with CPI pro | ojections. | | |
| User fees and charges – others | Other user fees and cl | narges are usually linked to | the CPI. | | | |
| | 3.6 | 3.0 | 2.75 | 2.75 | | |
| Interest income | Council expects interest rates to be stable at pre-COVID levels. | | | | | |
| | 3.5 | 3.25 | 3.0 | 2.5 | | |
| Employee costs | Based on the Council's Enterprise Bargaining Agreement. | | | | | |
| | 5.0 | 3.30 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | |
| Insurance | Insurance premium is predominantly influenced by the performance of the overall insurance industry. Financial Plan is based on historical increases and linked to CPI. | | | | | |
| Other operating cost | 5.20 | 3.25 | 3.00 | 3.00 | | |
| (key contracted services) | Expenses linked to grow in line with CPI. | | | | | |
| Services | 6.25 | 6.96 | 5.17 | 4.95 | | |
| Waste management charges (residential property) | implementation of ke | cost recovery strategy. The rbside waste management t ull recovery of the additiona | ransition initiatives and r | recovery of | | |
| Government grants | | eady with CPI indexation. Ca of major capital renewal/up | | d based on | | |
| Borrowing | Zero borrowings; new borrowing (if any) in the future only for projects that will generate additional revenue streams. | | | | | |
| Capital projects | Prioritised renewal and upgrade work. The exact scope and timing of capital projects will be finalised after community consultation engagement where appropriate. | | | | | |
| Asset sales/proceeds | Sales proceeds from t | is planned except for the ar he sale of Murray Road will ninimum the interest incom | be used for investment o | opportunities | | |

Budget reports

This section includes the following financial statements prepared in accordance with the *Local Government Act 2020* and the Local Government (Planning and Reporting) Regulations 2020.

- 1. Link to the Council Plan
- 2. Services and initiatives and service performance outcome indicators
- 3. Financial statements
- 4. Notes to the financial statements
- 5. Financial performance indicators
- 6. Other information

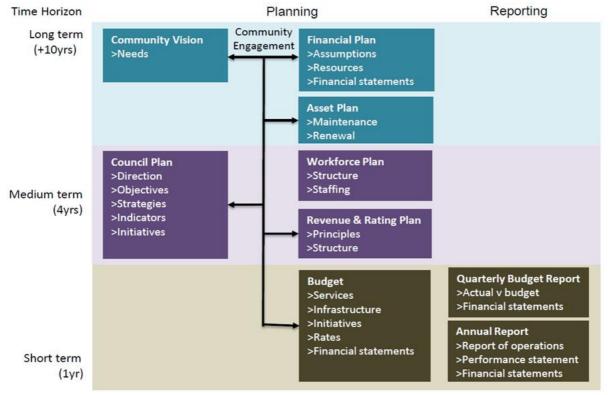
Figures in the 2023–24 budget have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars. Figures in the budget may not equate due to rounding.

1. Link to the Council Plan

This section describes how the budget links to the achievement of the Community Vision and Council Plan within an overall integrated planning and reporting framework. This framework guides Council in identifying community needs and aspirations over the long term (Community Vision and Financial Plan), medium term (Council Plan, Workforce Plan, and Revenue and Rating Plan) and short term (Budget) and then holding itself accountable (Annual Report).

1.1 Legislative planning and accountability framework

The budget is a rolling four-year plan that outlines the financial and non-financial resources that Council requires to achieve the strategic objectives described in the Council Plan. The diagram below depicts the integrated planning and reporting framework that applies to local government in Victoria. At each stage of the integrated planning and reporting framework, there are opportunities for community and stakeholder input. This is important to ensure transparency and accountability to both residents and ratepayers.



Source: Mark Davies (Financial Professional Solutions)

The timing of each component of the integrated planning and reporting framework is critical to the successful achievement of the planned outcomes.

1.1.2 Key planning considerations

Service level planning

All councils have legislative responsibility for providing a range of services such as animal management, local roads, food safety and statutory planning. In addition, councils provide many other services under legal arrangements such as libraries and aged care services. For the Borough of Queenscliffe, legislative obligations and legal arrangements underpin the majority of services.

As the needs and expectations of communities can change, councils need to have robust processes for service planning and review to ensure all services continue to provide value for money and are in line with community expectations. In doing so, councils should engage with communities to determine how to prioritise resources and balance service provision against other responsibilities such as asset maintenance and capital works.

1.2 Our purpose

Statio Tutissima Nautis

The Borough of Queenscliffe was established in 1863. Proudly independent, it is the nation's only Borough and the only council in Victoria whose boundary predates the restructure of local government in the mid-1990s. While its small size presents some of Queenscliffe's key challenges, it also remains its greatest strength and positions the Borough well as a place to pilot new ideas and innovate in many fields.

Overlooking the treacherous Rip at the entrance to Port Phillip, the iconic lighthouses at Queenscliff and Point Lonsdale reflect the essence of the Borough's Latin motto – *Statio Tutissima Nautis* – translated as 'the safest anchorage for seafarers'.

The 'safest anchorage' theme inspires Council's vision, in that just as it is a safe haven for mariners, the Borough has an enduring role to play in conserving our extraordinary natural beauty with ecological values of global significance, rich architectural heritage and military history fundamental to Australia's defence. Respectful custodianship maintains Queenscliffe as a special, restorative place for an involved and caring community and the many visitors we welcome.

Our Vision

'The Borough is a special and restorative place, renowned for its distinctive coast, rich living heritage and vibrant culture.

Our community caring and welcoming to visitors.

We have a deep respect for the Wadawurrung People and are taking action to protect Country'

Our Values

The way Councillors and Council staff work and serve the Queenscliffe community is guided by the following values:

- Integrity We take ownership and responsibility for our decisions and are accountable for all that we do.
- Respect We treat everyone with dignity, fairness and empathy, look out for the safety and wellbeing of others, and nurture positive and inclusive relationships.
- **Community Focus** We always work with our community's experience in mind and take pride in supporting our community.
- **Sustainability** We place climate change risks at the core of our decision-making, and take extensive action to protect our natural environment.
- Openness We actively engage with our community and are transparent in our decisionmaking.

1.3 Strategic objectives

To ensure the Borough remains a safe haven for locals and visitors alike, where history, culture and the natural environment meet in ways that delight and surprise, and is an involved and caring community, Council's decision-making and priorities focus around five portfolios as set out in the Council Plan for the years 2021–2025.

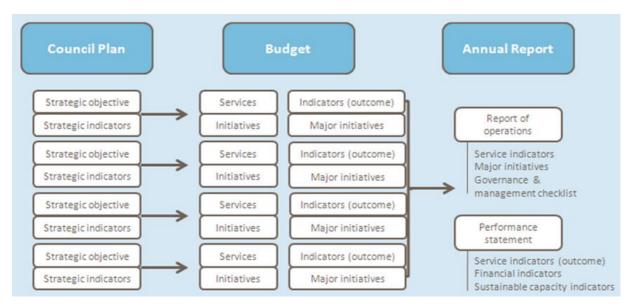
Council delivers services and initiatives under 25 major service categories. Each contributes to the achievement of strategic objectives set out under each portfolio.

This section provides a brief description of the services and initiatives funded in the Budget for the 2023–24 year and how these will contribute to achieving the strategic objectives outlined in the Council Plan under each portfolio.

| Portfolio | Strategic Objective |
|--|---|
| 1. Health and wellbeing | To support community wellbeing and encourage an active lifestyle. |
| 2. Environment | To protect our environment and address climate change issues. |
| 3. Local economy | To support a prosperous and diverse local economy. |
| 4. Heritage, planning and infrastructure | To protect our distinctive coastal, cultural and built environment, and provide sustainable, suitable infrastructure. |
| 5. Governance and finance | To provide a financially viable Council that is accountable, transparent and practices good governance. |

2. Services and initiatives and service performance outcome indicators

This section provides a description of the services and initiatives to be funded in the Budget for the 2023–24 year and details how these will contribute to achieving the strategic objectives outlined in the Council Plan. It also describes several initiatives and service performance outcome indicators for key areas of Council's operations. Council is required by legislation to identify major initiatives, initiatives and service performance outcome indicators in the Budget and report against them in their Annual Report to support transparency and accountability. The relationship between these accountability requirements in the Council Plan, the Budget and the Annual Report is shown below.



Source: Department of Jobs, Precincts and Regions

2.1 Portfolio 1: Health and wellbeing: To support community wellbeing and encourage an active lifestyle.

To achieve our objective of enhancing community wellbeing by providing a safe environment where people are involved, healthy and active in recreation, arts and culture, we will continue to plan, deliver and improve high quality, cost effective, accessible and responsive services. The services, major initiatives, initiatives and service performance indicators for each program area are described below.

| Service area | Key service objective/s | Income/ Expenses | Actual 2021–22 | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 |
|----------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Aged Services | The Aged Services program provides care and | Inc | 559 | 626 | 612 |
| | assistance to older residents and those requiring respite so that their homes remain their safe | Exp | (649) | (823) | (785) |
| | haven. | Surplus/ (deficit) | (90) | (197) | (173) |
| Recreation, | The Recreation, Arts, Culture and Community | Inc | 3 | 13 | 13 |
| Arts, Culture and | program promotes community wellbeing by supporting people and communities to be | Exp | (143) | (152) | (178) |
| Community | involved, healthy and active. | Surplus/ (deficit) | (140) | (139) | (165) |
| Community | The Community Events program promotes | Inc | 16 | 7 | 7 |
| Events* | community wellbeing, celebrates the significance of the Borough and stimulates the local economy | Exp | (216) | (209) | (190) |
| | through conducting events directly or facilitating, supporting and administering a range of recreation, arts and cultural events planned and | Surplus/ (deficit) | (200) | (202) | (183) |
| | implemented by community organisations or commercial businesses. | | | | |
| Maternal and | The Maternal and Child Health program (MCH) | Inc | 66 | 59 | 60 |
| Child Health | plays a key role in supporting and monitoring the | Exp | (78) | (75) | (77) |
| (MCH) | health and wellbeing of local families with children from birth to school age. | Surplus/ (deficit) | (12) | (16) | (17) |
| Kindergarten | Kindergarten assists in supporting the wellbeing of | Inc | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | pre-school children and providing a safe learning environment to enable children to gain early life | Exp | (7) | (3) | (1) |
| | skills and knowledge and assist their transition to school. | Surplus/ (deficit) | (6) | (3) | (1) |
| Environmental | The Environmental Health program monitors and | Inc | 25 | 43 | 44 |
| Health | maintains a safe environment for public health | Exp | (86) | (120) | (128) |
| | and wellbeing. | Surplus/ (deficit) | (62) | (77) | (84) |
| Local Laws, | The Local Laws, Safety and Amenity program | Inc | 82 | 74 | 70 |
| Safety and | promotes community wellbeing and safety in | Exp | (329) | (329) | (347) |
| Amenity | various settings and through monitoring public behaviour consistent with Council's Local Laws. | Surplus/ (deficit) | (247) | (256) | (277) |
| Library | The Library program promotes community | Inc | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | wellbeing by encouraging active participation and | Ехр | (239) | (260) | (268) |
| | life-long learning opportunities in a safe, inclusive setting. | Surplus/ (deficit) | (239) | (260) | (268) |
| | Income | | 750 | 820 | 806 |
| TOTAL | Expenditure | | (1,747) | (1,970) | (1,974) |
| | Surplus/ (deficit) | | (997) | (1,150) | (1,168) |

Major Initiatives

- Restructuring of the aged care team to accommodate a dedicated resource for a Disability Lived Experience initiative and additional support for Community Care workers; and
- Development of a Disability Action Plan.

Other Initiatives

- Conduct a needs analysis for child/family services and facilities, potential inclusion of youth taskforce; and
- Additional budget allocation to support ongoing community events (event sponsorships).

*Community Events

The following community organisations/events receive ongoing funding support from the Council;

- \$17,000: Queenscliff Music Festival;
- \$15,000: Queenscliffe Literary Festival;
- \$6,000: Queenscliffe Film Festival; and
- \$4,000: Uniting Church Sacred Edge Festival.

| Service | Indicator * | Actual 2021–22 | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Note |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|------|
| Maternal and Child | Participation | 73% | 70% | 100% | 1 |
| Health (MCH) | Participation (Aboriginal children) | 0% | 100% | 100% | 1 |
| Food safety | Health and safety | 100% | 100% | 100% | 2 |
| Animal management | Health and safety | 0% | 0% | 0% | 3 |
| Libraries | Participation | 27% | 30% | 35% | 4 |

Service Performance Outcome Indicators

Note:

- 1. The Budget 2023–24 target is 100%, as Council always seeks full utilisation of its MCH service, although it is recognised that not every child enrolled in the MCH service will necessarily attend at least once in each financial year (e.g. if they are enrolled but then later move out of the area).
- 2. Forecast 2022–23 is based on the six-month progress review, as included in the December 2022 quarterly financial report to Council.
- 3. Both the Forecast 2022–23 and the Budget 2023–24 target is zero as Council aims for animal management issues to be resolved before reaching the prosecution stage.
- 4. Council expects an increase in active library borrowers with the new state of art facilities

* the table at the end of section 2.5 explains the calculation of Service Performance Outcome Indicators.

2.2 Portfolio 2: Environment: To protect our environment and address climate change issues.

To achieve our objective of playing our part in protecting the local, national and globally significant values within our natural environment for future generations, we will continue to plan, deliver and improve high quality, cost effective, accessible and responsive services. The services, major initiatives, initiatives and service performance outcome indicators for each program area are described below.

| | Var anning akingting (a | Income/ Expenses | Actual | Forecast Actual | Budget |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|---------|--|---------|
| Service area | Key service objective/s | | 2021–22 | 2022–23 | 2023–24 |
| | | | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Environmental | The Environmental Sustainability | Inc | 4 | 21 | 0 |
| Sustainability | program sees the Borough playing its part in protecting the natural | Exp | (193) | (282) | (198) |
| | environment for future generations. | Surplus/ (deficit) | (189) | (261) | (198) |
| Coastal | The Coastal Protection program seeks | Inc | 367 | 352 | 317 |
| Protection | to preserve and enhance the Borough's | Ехр | (391) | (399) | (531) |
| | globally significant, highly-valued coast as an iconic environmental asset for current and future generations. | Surplus/ (deficit) | (24) | Actual 2022–23 \$'000 21 (282) (261) 352 | (214) |
| Waste | The Waste Management and Recycling | Inc | 33 | 26 | 12 |
| Management | program seeks to promote local action in order to protect the environment for | Ехр | (1,207) | (1,288) | (1,306) |
| and Recycling | future generations. | Surplus/ (deficit) | (1,174) | (1,263) | (1,293) |
| | Note full cost recovery of waste management, including recycling, is achieved via application of waste charges to ratepayers in accordance with Council's Rating Strategy. | | | | |
| | Income | | 404 | 399 | 329 |
| TOTAL | Expenditure | | (1,791) | (1,970) | (2,034) |
| | Surplus/ (deficit) | | (1,387) | (1,571) | (1,705) |

Major Initiatives

- Continuation of Reconciliation Action Plan development and implementation, 5-year project;
- Development of an Integrated Water Management (IWM) Plan (100% grant funded);
- Manage and contribute to safety improvement work by DEECA at Narrows Beach (73% grant funded); and
- Commencement of installation of bike racks throughout the Borough (multi-year project) to facilitate active transport for the community leading to improved health, social, and environmental outcomes.

Other Initiatives

- Ganes Reserve investigations and de-silting works;
- Installation of signage that includes recognition of Wadawurrung Country and uses Wadawurrung language to identify places;

- Conduct Wadawurrung cultural and heritage awareness training for the community and Council;
- Conduct a Wadawurrung cultural and heritage review/assessment; and
- Bull ring planting and wayfinding.

Service Performance Outcome Indicators

| Service | Indicator * | Actual 2021–22 | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Note |
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|------|
| Waste collection | Waste diversion | 56% | 58% | 60% | 1 |

Note:

1. Forecast is based on the six month progress review in the current year and the Budget is based on achieving a result better than the current year forecast result with the implementation of the kerbside transition project.

* the table at the end of section 2.5 explains the calculation of Service Performance Outcome Indicators.

2.3 Portfolio 3: Local economy: To support a prosperous and diverse local economy.

To achieve our objective of fostering a diverse and vibrant local economy, we will continue to plan, deliver and improve high quality, cost effective, accessible and responsive services. The services, major initiatives, initiatives and service performance outcome indicators for each program area are described below.

| Comico oroc | Var annia abiating la | Income/ Expenses | Actual | Forecast Actual | Budget |
|--|---|---------------------|---------|--|---------|
| Service area | Key service objective/s | | 2021–22 | 2022–23 | 2023–24 |
| | | | \$'000 | Actual 2 2022–23 \$'000 1,816 (914) 7 902 5 81 (301) 1 (221) 3 48 (308) 1 (261) 7 1,945 (1,524) | \$'000 |
| Tourist Parks | The Tourist Parks and Boat Ramp Services | Inc | 1,819 | 1,816 | 1,876 |
| | program ensures the Borough remains a special place for visitors while increasing | Exp* | (852) | (914) | (1,043) |
| special place for visitors while increasing tourism's contribution to the local | Surplus/ | 967 | 902 | 833 | |
| | economy. | (deficit) | | | |
| Visitor | The Visitor Information Centre program | Inc | 65 | 81 | 83 |
| Information Centre | promotes the Borough as a special place | Exp | (279) | (301) | (332) |
| Centre | for visitors, and supports local tourism and related businesses with dissemination of | Surplus/ | (214) | (221) | (249) |
| | information to build a diverse and vibrant | (deficit) | | | |
| | local economy. | | | | |
| Tourism and | The Tourism and Economic Development | Inc | 273 | 48 | 0 |
| Economic | program seeks to build on the Borough's unique heritage, rich culture and | Exp | (341) | (308) | (248) |
| Development | unique heritage, rich culture and significant natural environment to | Surplus/ | (68) | (261) | (238) |
| | strengthen the diversity and vibrancy of | (deficit) | | | |
| | the local economy. | | | | |
| | Income | | 2,157 | 1,945 | 1,959 |
| TOTAL | Expenditure | | (1,472) | (1,524) | (1,624) |
| | Surplus/ (deficit) | | 685 | 421 | 335 |

*Budget 2023-24 for Tourist Parks including a non-recurring expense of \$50,000.

Major Initiatives

• Development of a Golightly Development and Engagement Plan.

Other Initiatives

- Installation of a digital web-based door locking system to the central amenity block of Queenscliffe Tourist Park; and
- Develop tourist parks online reservations capabilities.

Service Performance Outcome Indicators

There are no mandatory performance indicators to be reported for the local economy Strategic Objective.

2.4 Portfolio 4: Heritage, planning and infrastructure: To protect our distinctive coastal, cultural and built environment, and provide sustainable, suitable infrastructure.

To achieve our objective of preserving and enhancing the Borough as a special place through excellence of design and conservation of its rich culture and unique heritage, we will continue to plan, deliver and improve high quality, cost effective, accessible and responsive services. The services, major initiatives, initiatives and service performance outcome indicators for each program area are described below.

| Service area | Key service objective/s | Income/ Expenses | Actual | Forecast Actual | Budget |
|--|--|-----------------------|---------|--------------------|---------|
| Service area | Key service objective/s | | 2021–22 | 2022–23 | 2023–24 |
| | | | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Design and | The Design and Project Management | Inc | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Project | program seeks to achieve excellence of | Ехр | (282) | (252) | (340) |
| Management | design and delivery of projects which enhance the Borough as a special place. | Surplus/ (deficit) | (282) | (252) | (340) |
| Land Use | The Land Use Planning program ensures that | Inc | 141 | 92 | 94 |
| Planning | the Borough conserves its unique heritage, | Ехр | (317) | (653) | (624) |
| | that the built environment is enhanced by design excellence, and that local amenity is protected against inappropriate land use and development. | Surplus/ (deficit) | (176) | (561) | (530) |
| Heritage | The Heritage Conservation Advice program | Inc | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Conservation | aims to retain the unique heritage and rich | Ехр | (12) | (20) | (21) |
| Advice | culture captured in the Borough's built form. | Surplus/ (deficit) | (12) | (20) | (21) |
| Building | The Building Control program ensures that | Inc | 34 | 24 | 25 |
| Control | building construction and maintenance is | Ехр | (33) | (33) | (34) |
| | such that the community remains safe. | Surplus/ (deficit) | 1 | (9) | (9) |
| Asset | The Asset Management and Appearance of | Inc | 144 | 31 | 561 |
| Management | Public Places program ensures the safety and | Ехр | (1,545) | (1,386) | (1,865) |
| and Appearance of Public Places | functionality of public places and infrastructure. This program promotes community wellbeing and encourages people to be active in public settings. | Surplus/ (deficit) | (1,401) | (1,356) | (1,304) |

| Service area | Key service objective/s | Income/ Expenses | Actual | Forecast Actual | Budget |
|--------------|---|---------------------|---------|--------------------|---------|
| Service area | Key service objective/s | | 2021–22 | 2022–23 | 2023–24 |
| | | | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Street | The Street Lighting program assists in the | Inc | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Lighting | provision of a safe environment for | Exp | (28) | (28) | (33) |
| | motorists, pedestrians and cyclists. | Surplus/ | (28) | (28) | (33) |
| | | (deficit) | | | |
| Powerline | The Powerline Safety program assists in the | Inc | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Safety | provision of a safe environment and | Ехр | (3) | (51) | (52) |
| | protection of the Borough's significant | Surplus/ | (3) | (51) | (52) |
| | vegetation from fire by maintaining clear | (deficit) | | | |
| | zones around powerlines to standards as set | | | | |
| | by legislation. | | | | |
| | Income | | 319 | 146 | 680 |
| TOTAL | Expenditure | | (2,220) | (2,423) | (2,968) |
| | Surplus/ (deficit) | | (1,901) | (2,277) | (2,289 |

Major Initiatives

- Point Lonsdale Maritime & Defence Precinct development (100% grant funded);
- Town Hall heating and cooling upgrade;
- Queenscliffe Recreation Reserve lighting upgrade (100% grant funded);
- Complete Toch H toilet renewal work;
- Continue with the review of Fisherman's Flat Heritage Overlay;
- Commence Murray Rd shared path, design work;
- Asbestos removal work at the old Fisherman's Co-Op building; and
- Commence new bike track concept design work and community engagement.

Other Initiatives

- Review of Council's public toilet strategy; and
- Conduct a beach marker condition assessment (70% grant funded).

Service Performance Outcome Indicators

| Service | Indicator * | Actual 2021–22 | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Note |
|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|------|
| Roads | Condition | 100% | 100% | 100% | 1 |
| Statutory planning | Service standard | 74.66% | 75.00% | 75.00% | 2 |

Note

- 1. Length of roads under Council's management is 43km.
- 2. Target is above the State-wide average of 67% and small rural Council average of 69%.

* the table at the end of section 2.5 explains the calculation of Service Performance Outcome Indicators.

2.5 Portfolio 5: Governance and finance: To provide a financially viable Council that is accountable, transparent and practices good governance.

To achieve our objective of maintaining a cohesive, well governed, financially sustainable and independent Borough, we will continue to plan, deliver and improve high quality, cost effective, accessible and responsive services. The services, major initiatives, initiatives and service performance outcome indicators for each program area are described below.

| Service area | Description of convisos provided | Income/ Expenses | Actual | Forecast Actual | Budget |
|----------------|---|---------------------|---------|--------------------|---------|
| Service area | Description of services provided | | 2021–22 | 2022–23 | 2023–24 |
| | | | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Council | The Council Governance program supports | Inc | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Governance | the Mayor and Councillors to maintain a | Exp | (213) | (267) | (271) |
| | cohesive Council and a well-governed | Surplus/ | (213) | (267) | (271) |
| | Borough. | (deficit) | | | |
| Organisational | The Organisational Performance and | Inc | 881 | 14 | 309 |
| Performance | Compliance program supports the Chief | Exp | (1,071) | (902) | (890) |
| and | Executive Officer and Management Team to | Surplus/ | (190) | (888) | (580) |
| Compliance | maintain a cohesive, well-managed and | (deficit) | | | |
| | highly performing organisation. | | | | |
| Community | The Community Engagement and Customer | Inc | 0 | 83 | 0 |
| Engagement | Service program aims to facilitate | Ехр | (550) | (776) | (768) |
| and Customer | community involvement in decision-making, | Surplus/ | (550) | (693) | (768) |
| Service | and to deliver high quality customer service. | (deficit) | | | |
| Financial and | The Financial and Risk Management program | Inc | 100 | 895 | 423 |
| Risk | seeks to ensure the ongoing independence | Exp | (2,590) | (2,832) | (2,881) |
| Management | and financial sustainability of the Borough. | Surplus/ | (2,490) | (1,937) | (2,458) |
| | | (deficit) | | | |
| | Income | | 981 | 992 | 733 |
| TOTAL | Expenditure | | (4,423) | (4,777) | (4,800) |
| | Surplus/ (deficit) | | (3,442) | (3,784) | (4,068) |

Major Initiatives

• Continue with ICT transformation project, multi-year project (49% grant funded).

Other Initiatives

• Additional staff resources for key project management and Council governance support; and

Service Performance Outcome Indicators

| Service | Indicator * | Actual 2021–22 | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Note |
|------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|------|
| Governance | Satisfaction | 65 | 65 | 65 | 1 |

Note

1. Target is above the State-wide average and small rural Council average of 54.

* the table on the following page explains the calculation of Service Performance Outcome Indicators.

Service Performance Outcome Indicators

| Service | Indicator | Performance Measure | Computation |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| Maternal | | Participation in the MCH service. (Percentage of children enrolled who participate in the MCH service) | [Number of children who attend the MCH service at least once (in the financial year) / Number of children enrolled in the MCH service] x100 |
| and Child Health | Participation | Participation in the MCH service by Aboriginal children. (Percentage of Aboriginal children enrolled who participate in the MCH service) | [Number of Aboriginal children who attend the MCH service at least once (in the financial year) / Number of Aboriginal children enrolled in the MCH service] x100 |
| Food safety | Health and safety | Critical and major non-compliance notifications (Percentage of critical and major non-compliance notifications that are followed up by Council) | [Number of critical non-compliance notifications and major non-compliance notifications about a food premises followed up / Number of critical non-compliance notifications and major non-compliance notifications about food premises] x 100 |
| Roads | Condition | Sealed local roads below the intervention level (percentage of sealed local roads that are below the renewal intervention level set by Council and not requiring renewal) | [Number of kilometres of sealed local roads below the renewal intervention level set by Council / Kilometres of sealed local roads] x100 |
| Animal management | Health and safety | Animal management prosecutions (Percentage of animal management prosecutions which are successful) | [Number of successful animal management prosecutions / Total number of animal management prosecutions] x 100 |
| Libraries | Participation | Library membership (Percentage of the population that are registered library members) | [Number of registered library members / Population] x100 |
| Waste collection | Waste diversion | Kerbside collection waste diverted from landfill (Percentage of recyclables and green organics collected from kerbside bins that is diverted from landfill) | [Weight of recyclables and green organics collected from kerbside bins / Weight of garbage, recyclables and green organics collected from kerbside bins] x 100 |
| Statutory planning | Service standard | Planning applications decided within required timeframes (percentage of regular and VicSmart planning application decisions made within legislated timeframes) | [Number of planning application decisions made within 60 days for regular permits and 10 days for VicSmart permits / Number of planning application decisions made] x100 |
| Governance | Consultation and engagement | Satisfaction with community consultation and engagement. (Community satisfaction rating out of 100 with the consultation and engagement efforts of Council) | Community satisfaction rating out of 100 with how Council has performed on community consultation and engagement |
| Aquatic facilities* | Utilisation | Utilisation of aquatic facilities (Number of visits to aquatic facilities per head of population) | Number of visits to aquatic facilities / Population |

*Aquatic facilities are not provided by the Borough of Queenscliffe.

2.6 Reconciliation with budgeted operating result

| Strategic Objectives / Portfolios | Surplus / (deficit) \$'000 | Expenditure \$'000 | Income \$'000 |
|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Portfolio 1 - Health and wellbeing | (1,168) | (1,974) | (806) |
| Portfolio 2 - Environment | (1,705) | (2,034) | (329) |
| Portfolio 3 - Local economy | 335 | (1,624) | (1,959) |
| Portfolio 4 - Heritage, planning and infrastructure | (2,289) | (2,968) | (680) |
| Portfolio 5 - Governance and finance | (2,695) | (3,428) | (733) |
| Total | (7,522) | (12,029) | (4,507) |
| Expenses/other income added in: | | | |
| Depreciation | (1,372) | | |
| Net gain/losses on disposal of property, infrastructure, plant and equipment | 35 | | |
| Surplus/(deficit) before funding sources | (8,859) | | |
| Funding sources added in: | | | |
| Rates and charges revenue | 7,249 | | |
| Waste charges revenue | 1,279 | | |
| Capital grants | 1,417 | | |
| Capital contributions - monetary | 0 | | |
| Total funding sources | 9,945 | | |
| Operating surplus/(deficit) for the year | 1,085 | | |
| Less: | | | |
| Grants - capital (non-recurrent) | (1,417) | | |
| Contributions - monetary - capital | 0 | | |
| Underlying surplus/(deficit) for the year | (331) | | |
| Less: | | | |
| Additional rates funded capex beyond depreciation | (1,424) | | |
| Net gain/losses on disposal of property, infrastructure, plant and equipment | (35) | | |
| Transfers to reserves from operating budget | (261) | | |
| Add back: | | | |
| Capital grants | 1,417 | | |
| Contributions - monetary - capital | 0 | | |
| Proceeds from asset sales | 75 | | |
| Proceeds from new borrowings | 0 | | |
| Transfers from reserves to operating budget | 372 | | |
| Accumulated cash surplus brought forward | 188 | | |
| Break-even cash result | (0) | | |

3. Financial statements

This section presents information regarding the Financial Statements and Statement of Human Resources. The budget information for the year 2023–24 has been supplemented with projections to 2026–27.

This section includes the following financial statements prepared in accordance with the *Local Government Act 2020* and the Local Government (Planning and Reporting) Regulations 2020.

- 3.1 Comprehensive Income Statement
- 3.2 Balance Sheet
- 3.3 Statement of Changes in Equity
- 3.4 Statement of Cash Flows
- 3.5 Statement of Capital Works
- 3.6 Statement of Human Resources

Figures in the 2023–24 budget have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars. Figures in the budget may not equate due to rounding.

3.1 Comprehensive Income Statement

| Comprehensive Income Statement For the Year Ended 30 June | Notes | Forecast Actual | Budget | Projections | | |
|--|--------|--------------------|---------|-------------|---------|---------|
| | | 2022–23 | 2023–24 | 2024–25 | 2025–26 | 2026–27 |
| | | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Income / Revenue | | | | | | |
| Rates and charges | 4.1.1 | 8,136 | 8,528 | 8,863 | 9,171 | 9,478 |
| Statutory fees and fines | 4.1.2 | 134 | 138 | 142 | 146 | 151 |
| User fees | 4.1.3 | 2,079 | 2,143 | 2,213 | 2,279 | 2,347 |
| Grants – operating | 4.1.4. | 994 | 1,692 | 1,275 | 1,349 | 1,352 |
| Grants – capital | 4.1.4 | 2,239 | 1,417 | 1,071 | 125 | 0 |
| Other income | 4.1.5 | 345 | 534 | 441 | 403 | 382 |
| Net gain on disposal of PPE and | | | | | | |
| infrastructure | | 735 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total income / revenue | | 14,663 | 14,487 | 14,004 | 13,474 | 13,711 |
| Expenses | | | | | | |
| Employee costs | 4.1.7 | 4,966 | 5,289 | 5,461 | 5,625 | 5,766 |
| Materials and services | 4.1.8 | 5,947 | 6,366 | 6,134 | 5,957 | 6,068 |
| Depreciation | 4.1.9 | 1,373 | 1,372 | 1,379 | 1,398 | 1,403 |
| Bad and doubtful debts – allowance for | | | | | | |
| impairment losses | 4.1.10 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Other expenses | 4.1.12 | 375 | 370 | 382 | 394 | 405 |
| Total expenses | | 12,663 | 13,401 | 13,360 | 13,377 | 13,645 |
| Surplus / (deficit) for the year | | 1,999 | 1,085 | 644 | 97 | 65 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | | | |
| Net asset revaluation increment / | | | | | | |
| (decrement) | 4.1.13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total comprehensive result | | 1,999 | 1,085 | 644 | 97 | 65 |

3.2 Balance Sheet

| Balance Sheet For the Year Ended 30 June | Notes | Forecast Actual | Budget | I | Projections | | |
|---|-------|--------------------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|--|
| | | 2022–23 | 2023–24 | 2024–25 | 2025–26 | 2026–27 | |
| | | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | |
| Assets | | | | | | | |
| Current assets | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 4.2.1 | 2,894 | 6,403 | 5,704 | 4,259 | 2,346 | |
| Other financial assets | 4.2.1 | 6,500 | 2,500 | 2,500 | 2,500 | 2,500 | |
| Trade and other receivables | 4.2.1 | 255 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | |
| Inventories | 4.2.1 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| Prepayments | 4.2.1 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | |
| Other assets | 4.2.1 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | |
| Total current assets | | 9,878 | 9,432 | 8,732 | 7,288 | 5,375 | |
| Non-current assets | | | | | | | |
| Investments in associates | 4.2.1 | 160 | 160 | 160 | 160 | 160 | |
| Property, infrastructure, plant and | | | | | | | |
| equipment | 4.2.1 | 177,101 | 178,481 | 179,826 | 181,401 | 183,470 | |
| Total non-current assets | | 177,261 | 178,641 | 179,986 | 181,561 | 183,630 | |
| Total assets | | 187,139 | 188,073 | 188,719 | 188,849 | 189,005 | |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 4.2.2 | 1,130 | 953 | 927 | 933 | 995 | |
| Trust funds and deposits | 4.2.2 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | |
| Provisions | 4.2.2 | 957 | 981 | 1,005 | 1,030 | 1,056 | |
| Unearned income | 4.2.2 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | |
| Total current liabilities | | 2,217 | 2,064 | 2,063 | 2,093 | 2,181 | |
| Non-current liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Provisions | 4.2.2 | 116 | 119 | 122 | 125 | 128 | |
| Total non-current liabilities | | 116 | 119 | 122 | 125 | 128 | |
| Total liabilities | | 2,333 | 2,183 | 2,185 | 2,218 | 2,309 | |
| Net assets | | 184,805 | 185,890 | 186,534 | 186,631 | 186,696 | |
| Equity | | | | | | | |
| Accumulated surplus | 4.3.1 | 100,777 | 101,973 | 103,322 | 104,899 | 106,972 | |
| Revaluation Reserve | 4.3.1 | 76,675 | 76,675 | 76,675 | 76,675 | 76,675 | |
| Other reserves | | 7,353 | 7,241 | 6,537 | 5,057 | 3,049 | |
| Total equity | | 184,805 | 185,890 | 186,534 | 186,631 | 186,696 | |

3.3 Statement of Changes in Equity

| Statement of Changes in Equity | Notes | Forecast | Budget | Projections | | i - |
|--|-------|----------|---------|-------------|---------|---------|
| For the Year Ended 30 June | | Actual | | | | |
| | | 2022–23 | 2023–24 | 2024–25 | 2025–26 | 2026–27 |
| | | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Accumulated Surplus | | | | | | |
| Opening Balance 1st July | | 101,376 | 100,777 | 101,973 | 103,322 | 104,899 |
| Surplus / (deficit) for the year | | 1,999 | 1,085 | 644 | 97 | 65 |
| Transfer to other reserves | | (3,920) | (261) | (217) | (221) | (264) |
| Transfer from other reserves | | 1,322 | 372 | 921 | 1,702 | 2,271 |
| Closing Balance 30th June – Accumulated | | | | | | |
| Surplus | 4.3.1 | 100,777 | 101,973 | 103,322 | 104,899 | 106,972 |
| Revaluation Reserve | | | | | | |
| Opening Balance 1st July | | 76,675 | 76,675 | 76,675 | 76,675 | 76,675 |
| Net asset revaluation | | | | | | |
| increment/(decrement) | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Closing Balance 30th June – Revaluation | 4.2.4 | | 76 675 | 76 675 | 76 675 | 76 675 |
| Reserve | 4.3.1 | 76,675 | 76,675 | 76,675 | 76,675 | 76,675 |
| Other Reserves | | | | | | |
| Opening Balance 1st July | | 4,754 | 7,353 | 7,241 | 6,537 | 5,057 |
| Transfer to other reserves | | 3,920 | 261 | 217 | 221 | 264 |
| Transfer from other reserves | | (1,322) | (372) | (921) | (1,702) | (2,271) |
| Closing Balance 30th June – Other Reserves | 4.3.1 | 7,353 | 7,241 | 6,537 | 5,057 | 3,049 |
| Total Equity | | | | | | |
| Opening Balance 1st July | | 182,805 | 184,805 | 185,890 | 186,534 | 186,631 |
| Surplus / (deficit) for the year | | 1,999 | 1,085 | 644 | 97 | 65 |
| Closing Balance 30th June – Total Equity | 4.3.1 | 184,805 | 185,890 | 186,534 | 186,631 | 186,696 |

3.4 Statement of Cash Flows

| Statement of Cash Flows | Notes | Forecast | Budget | Projections | | | |
|---|-------|------------------|----------|-------------|------------------|-------------|--|
| For the Year Ended 30 June | | Actual | | | | | |
| | | 2022–23 | 2023–24 | 2024–25 | 2025–26 | 2026–27 | |
| | | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | |
| Cash flows from operating activities | | | | | | | |
| Receipts | | | | | | | |
| Rates and charges | | 8,103 | 8,508 | 8,863 | 9,171 | 9,478 | |
| Statutory fees and fines | | 128 | 138 | 142 | 146 | 151 | |
| User fees | | 2,078 | 2,153 | 2,213 | 2,279 | 2,347 | |
| Grants – Operating | | 898 | 1,642 | 1,275 | 1,349 | 1,352 | |
| Grants – Capital | | 1,601 | 1,417 | 1,071 | 125 | 0 | |
| Interest received | | 90 | 298 | 196 | 151 | 123 | |
| Other receipts | | 32 | 237 | 245 | 252 | 259 | |
| Total receipts | 4.1.1 | 12,929 | 14,392 | 14,004 | 13,474 | 13,711 | |
| Payments | | | | | | | |
| Employee costs | | (5,109) | (5,263) | (5,434) | (5 <i>,</i> 597) | (5,737) | |
| Materials and services | | (5 <i>,</i> 745) | (6,291) | (6,138) | (5,955) | (6,037) | |
| Short-term, low value and variable lease | | | | | | | |
| payments | | (18) | (18) | (19) | (20) | (20) | |
| Other payments | | (370) | (371) | (381) | (393) | (404) | |
| Total payments | 4.4.1 | (11,242) | (11,942) | (11,972) | (11,965) | (12,198) | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 4.4.1 | 1,687 | 2,449 | 2,032 | 1,509 | 1,512 | |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | | | | | |
| Payments for property, infrastructure, plant | | | | | | | |
| and equipment | | (6,106) | (3,015) | (2,761) | (2,954) | (3,425) | |
| Proceeds from sale of property, infrastructure, plant and equipment | | | | | | | |
| | | 3,529 | 75 | 30 | 0 | 0 | |
| Proceeds from sale of investments | | 6 | 4,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Net cash provided by / (used in) investing | | (0,000) | | (0.000) | (0.07.4) | (0, (0, 7)) | |
| activities Cash flows from financing activities | 4.4.2 | (2,571) | 1,060 | (2,732) | (2,954) | (3,425) | |
| Net cash provided by / (used in) financing | | | | | | | |
| activities | 4.4.3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash | | | | 5 | 5 | | |
| equivalents | | (884) | 3,509 | (700) | (1,444) | (1,913) | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of | | | | | | | |
| the financial year | | 3,778 | 2,894 | 6,403 | 5,704 | 4,259 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the | | | | | | | |
| financial year | 4.2.1 | 2,894 | 6,403 | 5,704 | 4,259 | 2,346 | |

3.5 Statement of Capital Works

| Statement of Capital Works For the Year Ended 30 June | Notes | Forecast Actual | Budget | | Projections | |
|--|-------|--------------------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|
| | | 2022–23 | 2023–24 | 2024–25 | 2025–26 | 2026–27 |
| | | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Property | | | | | | |
| Land improvements | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total land | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Buildings | | 1,366 | 573 | 522 | 905 | 663 |
| Total buildings | 4.5.1 | 1,366 | 573 | 522 | 905 | 663 |
| Total property | 4.5.1 | 1,366 | 573 | 522 | 905 | 663 |
| Plant and equipment | | | | | | |
| Plant, machinery and equipment | | 190 | 210 | 130 | 11 | 11 |
| Fixtures, fittings and furniture | | 63 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 6 |
| Computers and telecommunications | | 541 | 193 | 105 | 49 | 51 |
| Total plant and equipment | 4.5.1 | 794 | 408 | 240 | 66 | 68 |
| Infrastructure | | | | | | |
| Roads | | 279 | 113 | 117 | 120 | 124 |
| Footpaths and cycleways | | 96 | 71 | 705 | 301 | 128 |
| Drainage | | 141 | 103 | 206 | 159 | 113 |
| Recreational, leisure and community facilities | | 545 | 1,423 | 611 | 1,130 | 2,283 |
| Parks, open space and streetscapes | | 754 | 95 | 147 | 84 | 87 |
| Off street car parks | | 121 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other infrastructure | | 880 | 10 | 211 | 211 | 11 |
| Total infrastructure | 4.5.1 | 2,817 | 1,815 | 1,996 | 2,005 | 2,745 |
| Total capital works expenditure | 4.5.1 | 4,977 | 2,797 | 2,757 | 2,975 | 3,475 |
| Represented by: | | | | | | |
| Asset renewal expenditure | | 1,846 | 1,664 | 854 | 1,374 | 1,146 |
| New asset expenditure | | 1,500 | 304 | 1,006 | 253 | 54 |
| Asset upgrade expenditure | | 1,630 | 829 | 897 | 1,349 | 2,276 |
| Total capital works expenditure | 4.5.1 | 4,977 | 2,797 | 2,757 | 2,975 | 3,475 |

3.6 Statement of Human Resources

For the four years ending 30 June 2027:

| | Forecast Actual | Budget | | Projections | : |
|----------------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|
| Description | 2022–23 | 2023–24 | 2024–25 | 2025–26 | 2026–27 |
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Staff expenditure | | | | | |
| Employee costs – operating | 4,965 | 5,289 | 5,461 | 5,625 | 5,766 |
| Employee costs – capital | 113 | 124 | 128 | 132 | 136 |
| Total staff expenditure | 5,078 | 5,414 | 5,590 | 5,757 | 5,902 |
| | | | | | |
| | FTE | FTE | FTE | FTE | FTE |
| Staff numbers* | | | | | |
| Employees | 43.58 | 46.26 | 46.18 | 46.18 | 46.18 |
| Total staff numbers | 43.58 | 46.26 | 46.18 | 46.18 | 46.18 |

*FTE forecast for 2022–23 is understated due to temporary staff vacancies. If there had not been any staff vacancies, the FTE forecast for 2022-23 would have been 45.42 (0.84 FTE increase for 2023-24).

A summary of human resources expenditure categorised according to the organisational structure of Council is included below:

| | Budget | | Com | omprises | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|--|
| | | Perma | Permanent | | Temporary | |
| Department | 2023–24 | Full Time | Part time | | | |
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | |
| Health and Wellbeing | 1,011 | 224 | 772 | 15 | - | |
| Environment | 296 | 198 | 98 | - | - | |
| Local Economy | 976 | 579 | 308 | 89 | - | |
| Heritage, Planning and Infrastructure | 1,017 | 818 | 157 | 42 | - | |
| Governance and Finance | 1,943 | 1,230 | 649 | 54 | 10 | |
| Total department wise expenditure | 5,243 | 3,049 | 1,984 | 200 | 10 | |
| Other employee related expenditure | 47 | | | | | |
| Capitalised labour costs | 124 | | | | | |
| Total expenditure | 5,414 | | | | | |

A summary of the number of full time equivalent (FTE) Council staff in relation to the above expenditure is included below:

| | | Comprises | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|--|
| Department | Budget | | | Casual | Temporary | |
| | 2023–24 | Full Time | Part time | | | |
| Health and Wellbeing | 10.48 | 2.00 | 8.38 | 0.10 | - | |
| Environment | 2.64 | 1.00 | 1.64 | - | - | |
| Local Economy | 8.94 | 4.90 | 3.10 | 0.94 | - | |
| Heritage, Planning and Infrastructure | 7.52 | 6.00 | 1.22 | 0.30 | - | |
| Governance and Finance | 15.68 | 9.00 | 6.05 | 0.55 | 0.08 | |
| Capitalised labour | 1.00 | 1.00 | - | - | - | |
| Total staff | 46.26 | 23.90 | 20.39 | 1.89 | 0.08 | |

For the four years ending 30 June 2027, a summary of human resources expenditure, categorised according to the organisational structure of Council, is included below:

| Description | 2023–24 \$'000 | 2024–25 \$'000 | 2025–26 \$'000 | 2026–27 \$'000 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Health and Wellbeing | <i>\$</i> 000 | <i>Ş</i> 000 | 9 000 | <i>9</i> 000 |
| Permanent – Full time | 224 | 231 | 238 | 244 |
| Men | 224 | 231 | 238 | 244 |
| Permanent – Part time | 771 | 797 | 820 | 841 |
| Women | 569 | 588 | 605 | 621 |
| Men | 26 | 27 | 28 | 28 |
| Vacant/new positions | 176 | 182 | 187 | 192 |
| Total Health and Wellbeing | 995 | 1,028 | 1,059 | 1,085 |
| Environment | | | | |
| Permanent – Full time | 198 | 205 | 211 | 216 |
| Women | 110 | 113 | 117 | 120 |
| Vacant/new positions | 88 | 91 | 94 | 96 |
| Permanent – Part time | 98 | 101 | 104 | 107 |
| Women | 98 | 101 | 104 | 107 |
| Total Environment | 296 | 306 | 315 | 323 |
| Local Economy | | | 010 | 010 |
| Permanent – Full time | 579 | 597 | 615 | 631 |
| Women | 452 | 467 | 481 | 493 |
| Men | 126 | 130 | 134 | 138 |
| Permanent – Part time | 308 | 318 | 328 | 336 |
| Women | 245 | 253 | 260 | 267 |
| | _ | | | - |
| Men | 63 | 65 | 67 | 69 |
| Total Local Economy | 887 | 915 | 943 | 966 |
| Heritage, Planning and Infrastructure | | 0.45 | | |
| Permanent – Full time | 818 | 845 | 870 | 892 |
| Women | 141 | 145 | 150 | 154 |
| Men | 459 | 474 | 489 | 501 |
| Vacant/new positions | 218 | 225 | 232 | 237 |
| Permanent – Part time | 157 | 162 | 167 | 171 |
| Women | 74 | 77 | 79 | 81 |
| Men | 83 | 86 | 88 | 91 |
| Total Heritage, Planning and Infrastructure | 975 | 1,007 | 1,037 | 1,063 |
| Governance and Finance | | | | |
| Permanent – Full time | 1,230 | 1,270 | 1,308 | 1,340 |
| Women | 662 | 684 | 704 | 722 |
| Men | 463 | 478 | 493 | 505 |
| Vacant/new positions | 104 | 108 | 111 | 114 |
| Permanent – Part time | 649 | 670 | 690 | 708 |
| Women | 649 | 670 | 690 | 708 |
| Total Governance and Finance | 1,879 | 1,940 | 1,998 | 2,048 |
| Casuals, temporary and other expenditure | 211 | 217 | 224 | 230 |
| Capitalised labour costs | 124 | 128 | 132 | 136 |
| Other employee related expenditure | 47 | 48 | 50 | 51 |
| Total staff expenditure | 5,414 | 5,590 | 5,757 | 5,902 |

* Council currently do not have any staff members identified as a persons of self-described gender.

A summary of the number of full time equivalent (FTE) Council staff in relation to human resources expenditure, categorised according to the organisational structure of Council, is included below:

| Description | 2023–24 FTE | 2024–25 FTE | 2025–26 FTE | 2026–27 FTE |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Health and Wellbeing | | | | |
| Permanent – Full time | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 |
| Men | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 |
| Permanent – Part time | 8.38 | 8.38 | 8.38 | 8.38 |
| Women | 6.29 | 6.29 | 6.29 | 6.29 |
| Men | 0.35 | 0.35 | 0.35 | 0.35 |
| Vacant/new positions | 1.74 | 1.74 | 1.74 | 1.74 |
| Total Health and Wellbeing | 10.38 | 10.38 | 10.38 | 10.38 |
| Environment | | | | |
| Permanent – Full time | 1.80 | 1.80 | 1.80 | 1.80 |
| Women | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Vacant/new positions | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 |
| Permanent – Part time | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 |
| Women | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 |
| Total Environment | 2.64 | 2.64 | 2.64 | 2.64 |
| Local Economy | | | | |
| Permanent – Full time | 4.90 | 4.90 | 4.90 | 4.90 |
| Women | 3.90 | 3.90 | 3.90 | 3.90 |
| Men | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Permanent – Part time | 3.10 | 3.10 | 3.10 | 3.10 |
| Women | 2.30 | 2.30 | 2.30 | 2.30 |
| Men | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 |
| Total Local Economy | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 |
| Heritage, Planning and Infrastructure | | | | |
| Permanent – Full time | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 |
| Women | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Men | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 |
| Vacant/new positions | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 |
| Permanent – Part time | 1.21 | 1.21 | 1.21 | 1.21 |
| Women | 0.71 | 0.71 | 0.71 | 0.71 |
| Men | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 |
| Total Heritage, Planning and Infrastructure | 7.21 | 7.21 | 7.21 | 7.21 |
| Governance and Finance | | | | |
| Permanent – Full time | 9.00 | 9.00 | 9.00 | 9.00 |
| Women | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 |
| Men | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 |
| Vacant/new positions | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Permanent – Part time | 6.05 | 6.05 | 6.05 | 6.05 |
| Women | 6.05 | 6.05 | 6.05 | 6.05 |
| Total Governance and Finance | 15.05 | 15.05 | 15.05 | 15.05 |
| Casuals, temporary staff | 1.97 | 1.89 | 1.89 | 1.89 |
| Capitalised labour | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Total staff numbers | 46.26 | 46.18 | 46.18 | 46.18 |

* Council currently do not have any staff members identified as a persons of self-described gender.

4. Notes to the financial statements

This section presents detailed information on material components of the financial statements.

The Borough of Queenscliffe has adopted a materiality threshold of 10% or a dollar amount of \$100,000. Notes have not been provided for budgets below the materiality threshold, unless the amount is considered to be material because of its nature.

This section includes notes to the financial statements for each of the following items:

- 4.1 Comprehensive Income Statement
 - 4.1.1 Rates and charges
 - 4.1.2 Statutory fees and fines
 - 4.1.3 User fees
 - 4.1.4 Grants
 - 4.1.5 Contributions
 - 4.1.6 Other income
 - 4.1.7 Employee costs
 - 4.1.8 Materials and services
 - 4.1.9 Bad and doubtful debts
 - 4.1.10 Depreciation
 - 4.1.11 Borrowing costs
 - 4.1.12 Other expenses
 - 4.1.13 Net asset revaluation increment
- 4.2 Balance Sheet
 - 4.2.1 Assets
 - 4.2.2 Liabilities
 - 4.2.3 Interest-bearing liabilities
- 4.3 Statement of Changes in Equity
 - 4.3.1 Reserves
 - 4.3.2 Equity
- 4.4 Statement of Cash Flows
 - 4.4.1 Net cash provided by operating activities
 - 4.4.2 Net cash used in investing activities
 - 4.4.3 Net cash provided by/ (used in) financing activities
- 4.5 Capital works program
 - 4.5.1 Summary
 - 4.5.2 Current Budget
 - 4.5.3 Works carried forward from the 2022–23 year

4.1 Comprehensive Income Statement

4.1.1 Rates and charges

Rates and charges are required by the Act and the Regulations to be disclosed in Council's budget.

As per the *Local Government Act 2020* (the Act), Council is required to have a Revenue and Rating Plan which is a four year plan for how Council will generate income to deliver the Council Plan, program and services and capital works commitments over a four-year period.

In developing the budget, rates and charges were identified as an important source of revenue. Planning for future rate increases has therefore been an important component of the financial planning process. The Fair Go Rates System (FGRS) sets out the maximum amount councils may increase rates in a year. For 2023–24 the FGRS cap has been set at 3.5%. The cap applies to both general rates and municipal charges and is calculated on the basis of Council's average rates and charges.

The level of required rates and charges has been considered in this context, with reference to Council's other sources of income and the planned expenditure on services and works to be undertaken for the community.

To achieve these objectives while maintaining service levels and to invest in required capital work programs in the current high inflation environment, the average general rate will increase by 3.5% in line with the rate cap.

The Valuer-General reviews the value of every property in the municipality annually, and these property values are used to calculate individual property rates. This annual revaluation does not result in a net gain or loss of revenue to Council. Ratepayers may see rate increases that differ from the average 3.5% increase because of changes to their property values relative to that of other ratepayers' properties (average change in property values).

The Act allows councils to calculate a separate charge for the collection and disposal of waste management services. This enables recovery of all waste management costs, which the state government acknowledges to be a user pay service with typical cost increases significantly higher than CPI.

Council has not been considering in the past direct employee costs incurred in providing waste management services in calculating the waste management charges. However, Council will include direct employee costs in determining waste management charges from the financial year 2023/24 onwards. The Council will phase out the recovery of all direct employee costs over four to five years to minimise the impact on users.

4.1.1(a) The reconciliation of the total rates and charges to the Comprehensive Income Statement is as follows:

| Descriptions | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Chan | ge |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------|---------|---------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | % |
| General rates * | 6,920,907 | 7,231,412 | 310,506 | 4.5% |
| Municipal charge * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Waste management charges | 1,198,854 | 1,279,004 | 80,150 | 6.7% |
| Supplementary rates and rate adjustments | 10,175 | 10,455 | 280 | 2.8% |
| Cultural and recreational rates | 3,353 | 3,299 | (54) | (1.6%) |
| Interest on rates and charges | 7,500 | 7,500 | 0 | 0.0% |
| <i>Less:</i> rebate (properties of environmental interest) | (4,490) | (3,817) | 673 | (15.0%) |
| Total rates and charges | 8,136,298 | 8,527,854 | 391,556 | 4.8% |

* These items are subject to the rate cap established under the FGRS.

4.1.1(b) The rate in the dollar to be levied as general rates under Section 158 of the Act for each type or class of land compared with the previous financial year

| Type or class of land | 2022–23 | 2023–24 | Change |
|---|-------------|-------------|--------|
| Type of class of faild | cents/\$CIV | cents/\$CIV | Change |
| General rate for rateable residential properties | 0.149153 | 0.146823 | (1.6%) |
| General rate for rateable residential vacant land properties | 0.186442 | 0.183529 | (1.6%) |
| General rate for rateable commercial properties | 0.193899 | 0.190870 | (1.6%) |
| General rate for rateable tourist accommodation properties | 0.164069 | 0.161506 | (1.6%) |
| Rate concession for rateable cultural and recreational properties | 0.037294 | 0.036706 | (1.6%) |

4.1.1(c) The estimated total amount to be raised by general rates in relation to each type or class of land, and the estimated total amount to be raised by general rates, compared with the previous financial year

| Type or class of land | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Chang | e |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------|---------|-------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | % |
| Residential | 5,778,136 | 5,963,158 | 185,023 | 3.2% |
| Residential vacant land | 141,537 | 163,295 | 21,758 | 15.4% |
| Commercial | 258,716 | 297,706 | 38,990 | 15.1% |
| Tourist accommodation | 742,518 | 807,253 | 64,735 | 8.7% |
| Total amount to be raised by general rates | 6,920,907 | 7,231,412 | 310,506 | 4.5% |

| Description | 2022–23 | 2023–24 | Chang | je |
|-------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|-------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | % |
| Annualised rates* | 6,940,253 | 7,231,412 | 291,160 | 4.20% |

*Capped rates increase is based on the annualised rates income. The forecast for 2022–23 has been adjusted annualising the impact of supplementary rates during the 2022–23 financial year.

4.1.1(d) The number of assessments in relation to each type of class of land, and the total number of assessments, compared with the previous financial year

| Type or close of land | 2022–23 | 2023–24 | Chang | ge |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| Type or class of land | Number | Number | Number | % |
| Residential | 2,565 | 2,554 | (11) | (0.4%) |
| Residential vacant land | 60 | 63 | 3 | 5.0% |
| Commercial | 153 | 155 | 2 | 1.3% |
| Tourist accommodation | 331 | 340 | 9 | 2.7% |
| Cultural and recreational | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Total number of assessments | 3,114 | 3,117 | 3 | 0.1% |

4.1.1(e) The basis of valuation to be used is the Capital Improved Value (CIV).

4.1.1(f) The estimated total value of each type or class of land, and the estimated total value of land, compared with the previous financial year

| Type or class of land | 2022–23 2023–24 | | Chang | 9 |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|-------|
| Type of class of failu | \$ | \$ | \$ | % |
| Residential | 3,858,785,000 | 4,061,455,000 | 202,670,000 | 5.3% |
| Residential vacant land | 77,665,000 | 88,975,000 | 11,310,000 | 14.6% |
| Commercial | 137,188,000 | 155,973,000 | 18,785,000 | 13.7% |
| Tourist accommodation | 471,715,000 | 499,830,000 | 28,115,000 | 6.0% |
| Cultural and recreational | 8,990,000 | 8,990,000 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Total value of land | 4,554,343,000 | 4,815,223,000 | 260,880,000 | 5.7% |

4.1.1(g) \$Nil municipal charge is to be levied under Section 159 of the Act (2022–23 \$nil).

4.1.1(h) The rate or unit amount to be levied for each type of service rate or charge under Section 162 of the Act compared with the previous financial year

| Type of Charge | Per Rateable Property 2022–23 | Per Rateable Property 2023–24 | Chang | e |
|--|--|--|-------|------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | % |
| Standard kerbside waste | 296.00 | 315.00 | 19.00 | 6.4% |
| An additional kerbside bin (per any bin) | 125.00 | 130.00 | 5.00 | 4.0% |
| Public waste | 104.00 | 111.00 | 7.00 | 6.7% |

4.1.1(i) The estimated total amount to be raised by each type of service rate or charge, and the estimated total amount to be raised by service rates and charges, compared with the previous financial year

| Type of Charge | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Chang | e |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------|------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | % |
| Standard kerbside waste | 851,652 | 908,046 | 56,394 | 6.6% |
| Additional kerbside bins | 23,717 | 25,253 | 1,536 | 6.5% |
| Public waste | 323,484 | 345,705 | 22,221 | 6.9% |
| Total waste management charges | 1,198,854 | 1,279,004 | 80,150 | 6.7% |

4.1.1(j) The estimated total amount to be raised by all rates and charges compared with the previous financial year

| Descriptions | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Change | |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------|---------|---------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | % |
| General rates | 6,920,907 | 7,231,412 | 310,506 | 4.5% |
| Municipal charge | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Waste management charges | 1,198,854 | 1,279,004 | 80,150 | 6.7% |
| Supplementary rates and rate adjustments | 10,175 | 10,455 | 280 | 2.8% |
| Cultural and recreational rates | 3,353 | 3,299 | (54) | (1.6%) |
| Interest on rates and charges | 7,500 | 7,500 | 0 | 100.0% |
| <i>Less:</i> rebate (properties of environmental interest) | (4,490) | (3,817) | 673 | (15.0%) |
| Total rates and charges | 8,136,298 | 8,527,854 | 391,556 | 4.8% |

4.1.1(k) Fair Go Rates System Compliance

The Borough of Queenscliffe is required to comply with the State Government's Fair Go Rates System (FGRS). The table below details the budget assumptions, consistent with the requirements of the Fair Go Rates System.

| Descriptions | Budget 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| Total Rates (annualised) | \$6,801,875 | \$6,940,253 |
| Number of rateable properties | 3,109 | 3,112 |
| Base Average Rate | \$2,187.80 | \$2,230.16 |
| Maximum Rate Increase (set by the State Government) | 1.75% | 3.50% |
| Capped Average Rate | \$2,226.09 | \$2,308.21 |
| Maximum General Rates and Municipal Charges Revenue | \$6,920,907 | \$7,183,162 |
| Budgeted General Rates and Municipal Charges Revenue | \$6,920,907 | \$7,231,412 |
| Budgeted Supplementary Rates | \$10,175 | \$10,455 |
| Budgeted Total Rates and Municipal Charges Revenue | \$6,931,082 | \$7,241,868 |

4.1.1(I) Any significant changes that may affect the estimated amounts to be raised by rates and charges

There are no known significant changes which may affect the estimated amounts to be raised by rates and charges. However, the total amount to be raised by rates and charges may be affected by:

- The making of supplementary valuations (2023–24: estimated \$10,455);
- The variation of returned levels of value (e.g. valuation appeals);
- Changes in use of land such that rateable land becomes non-rateable land and vice versa;
- Changes in use of land such that residential land becomes commercial land and vice versa; and/or
- Changes in use of land such that residential land becomes tourist accommodation land and vice versa.

4.1.1(m) Differential rates

The rate and amount of rates payable in relation to land in each category of differential are:

- A general rate of 100% (0.146823 cents in the dollar of CIV) for all rateable residential properties.
- A general rate of 125% (0.183529 cents in the dollar of CIV) for all rateable residential vacant land properties.
- A general rate of 130% (0.190870 cents in the dollar of CIV) for all rateable commercial properties including properties with six or more bedrooms which are rented out as holiday accommodation.
- A general rate of 110% (0.161506 cents in the dollar of CIV) for all rateable tourist accommodation properties, that is properties having five or less bedrooms which are rented out as holiday accommodation.
- A general (concessional) rate of 25% (0.036706 cents in the dollar of CIV) for all rateable cultural and recreational properties.

Each differential rate will be determined by multiplying the Capital Improved Value of rateable land (categorised by the characteristics described below) by the relevant percentages indicated above.

Council believes each differential rate will contribute to the equitable and efficient carrying out of council functions.

Details of the objectives of each differential rate and the types of classes of land that are subject to each differential rate are set out below.

General or residential rate

The objective of this rate is to ensure that Council has adequate funding to undertake its strategic, statutory, service provision and community services obligations and to ensure that the differential rate in the dollar declared for defined general rate land properties is fair and equitable, having regard to the cost and the level of benefits derived from provision of Council services.

Rateable land having the relevant characteristics described below:

- used primarily for residential purposes; and
- any land that is not defined as commercial land, residential vacant land or tourist accommodation land; or

• any land which is zoned Residential under the Borough of Queenscliffe Planning Scheme on which a legally habitable building is erected but unoccupied.

Residential vacant land rate

The objective of this differential rate includes promoting housing development on vacant land, while continuing to ensure all rateable land makes an equitable financial contribution to ensure that Council has adequate funding to undertake its strategic, statutory, service provision and community services obligations.

Residential vacant land is any land which is:

- unoccupied but zoned Residential under the Borough of Queenscliffe Planning Scheme; and
- not commercial land or tourist accommodation land; and
- vacant or with any uninhabitable shed or shelter (not a legally habitable building or structure, i.e. where no certificate of occupancy has been issued).

Commercial rate

The objective of this rate is to ensure that Council has adequate funding to undertake its strategic, statutory, service provision and community services obligations and to ensure that the differential rate in the dollar declared for defined commercial rate land properties is fair and equitable, having regard to the cost and the level of benefits derived from provision of Council services.

Commercial land is any land, which is:

- used primarily for carrying out the manufacture or production of, or trade in, goods or services (including accommodation for tourists); or
- unoccupied building erected on land which is zoned Commercial (Business) under the Borough of Queenscliffe Planning Scheme; or
- unoccupied land which is zoned Commercial (Business) under the Borough of Queenscliffe Planning Scheme; and
- not tourist accommodation land.

Tourist accommodation rate

The objective of this rate is to ensure that Council has adequate funding to undertake its strategic, statutory, service provision and community services obligations and to ensure that the differential rate in the dollar declared for defined tourist accommodation land properties is fair and equitable, having regard to the cost and the level of benefits derived from provision of Council services.

Tourist accommodation land is any land, which:

- contains a dwelling, unit, cabin or house or part of a house; and
- with five or less bedrooms; and
- used, whether primarily or otherwise, to provide holiday accommodation for the purpose of generating income from the provision of such holiday accommodation; and
- where 'any part' of the property is used for tourist accommodation; and
- for 'any period of time' during the financial year (no matter how seldom); and
- currently being used, or advertised as being available for use, as tourist accommodation.

Details of the objectives of each differential rate, the types of classes of land which are subject to each differential rate and the uses of each differential rate are set out in Council's **revenue and rating plan**.

4.1.1(n) Waste management charges

An important component of Council's 2023–24 budget process is Council's continuing commitment to three key principles stated in its revenue and rating plan, in relation to funding waste management services.

1. Full cost recovery of all waste management services.

2. Clear identification of the waste management cost streams and specifying these on the rate notice where applicable.

3. Disclosure of all costs associated with each of the waste management streams. In its revenue and rating plan, Council has determined the most equitable method of full waste cost recovery as follows:

- Standard kerbside waste (which now includes FOGO waste), applicable to residential and tourist accommodation properties only, is charged at a fixed amount; and
- Public waste, applicable to all rateable properties, is charged at a fixed amount.

The *Local Government Act 1989* permits Council to raise separate service charges for the recovery of waste management services, rather than include this in general rates. Separating out waste management charges from general rates to achieve full cost recovery remains the most financially responsible option available to Council to cover the rising cost of providing waste services to our community given the State Government's rate capping legislation.

Waste management costs (net of government grants)

The following is a list of all waste management cost streams and waste management charges included in the 2023–24 budget, summarised by waste charge type.

| Description | Forecast Actual | Budget | Increase/(| decrease) |
|--|--------------------|---------|-----------------|-----------|
| | 2022-23 | 2023–24 | | |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | % |
| Kerbside waste collection (landfill, recycling and | | | | |
| hard waste) | 195,000 | 200,000 | 5,000 | 2.6% |
| Kerbside FOGO collection | 105,000 | 164,000 | 59 <i>,</i> 000 | 56.2% |
| Kerbside FOGO processing | 165,000 | 174,000 | 9,000 | 5.5% |
| Landfill disposal including landfill levy | 145,000 | 152,000 | 7,000 | 4.8% |
| Additional pensioner concession offered by BOQ | 44,222 | 45,000 | 778 | 1.8% |
| Recycling disposal (income)/expenditure | 90,000 | 96,000 | 6,000 | 6.7% |
| Roadside e-waste collection | 7,000 | 7,193 | 193 | 2.8% |
| Waste collection bin renewal | 20,000 | 20,000 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Review of hard waste service | 2,000 | 0 | (2,000) | (100.0%) |
| Waste & litter education | 1,018 | 7,000 | 5,983 | 588.0% |
| Direct employee costs | | 66,205 | 66,205 | 100.0% |
| Total standard kerbside waste costs – operational | 774,240 | 931,397 | 157,157 | 20.3% |
| Kerbside transition project | 157,000 | 0 | (157,000) | (100.0%) |
| Kerbside transition | (13,400) | 0 | 13,400 | (100.0%) |
| Sub-total: Standard kerbside waste costs | 917,840 | 931,397 | 13,557 | 1.5% |
| Public waste – pickup & disposal of waste | 186,000 | 170,000 | (16,000) | (8.6%) |

| Description | Forecast Actual | Budget | Increase/(| decrease) |
|---|--------------------|---------------|------------|-----------|
| | 2022–23 \$ | 2023–24 \$ | \$ | % |
| Fixed price contract – street cleaning and sweeping | 128,200 | 136,500 | 8,300 | 6.5% |
| Fixed price contract – beach cleaning | 41,000 | 43,600 | 2,600 | 6.3% |
| Illegal waste dumping | 2,035 | 2,091 | 56 | 2.7% |
| Direct employee costs | | 22,068 | 22,068 | 100.0% |
| Beach cleaning subsidy | (12,210) | (12,210) | 0 | 0.0% |
| Sub-total: Public waste costs | 345,025 | 362,049 | 17,024 | 4.9% |
| Total: Waste management costs | 1,262,865 | 1,293,446 | 30,582 | 2.4% |

Total waste management costs in 2023–24 (net of government grants) is budgeted to increase by \$30,582 (2.4%) compared with the 2022–23 financial year. However, when excluded net cost of kerbside transition project, the total operational cost of waste management services is budgeted to increase by \$174,182 (15.6%) This increase mainly comprises:

- \$88,000 direct employee costs (\$66,000 kerbside and \$22,000 public waste) of waste management operations. In the past, the Council has excluded the cost of officers directly involved in managing the waste management operations in calculating the cost of its waste management operations; and
- \$59,000 increase in kerbside FOGO collection expenses. The Council tendered this contract out in the 2022–23 financial year and has seen an increase in expenses based on the tender prices. However, if Council had not implemented the FOGO service, there would have been in minimum another additional increase of \$60,000 in landfill disposal (including landfill levy) expenses.

| Description | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Cha | nange | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------|-------|--|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | % | |
| Standard kerbside waste | 854,420 | 908,046 | 53,626 | 6.3% | |
| Additional kerbside bins | 20,949 | 25,253 | 4,304 | 20.5% | |
| Public waste | 323,484 | 345,705 | 22,221 | 6.9% | |
| Total waste management charges | 1,198,854 | 1,279,004 | 80,150 | 6.7% | |

Waste management charges

Before calculating waste charges to be applied in the 2023–24 financial year, Council is budgeting to utilise surplus funds forecast to be held in public waste reserve amounting to \$16,000. Further, Council is budgeting to recover a forecasted deficit of \$52,000 for the financial year 2022–23 in the standard kerbside waste reserve account. This deficit mainly reflects the cost associated with the rolling out of the kerbside transition project, not included in the 2022–23 waste charges.

To comply with the full cost recovery strategy for waste services, total income from waste management charges should have increased by \$146,000 (12%) in 2023–24. However, Council has decided to phase the full recovery of direct employee costs associated with the standard kerbside waste services over a couple of years. This amount will temporarily be financed through the unallocated cash reserve (general reserve) of the Borough. As a result, the net increase in waste management charges for 2023–24 is expected to be \$80,000 (6.7%).

The fixed amount to be levied for each type of property

| Type of Property | Actual 2020–21 | Budget 2023–24 | Chang | ;e |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------|------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | % |
| Residential | 400.00 | 426.00 | 26.00 | 6.5% |
| Residential vacant land | 104.00 | 111.00 | 7.00 | 6.7% |
| Commercial | 104.00 | 111.00 | 7.00 | 6.7% |
| Tourist accommodation | 400.00 | 426.00 | 26.00 | 6.5% |

Waste management reserve funds

| Description | Actual | | Increase/(decrease) | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|----------|
| | 2022–23 \$ | 2023–24 \$ | \$ | % |
| Kerbside waste reserve fund | Y I | Ŷ | Ŷ | ,0 |
| Opening balance | (9,084) | (51,555) | (42,471) | 467.5% |
| Transfers to reserve | 0 | 1,902 | 1,902 | 0.0% |
| Transfers from reserve | (42,471) | 0 | 42,471 | (100.0%) |
| Closing balance | (51,555) | (49,653) | 1,902 | (3.7%) |
| | | | | |
| Public waste reserve fund | | | | |
| Opening balance | 37,885 | 16,344 | (21,541) | (56.9%) |
| Transfers to reserve | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Transfers from reserve | (21,541) | (16,344) | 5,197 | (24.1%) |
| Closing balance | 16,344 | 0 | (16,344) | (100.0%) |
| | | | | |
| Total: Waste management reserve funds | (35,210) | (49,653) | (14,442) | 41.0% |

| Net waste reserve transfers for the financial year | (64,011) | (14,442) | (49,569) | 77.4% |
|--|----------|----------|----------|-------|

An annual reconciliation is completed at each financial year-end to determine the surplus/ (deficit) between waste management charges collected from ratepayers and the actual waste costs incurred by Council for the year. Reserve funds are held on the Balance Sheet to record any net surplus achieved, so Council can then determine that amount which will be allocated towards meeting the cost of waste services in the next financial year, while retaining part of the surplus as a contingency to address emerging risks with respect to waste management services in future years.

In preparing the waste management budget, a set of assumptions has been made about the estimated costs of the waste management services in 2023–24. Given the widely fluctuating nature of waste services, these annual budget assumptions will be monitored, with any variance to be reported to Council via quarterly financial reports during the 2023–24 year as necessary.

4.1.2 Statutory fees and fines

| Description | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Chang | e |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------|------|
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | % |
| Town planning fees | 92 | 94 | 3 | 2.7% |
| Building, pool and spa fees | 24 | 25 | 1 | 2.8% |
| Permits | 10 | 10 | 0 | 2.7% |
| Land information certificates | 4 | 4 | 0 | 2.7% |
| Infringements and costs | 4 | 4 | 0 | 2.8% |
| Total statutory fees and fines | 134 | 138 | 4 | 2.8% |

Statutory fees and fines relate mainly to fees and fines levied in accordance with legislation. Infringements income is predominantly from parking fines, with minor fines issued for animals and local laws infringements. A detailed listing of statutory fees is included in Appendix A.

4.1.3 User fees

| Description | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Change | |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------|---------|
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | % |
| Tourist park fees | 1,816 | 1,876 | 60 | 3.3% |
| Aged services | 179 | 184 | 5 | 2.7% |
| Registration and other permits | 59 | 61 | 2 | 2.7% |
| Tourism | 9 | 9 | 0 | 2.7% |
| Other fees and charges (< \$10,000 each) | 16 | 13 | (4) | (21.6%) |
| Total user fees | 2,079 | 2,143 | 63 | 3.1% |

User charges relate mainly to the recovery of service delivery costs through the charging of fees to users of Council's services, consistent with principles in Council Policy CP047: User Fees and Charges. In setting the budget, the key principle for determining the level of user charges is that increases reflect CPI or market levels.

The fees from Council's tourist parks contribute the largest portion of the user fees budget, with a total budget of \$1,876,000 for the 2023–24 financial year. The increase in income from tourist parks is mainly due to the proposed increase in tariff by 3.5%.

Council is considering changes to the current operating model of its tourist parks and the budget has been finalised under the assumption that the new operating model will not further constrain the income-generating capacity of its tourist parks.

A detailed listing of user fees is included in Appendix A.

4.1.4 Grants

Operating and capital government grants include all monies received from Victorian and Commonwealth Government sources for the purposes of funding the delivery of Council's services and projects.

| Description | Forecast Actual | Budget | Cha | ange |
|---|--------------------|---------|--------|--------|
| | 2022–23 | 2023–24 | | |
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | % |
| Grants are received in respect of the | | | | |
| following: | | | | |
| Summary of grants: | | | | |
| Commonwealth funded grants | 644 | 822 | 178 | 28% |
| State government funded grants | 2,581 | 2,278 | (303) | (12%) |
| Other funded grants | 8 | 8 | 0 | 3% |
| Total grants received | 3,234 | 3,109 | (125) | (4%) |
| (a) Operating grants | | | | |
| Recurrent – Commonwealth government | | | | |
| Financial assistance grants | 27 | 442 | 415 | 1,531% |
| Aged services | 370 | 380 | 10 | 3% |
| Recurrent – State government | | | | |
| Boat ramp maintenance | 122 | 122 | 0 | 0% |
| Maternal and child health | 59 | 60 | 1 | 2% |
| Fire services property levy administration | 42 | 43 | 0 | 0% |
| School crossing supervision | 37 | 32 | (5) | (12%) |
| Aged services | 46 | 48 | 1 | 3% |
| Beach cleaning | 12 | 12 | (1) | (4%) |
| Walk to School | 10 | 10 | 0 | 3% |
| Other (<\$10,000 each) | 9 | 10 | 0 | 3% |
| Recurrent – Other | | | | |
| Tobacco activity program | 8 | 8 | 0 | 3% |
| Total recurrent operating grants | 743 | 1,167 | 424 | 57% |
| Non-recurrent – State government | | | | |
| Asbestos removal works | | 433 | 433 | 100% |
| Integrated water management plan | | 60 | 60 | 100% |
| Beach marker condition assessment | | 32 | 32 | 100% |
| Record digitisation | 83 | 0 | (83) | (100%) |
| Sustainability Victoria | 21 | 0 | (21) | (100%) |
| Waste management and recycling | 13 | 0 | (13) | (100%) |
| COVID-19 RAT test program | 30 | 0 | (30) | (100%) |
| Coastal protection | 56 | 0 | (56) | (101%) |
| Business concierge and hospitality support program | 48 | 0 | (48) | (100%) |
| Total non-recurrent operating grants | 251 | 525 | (160) | (64%) |
| Total operating grants | 994 | 1,692 | 698 | 70% |

| Description | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Cha | ange |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------|--------|
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | % |
| (b) Capital grants | | | | |
| Non-recurrent – Commonwealth government | | | | |
| Roads | 87 | 0 | (87) | (100%) |
| Buildings | 145 | 0 | (145) | (100%) |
| Information technology | 15 | 0 | (15) | (100%) |
| Non-recurrent – State government | | | 0 | 0% |
| Parks, open space and streetscapes | 364 | 1,000 | 636 | 175% |
| Other infrastructure | 1,078 | 270 | (808) | (75%) |
| Information technology | 204 | 147 | (57) | (28%) |
| Buildings | 315 | 0 | (315) | (100%) |
| Footpaths and cycleways | 31 | 0 | (31) | (100%) |
| Total non-recurrent capital grants | 2,239 | 1,417 | (822) | (37%) |
| Total capital grants | 2,239 | 1,417 | (822) | (37%) |
| Total grants | 3,234 | 3,109 | (125) | (4%) |

Operating grants include all monies received from state and federal government and community sources for the purposes of funding the delivery of Council's services to ratepayers.

The increase in operating grants is mainly due to the receipt of 97% of 2022–23 Financial Assistance Grants (FAGs) and a part of the 2023–24 FAG in advance in 2021–22. Based on the annual allocation, a 5.5% increase in FAGs is projected for 2023–24.

| | | Grant Payment Year | | | |
|-----------------------|---------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| | 2020–21 | 2021–22 | 2022–23 | 2023–24 | |
| Grant Allocation Year | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 2021–22 Allocation | 126,470 | 377,188 | | | 503,658 |
| 2022–23 Allocation | | 482,780 | 27,084 | | 509,864 |
| 2023–24 Allocation* | | 96,242 | | 441,718 | 537,960 |
| Total | | 956,210 | 27,084 | 441,718 | |

*estimated

Non-recurrent operating grants of \$525,000 are estimated to be received in 2023–24 to support the asbestos removal works at Fisherman's Co-Op building, integrated water management plan development and work associated with beach marker condition assessment. Any additional non-recurrent operating grant funding opportunities that Council may be successful in securing will be updated in the quarterly forecast reviews to be reported to Council during the 2023–24 financial year.

Capital grants include all monies received from state and federal government for the purposes of funding the capital works program.

Capital grants for 2023–24 represent the grant income already confirmed for the following projects:

- \$1,000,000 Point Lonsdale Maritime and Defence Precinct development;
- \circ \$160,000 Queenscliffe Rec Reserve, lighting upgrade; and
- \$147,000 ICT transformation project.

Further, \$110,000 grant support is estimated from the Department of Energy, Environment and Climate Action (DEECA) for safety improvement work at Narrows Beach. Any additional non-recurrent

capital grant funding opportunities that Council may be successful in securing will be updated in the quarterly forecast reviews and will be reported to Council during the 2023–24 financial year.

4.1.5 Contributions

Contributions relate to monies paid by non-government third parties for the purpose of funding the delivery of Council's services to ratepayers (operating) and/or provision of buildings and facilities (capital). Contributions can also be non-monetary, with an in-kind donation of physical assets to Council. All contributions are typically non-recurrent and the amount will vary from year to year, thus a comparison by financial year is meaningless.

No monetary or non-monetary contribution is recognised in the 2023–24 budget.

4.1.6 Other income

| Description | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Change | |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------|--------|
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | % |
| Other rent – lease of Crown Land properties | 110 | 113 | 3 | 3% |
| Contribution from volunteers | 72 | 74 | 2 | 3% |
| Other rent – lease of Council properties | 49 | 51 | 1 | 3% |
| Interest – investment of available funds | 110 | 298 | 188 | 170% |
| Reimbursements | 1 | 0 | (1) | (100%) |
| Total other income | 342 | 534 | 192 | 56% |

Due to sales proceeds from Murray Road land, the average investment in term deposits is expected to be around \$8.5 million during the year 2023–24. Under the assumption that the average interest rate is around 3.5% for the 2023–24 financial year, a \$188,000 increase in interest income is projected in the budget.

The value of the contribution provided by volunteers which may otherwise has been paid by Council is estimated be \$74,000 for 2023–24.

4.1.7 Employee costs

Employee costs include all staff related expenditure, including wages, salaries and on-costs such as allowances, leave entitlements (annual leave and long service leave), employer superannuation, rostered days off and time-in-lieu owed to employees, Workcover premium and fringe benefits tax.

| Description | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Cha | nge |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------|------|
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | % |
| Wages and salaries | 4,323 | 4,573 | 250 | 6% |
| Superannuation | 420 | 485 | 64 | 15% |
| Overtime | 71 | 70 | (1) | (2%) |
| Workcover premium | 67 | 77 | 11 | 16% |
| FBT Expense | 39 | 39 | 0 | 0% |
| Other | 46 | 46 | 0 | 0% |
| Total other income | 4,966 | 5,289 | 324 | 6.5% |

Employee costs are to be increased by \$324,000 (6.5%) in the 2023–24 financial year. However, employee costs for 2022–23 are understated approximately by \$24,000 due to staff vacancies even after additional staff costs (one-off staff cost) associated with extra staff (temporary) and redundancy payments. Excluding the impact of the staff vacancies and one-off staff costs, the projected increase in employee cost for the 2023–24 financial year is \$300,000 (6.0%) due to the following key reasons:

- \$175,000: Impact of the 3.0% increase in wages in line with the Council's EBA;
- \$43,000: Increase in employee costs due to band progressions of staff during the financial year;
- \$43,000: Incremental employee cost (ongoing cost only) associated with the restructuring of the aged care team to accommodate a dedicated resource for a Disability Lived Experience initiative and additional support for Community Care workers;
- \$25,000: Impact of super guarantee increase by 0.5%; and
- \$20,000: Incremental cost of converting the Community Stakeholders Relations Officer role to a full-time role to strength business and community organisation engagement activities.

A summary of human resources expenditure, categorised according to the organisational structure of Council, is provided for both costs (\$) and staff numbers (FTE) in the Statement of Human Resources at Section 3.6 of this report.

4.1.8 Materials and services

Materials and services includes payments to contractors for provision of services, waste management, asset maintenance, the purchases of consumables, utility costs and expensed capital works (expensed capital works are works associated with Council assets and major projects that do not meet the definition of asset expenditure under Australian Accounting Standards).

| Description | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Ch | ange |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------|-------|
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | % |
| Waste management | 1,288 | 1,217 | (71) | (6%) |
| General service delivery | 614 | 587 | (28) | (5%) |
| Roads, parks and reserves maintenance | 714 | 763 | 49 | 7% |
| Non-recurrent operating projects (rates funded) | 339 | 252 | (88) | (26%) |
| Utilities | 311 | 324 | 12 | 4% |
| Insurance | 294 | 308 | 14 | 5% |
| Foreshore and open space maintenance | 390 | 285 | (105) | (27%) |
| Tourism, business and event support | 214 | 246 | 32 | 15% |
| Information technology software and maintenance agreements | 264 | 363 | 100 | 38% |
| Labour contracts (information technology, building surveyor, heritage advisor and specialist backfill) | 263 | 289 | 27 | 10% |
| Cleaning of council buildings, amenities and BBQ's | 211 | 223 | 12 | 6% |
| Contribution to Geelong Regional Library Corporation | 225 | 231 | 6 | 3% |
| Office administration | 207 | 205 | (2) | (1%) |
| Buildings, works, plant and equipment maintenance | 149 | 197 | 47 | 32% |
| Drainage maintenance | 102 | 139 | 37 | 37% |
| Maternal and Child Health | 75 | 77 | 2 | 3% |
| Aged care services | 56 | 60 | 4 | 6% |
| Training and staff development | 56 | 55 | (1) | (2%) |
| Non-recurrent operating projects (grant funded) | 166 | 538 | 371 | 224% |
| Valuation services | 7 | 7 | 0 | 3% |
| Total materials and services | 5,947 | 6,366 | 419 | 7.1% |
| Total materials and services: excluding waste management and non-recurrent expenses | 4,153 | 4,270 | 117 | 2.8% |

The Reserve Bank of Australia in its Statement on Monetary Policy issued in February 2023, has projected Consumer Price Index (CPI) to be at 6.75% and 3.5% respectively for 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2024. As a result, it is expected that prices of key service contracts that the Council has entered into will see increases within this range (average price increase of 5.2% for the 2023–24 financial year).

Materials and services are budgeted to increase by \$419,000 (7.1%) compared with the 2022–23 financial year.

However, excluding waste management costs (explained in note '4.1.1(n) Waste management charges') and non-recurrent operating expenses (rates-funded and grant-funded), there is a 2.8% (\$117,000) increase in recurrent expenses.

Approximately \$90,000 cost associated with the parallel running of new and existing systems for planned system changeovers is included under the 'Information technology software and maintenance agreements' category in the above table as a non-recurrent expense.

The most significant increases estimated in recurrent materials and services in the 2023–24 financial year include:

- \$49,000: Roads, parks and reserves maintenance, mainly due to the CPI adjustment at the beginning of the 2023–24 financial year;
- \$47,000: Buildings, works, plant and equipment maintenance, mainly due to the additional building and plant maintenance work expected to be carried out in relation to Council buildings (mainly public convenience);
- \$37,000: Drainage maintenance, mainly due to the Ganes Reserve investigations and de-silting works (\$23,000) expected to be carried out in 2023–24 and the CPI adjustment at the beginning of the 2023–24 financial year;
- \$27,000: Labour contracts (information technology, building surveyor, heritage advisor and specialist backfill), mainly due to the increase in cost associated with caravan park caretakers; and
- \$32,000: Tourism, business and event support, mainly due to the provision of an additional \$25,000 to support ongoing community events (event sponsorships).

Non-recurrent operating projects (a total of \$252,000) in the 2023–24 budget include the following. Except for the first project all other projects are rates funded.

- \$90,000: Continue with the review of Fisherman's Flat Heritage Overlay;
- 50,000: Development of a Golightly Development and Engagement Plan (this project is funded via sales proceeds from the sale of Murray Road land);
- \$20,000: Installation of signage that includes recognition of Wadawurrung Country and uses Wadawurrung language to identify places;
- o \$20,000: Continue with the development of the Reconciliation Action Plan.
- \$18,000: Installation of a digital web-based door locking system to the central amenity block of Queenscliffe Tourist Park;
- \$15,000: To conduct a Wadawurrung cultural and heritage review/assessment;
- \$10,000: Development of a Disability Action Plan;
- \$10,000: Review of Council's public toilet strategy.
- \$7,500: Bull ring planting and wayfinding;
- \$6,000: Conduct Wadawurrung cultural and heritage awareness training for the community and Council; and
- \$5,000: To conduct a needs analysis for child/family services and facilities, potential inclusion of youth taskforce.

Non-recurrent operating projects (grant funded) in the 2023–24 budget include (a total of \$538,000):

- \$433,000: Asbestos removal work at old Fisherman's Co-Op building (100% grant funded);
- \circ \$60,000: Development of an Integrated Water Management (IWM) Plan (100% grant funded); and
- \$44,500: Undertake a beach marker condition assessment (70% grant funded).

4.1.9 Depreciation

Depreciation is an accounting measure which attempts to allocate the value of an asset over its useful life for Council's property (buildings), plant and equipment, and infrastructure assets (such as roads and drains).

| Description | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Cha | nge |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------|------|
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | % |
| Property | 368 | 383 | 15 | 4% |
| Plant and equipment | 148 | 163 | 15 | 10% |
| Infrastructure | 857 | 826 | (31) | (4%) |
| Total depreciation | 1,373 | 1,372 | (1) | (0%) |

The projected depreciation expenses for the 2023–24 financial year includes, the additional depreciation expenses associated with the new Queenscliffe Hub facility and the upgraded boat ramp infrastructure asset. The slight decrease in depreciation expenses mainly reflects reduction in depreciation of Council's existing building assets resulting from the revaluation of building assets by a professional independent valuer.

The revaluation of infrastructure is scheduled to be completed in 2022–23. The outcome of this revaluation and its impact on the depreciation expenses is not able to be predicted for inclusion in the 2023–24 budget.

4.1.10 Bad and doubtful debts

| Description | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Cha | nge |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------|-----|
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | % |
| Infringements debtors | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0% |
| Total bad and doubtful debts | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0% |

A provision of \$3,000 p.a. for bad and doubtful debts is included in Council's budget, largely relating to infringements. Council works with Fines Victoria to manage the administration and enforcement of infringements.

4.1.11 Borrowing costs

Council does not have any outstanding loans and no new loans are included in the 2023–24 budget.

4.1.12 Other expenses

Other expenses relate to a range of unclassified items including Mayoral and Councillor allowances, internal and external audit fees, photocopier lease expense, asset write-offs and other miscellaneous expenditure.

| Description | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Change | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------|------|
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | % |
| Councillors' allowances | 185 | 196 | 11 | 6% |
| Cost of volunteers | 72 | 74 | 2 | 3% |
| Auditors' remuneration – VAGO | 45 | 46 | 1 | 3% |
| Operating lease rentals | 18 | 18 | 0 | 3% |
| Auditors' remuneration – Internal | 16 | 16 | 0 | 3% |
| Other | 13 | 13 | 0 | 3% |
| Audit fees – other | 6 | 6 | 0 | 3% |
| Total other expenses | 375 | 370 | (5) | (1%) |

Increase in Councillors' allowances is in line with the determination made by the Victorian Independent Remuneration Tribunal.

The cost of the expenditure which may otherwise have been paid by Council in the absence of any contribution from volunteers is estimated be \$74,000 for 2023–24 (\$72,000 in 2022–23).

4.1.13 Net asset revaluation increment

The revaluation of infrastructure assets is scheduled to be completed in 2022–23. The outcome of this revaluation is not able to be predicted for inclusion in the 2023–24 budget.

4.2 Balance Sheet

4.2.1 Assets

| Description | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Chang | e |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------|---------|-------|
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | % |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 2,894 | 6,403 | 3,509 | 121% |
| Trade and other receivables | 255 | 300 | 45 | 18% |
| Other financial assets | 6,500 | 2,500 | (4,000) | (62%) |
| Inventories | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0% |
| Prepayments | 150 | 150 | 0 | 0% |
| Other assets | 75 | 75 | 0 | 0% |
| Total current assets | 9,878 | 9,432 | (446) | (5%) |
| Investment in an associate | 160 | 160 | 0 | 0% |
| Property, infrastructure, plant and equipment | 177,101 | 178,481 | 1,380 | 1% |
| Total non-current assets | 177,261 | 178,641 | 1,380 | 1% |
| Total assets | 187,139 | 188,073 | 935 | 0% |

Current assets are those assets that are able to be converted to cash within 12 months. These assets are expected to decrease by \$446,000 (5%) compared with the 2022–23 financial year, as cash is used to pay for projects carried forward from 2022–23 when they are completed (net movement of 'Cash and cash equivalents' and 'Other financial assets', other financial assets represents term deposits with more than 90 days original maturity). The reduction of \$4 million reflects the reclassification of term deposits from other financial assets to cash and cash equivalents during the year when reinvested in term deposits with less than 90 days of maturity. No movement in inventories, prepayments and other assets are budgeted for 2023–24. Variances to this assumption are adjusted in the forecast when known.

Non-current assets are those assets which are not expected to be converted to cash within 12 months. Property, infrastructure, plant and equipment is the largest component. These assets are expected to increase by \$1,380,000 (1%) compared with the 2022–23 financial year, as capital works are progressed or completed during the 2023–24 financial year.

Council recognises its interest in the Geelong Regional Library Corporation by recording an investment in its financial statements at a value based on the Borough's underlying interest in the net assets of the service disclosed in its audited financial statements each year. The Borough's share of the net assets is calculated on the same ratio as it contributes to the operating costs of the service. Both the 2022–23 forecast and 2023–24 budget assume no movement in library equity, with adjustments in equity advised by the Geelong Regional Library Corporation to be reported at year-end and the 2023– 24 forecast adjusted accordingly. Annual contributions to Geelong Regional Library Corporation are included as expenditure in the Income Statement.

| Description | Forecast Actual | Budget | Chang | e |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|---------|--------|-------|
| | 2022–23 | 2023–24 | | |
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | % |
| Trade and other payables | 1,130 | 953 | (177) | (16%) |
| Trust funds and deposits | 50 | 50 | 0 | 0% |
| Provisions | 957 | 981 | 24 | 2% |
| Other liabilities | 80 | 80 | 0 | 0% |
| Total current liabilities | 2,217 | 2,065 | (153) | (7%) |
| Provisions | 116 | 119 | 3 | 3% |
| Total non-current liabilities | 116 | 119 | 3 | 3% |
| Total liabilities | 2,333 | 2,183 | (150) | (6%) |

4.2.2 Liabilities

Current liabilities are those obligations Council must pay within the next 12 months. These liabilities are expected to decrease by \$153,000 (7%) compared with the 2022–23 financial year, largely due to more capital expenditure projected for the 2022–23 financial year compared to the 2023–24 financial year, leading to an expected increase in the value of creditor invoices due at 30 June 2023.

Provisions (employee cost provisions for accrued long service leave, annual leave, rostered days off and time-in-lieu owing to employees) are budgeted to increase by \$27,000 (\$24,000 current and \$3,000 non-current), in accordance with the Enterprise Bargaining Agreement and increase in super guarantee with effect from 1 July 2023. Active management of leave balances may result in some forecast savings during the year, and this will be adjusted in 2023–24 should a positive outcome be achieved. No movement in trust funds and deposits (e.g. tender deposits and bonds paid to Council for future hall hire) and other liabilities (income received in advance for tourist park seasonal package fees and accrued expenses) is budgeted for 2023–24. Variances to this assumption are adjusted in the forecast when known.

Non-current liabilities are those obligations Council is not expected to pay within the next 12 months.

4.2.3 Borrowings

Council continues to focus on efficient and financially responsible service delivery to achieve outcomes that are valued by our community. Council will continue to explore new approaches to provide services in a tighter fiscal environment.

Council currently has a debt-free balance sheet and no new borrowing is included in the 2023-24 budget.

4.2.4 Leases by category

Council has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of machinery that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets (individual assets worth less than existing capitalisation thresholds for a like asset up to a maximum of \$10,000), including IT equipment.

Council recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

4.3 Statement of Changes in Equity

| Description | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Chang | ;e |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------|------|
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | % |
| Accumulated surplus | 100,777 | 101,973 | 1,197 | 1% |
| Asset revaluation reserves | 76,675 | 76,675 | 0 | 0% |
| Discretionary reserves | 7,353 | 7,241 | (112) | (2%) |
| Total equity | 184,805 | 185,890 | 1,085 | 1% |

4.3.1 Equity

Total equity always equals net assets and is made up of the following components:

- Accumulated surplus, which is the value of all net assets less reserves that have accumulated over time;
- Asset revaluation reserves, which represent the difference between the previously recorded value of non-current assets (property, infrastructure, plant and equipment) and their current valuations; and
- Other reserves, which are funds Council wishes to separately identify as being set aside to meet a specific purpose in the future and for which there is no existing liability. These amounts are transferred from the Accumulated Surplus of the Council and separately disclosed.

\$1,085,000 of the \$1,197,000 (1%) increase in **accumulated surplus** results directly from the projected surplus for the year. The balance of \$112,000 is budgeted to be transferred from **other reserves** to accumulated surplus. This reflects the usage of reserve to partly fund the 2023–24 capital and operating works program as explained in the note 4.3.2. This is a transfer between equity items and does not impact the total equity.

No change is included in the 2023–24 budget with respect to the **asset revaluation reserve**. While Council's infrastructure assets are scheduled to be revalued in 2022–23, the outcome of this revaluation will not be known until late June 2023.

| 4.3.2 Other reserves | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------|
| Description | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Change |
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Accumulated unallocated cash reserve (general reserve) | 1,124 | 1,382 | 258 |
| Asset replacement reserve – allocated | 1,342 | 1,342 | 0 |
| Future calls on defined benefits superannuation | 40 | 40 | 0 |
| Funds carried forward to future years | 4,883 | 4,526 | (357) |
| Waste management reserves | (35) | (50) | (14) |
| Total discretionary reserves | 7,353 | 7,241 | (112) |

4.3.2 Other reserves

Council's other reserves on the Balance Sheet are budgeted to decrease by \$112,000 (10%) compared with the 2022–23 financial year, predominantly because projects carried forward from 2022–23 are predicted to be completed during the 2023–24 financial year.

Accumulated unallocated cash reserve (general reserve) reserve comprises of the cash surpluses achieved in previous financial years, which have not yet been allocated by Council to specific projects within the Annual Budget. This reserve provides a contingency for responding to emerging risk management and other unbudgeted issues which may arise during the course of the financial year.

\$258,000 will be transferred into the general reserve which represents the projected cash surplus for the 2023–24 financial year. \$50,000 is earmarked to fund the deficit in the waste management reserve until the transition cost is received via future waste management charges.

Asset replacement reserves are used to fund future asset renewal requirements. They comprise:

- funds for specific projects earmarked by Council; and
- surpluses resulting from budget efficiencies and additional income received.

No transfer of funds from or to the asset replacement reserve – allocated is budgeted for the 2023–24 financial year.

The **defined benefits superannuation liability reserve** is used as a hedge against future calls which may be made by Vision Super on the defined benefits scheme. Council set aside \$20,000 in each of the 2014–15 and 2015–16 budget years, with a total of \$40,000 remaining in this reserve and no plans to adjust the total.

Carry forward reserves are used mainly for holding over funds received / allocated in one year, to be spent in future years. The reserve movement of \$357,000 in 2023–24 reflects;

% 23%

0%

0%

(7%) 41% (2%)

- \$110,000: transfer from carry forward operating expense reserves to fund the following projects:
 - \$90,000: Continue with the review of Fisherman's Flat Heritage Overlay;
 - \$20,000: Installation of signage that includes recognition of Wadawurrung Country and uses Wadawurrung language to identify places;
- \$247,000: transfer from carry forward capital expenditure reserves to fund the following projects:
 - \$130,000: Toch H toilet renewal work;
 - \$50,000: Development of a Golightly Development and Engagement Plan;
 - o \$40,000: Safety improvement work at Narrows Beach (Council contribution);
 - \$17,000: New bike track concept design; and
 - \circ \$10,000: Review of Council's public toilet strategy .

Proceeds from the sale of Murray Road land are set aside in a separate reserve account. \$50,000 is used from that reserve to fund the development of a Golightly Development and Engagement Plan.

Council uses **Waste management reserves** to hold the net surplus of waste management charges collected from ratepayers compared with the actual costs of waste management paid by the Council. The movement in the waste management reserve is explained in note 4.1.1(n).

4.4 Statement of Cash Flows

4.4.1 Net cash flows provided by operating activities

| Description | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Chang | e |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------|-------|
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | % |
| Rates and charges | 8,103 | 8,508 | 405 | 5% |
| Statutory fees and fines | 128 | 138 | 10 | 7% |
| User fees | 2,078 | 2,153 | 75 | 4% |
| Grants – Operating | 898 | 1,642 | 744 | 83% |
| Grants – Capital | 1,601 | 1,417 | (184) | (11%) |
| Interest received | 90 | 298 | 208 | 231% |
| Other receipts | 32 | 237 | 205 | 645% |
| Total receipts | 12,929 | 14,392 | 1,462 | 11% |
| Employee costs | (5,109) | (5,263) | (153) | (3%) |
| Materials and services | (5,745) | (6,291) | (546) | (10%) |
| Short-term, low value and variable lease payments | (18) | (18) | (0) | (3%) |
| Other payments | (370) | (371) | (1) | (0%) |
| Total payments | (11,242) | (11,942) | (700) | (6%) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 1,687 | 2,449 | 762 | 45% |

Operating activities refer to the cash generated (or used in) the normal service delivery functions of Council.

Net cash provided by operating activities is forecast to increase by \$762,000 (45%) compared with the 2022–23 financial year, mainly due to the increase in income from rates and charges, increase in interest income and timing of the income received in advance from tourist parks.

| Description | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Change | |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------|---------|-------|
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | % |
| Payments for Property, Infrastructure, Plant & Equipment | (6,106) | (3,015) | 3,092 | 51% |
| Proceeds from sale of Property, Infrastructure, Plant and Equipment | 3,529 | 75 | (3,454) | (98%) |
| Proceeds from sale of investments | 6 | 4,000 | 3,994 | 100% |
| Net cash provided by / (used in) investing activities | (2,571) | 1,060 | 3,632 | 141% |

4.4.2 Net cash flows used in investing activities

Investing activities refer to cash provided (or used in) the enhancement or creation of infrastructure and other assets, cash generated from the sale of assets and cash used/generated from investing activities.

There is a reduction in the budgeted investments in Property, Infrastructure, Plant & Equipment for 2023–24.

Proceeds from the sale of property, infrastructure, plant and equipment in 2022–23 include proceeds of \$3.5 million in relation to the sale of Murray Road land.

Proceeds from the sale of investments for 2023–24 reflect the reclassification of term deposits from other financial assets to cash and cash equivalents during the year when reinvested in term deposits with less than 90 days of maturity.

4.4.3 Net cash flows provided by/ (used in) financing activities

| Description | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Chang | e |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------|----|
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | % |
| Borrowing costs | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Proceeds from borrowings | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Repayment of borrowings | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% |

Financing activities refer to cash provided (or used in) the financing of Council functions, including new borrowings from financial institutions and the repayment of principal and interest in each financial year. Council settled its loan liabilities in full in the 2020–21 financial year. No new borrowings are included in the 2023–24 budget.

4.5 Capital Works Program

This section presents a listing of the capital works projects that will be undertaken for the 2023–24 financial year, classified by expenditure type and funding source. Works are also disclosed as current budget or carried forward from prior year.

4.5.1 Summary

| Description | Forecast Actual 2022–23 | Budget 2023–24 | Change | |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|---------|---------|
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | % |
| Property | 1,366 | 573 | (793) | (58.1%) |
| Plant and Equipment | 794 | 408 | (385) | (48.5%) |
| Infrastructure | 2,817 | 1,815 | (1,002) | (35.6%) |
| Total | 4,977 | 2,797 | (2,181) | (43.8%) |

Significant grant funded projects in the 2023–24 financial year include the Point Lonsdale Maritime and Defence Precinct development and the Queenscliffe Recreation Reserve lighting upgrade. Council has maintained its average budgeted expenditure with respect to its Annual Asset Renewal Program for property, plant and equipment and infrastructure assets.

Asset expenditure types and funding sources

| | | Asset | expenditur | e types | Summary of Funding Sources | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|--------|------------|---------|----------------------------|----------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Description | Project Cost | New | Renewal | Upgrade | Grants | Contrib. | Council Cash | Reserve transfers | Asset Sales | | |
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | | |
| Property | 573 | 61 | 476 | 36 | 0 | 0 | 443 | 130 | 0 | | |
| Plant and Equipment | 408 | 51 | 284 | 73 | 147 | 0 | 187 | 0 | 75 | | |
| Infrastructure | 1,815 | 192 | 904 | 719 | 1,270 | 0 | 489 | 56 | 0 | | |
| Total | 2,797 | 304 | 1,664 | 829 | 1,417 | 0 | 1,119 | 186 | 75 | | |

Council has been successful in the past attracting significant grants for key infrastructure projects in the Borough. Community contributions are sought toward projects which benefit a specific user group. Asset sales relate entirely to the annual motor vehicle replacement program. Funds for projects carried forward from 2022–23 are held in reserves on the Balance Sheet until expenditure occurs. The balance of Council's capital works program is funded from rates and charges (excluding waste management).

Capital renewal budget generally follows the expenditure identified in the following asset management documents:

- Roads expenditure follows the recommendations in the 2019 Road Condition and Renewal Modelling Report and the Roads Footpath and Kerb Asset Management Plan 2019;
- Buildings expenditure reflects the 2018 Building Condition Assessment Modelling Report and the Buildings Asset Management Plan 2019;
- Storm water drainage expenditure reflects the Urban Stormwater Drainage Asset Management Plan 2019; and
- Open space expenditure reflects the Open Space Asset Management Plan 2019 in combination with the playground works schedule.

4.5.2 Current Capital Work Budget

| | Project | Asset | t expenditure ⁻ | types | Su | mmary of Fu | nding Sources | |
|---|---------|--------|----------------------------|---------|--------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------|
| Capital Works Area | Cost | New | Renewal | Upgrade | Grants | Council Cash | Reserve transfers | Asset Sales |
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| PROPERTY | | | | | | | | |
| BUILDINGS | | | | | | | | |
| Upgrade of Town Hall – heating and cooling | 180 | 45 | 108 | 27 | | 180 | | |
| Annual renewal program – buildings | 127 | | 127 | | | 127 | | |
| Annual renewal program – foreshore public conveniences | 45 | | 45 | | | 45 | | |
| Annual renewal program – Queenscliff recreation reserve | 29 | | 29 | | | 29 | | |
| Staff cost to capitalise | 62 | 16 | 37 | 9 | | 62 | | |
| TOTAL BUILDINGS | 443 | 61 | 346 | 36 | 0 | 443 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL PROPERTY | 443 | 61 | 346 | 36 | 0 | 443 | 0 | 0 |
| PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | | | | | | | | |
| PLANT, MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT | | | | | | | | |
| Annual renewal program – motor vehicles | 200 | | 200 | | | 125 | | 75 |
| Annual renewal program – caravan park washing machines and driers | 5 | | 5 | | | 5 | | |
| Annual renewal program – minor plant and equipment | 5 | | 5 | | | 5 | | |
| TOTAL PLANT, MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT | 210 | 0 | 210 | 0 | 0 | 135 | 0 | 75 |
| FIXTURES, FITTINGS AND FURNITURE | | | | | | | | |
| Annual renewal program – fixtures, fittings and furniture | 5 | | 5 | | | 5 | | |
| TOTAL FIXTURES, FITTINGS AND FURNITURE | 5 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| COMPUTERS AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS | | | | | | | | |
| Annual renewal program – computers and telephone equipment | 46 | | 46 | | | 46 | | |
| TOTAL COMPUTERS AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS | 46 | 0 | 46 | 0 | 0 | 46 | 0 | 0 |

| | Project | Asse | t expenditure | types | Su | ummary of Fu | nding Sources | |
|---|---------|--------|---------------|---------|--------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------|
| Capital Works Area | Cost | New | Renewal | Upgrade | Grants | Council Cash | Reserve transfers | Asset Sales |
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| TOTAL PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | 262 | 0 | 262 | 0 | 0 | 187 | 0 | 75 |
| INFRASTRUCTURE | | | | | | | | |
| ROADS | | | | | | | | |
| Annual renewal program – road resealing | 77 | | 77 | | | 77 | | |
| Annual renewal program – pavement repair | 21 | | 21 | | | 21 | | |
| Annual renewal program – kerb and channel | 15 | | 15 | | | 15 | | |
| TOTAL ROADS | 113 | 0 | 113 | 0 | 0 | 113 | 0 | 0 |
| FOOTPATHS AND CYCLEWAYS | | | | | | | | |
| Murray Road shared path | 50 | | | 50 | | 50 | | |
| Annual renewal program – footpaths | 21 | | 21 | | | 21 | | |
| TOTAL FOOTPATHS AND CYCLEWAYS | 71 | 0 | 21 | 50 | 0 | 71 | 0 | 0 |
| DRAINAGE | | | | | | | | |
| Annual renewal program – drainage | 103 | | 103 | | | 103 | | |
| Edgewater close drainage upgrade | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | | |
| TOTAL DRAINAGE | 103 | 0 | 103 | 0 | 0 | 103 | 0 | 0 |
| RECREATIONAL, LEISURE AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Point Lonsdale Maritime and Defence Precinct development | 1,000 | | 500 | 500 | 1,000 | | | |
| Queenscliffe Rec Reserve – lighting upgrade | 160 | | | 160 | 160 | | | |
| Safety improvement work at Narrows Beach | 150 | 150 | | | 110 | | 40 | |
| Bike racks | 10 | 10 | | | | 10 | | |
| Annual renewal program – beach access handrails and steps | 21 | | 21 | | | 21 | | |
| Annual renewal program – beach access tracks clearance, surface renewal and fencing | 5 | | 5 | | | 5 | | |
| Annual renewal program – fencing at caravan Parks | 5 | | 5 | | | 5 | | |
| Annual renewal program – other foreshore assets | 5 | | 5 | | | 5 | | |

| | Project | Asse | t expenditure | types | Sı | immary of Fi | unding Sources Reserve transfers \$'000 40 40 0 0 | ; |
|--|---------|--------|---------------|---------|--------|-----------------|--|----------------|
| Capital Works Area | Cost | New | Renewal | Upgrade | Grants | Council Cash | | Asset Sales |
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| RECREATIONAL, LEISURE AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES - Cont'd | 62 | 16 | 37 | 9 | | 62 | | |
| Staff cost to capitalise | 62 | 16 | 37 | 9 | | 62 | | |
| TOTAL RECREATIONAL, LEISURE AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES | 1,423 | 176 | 578 | 669 | 1,270 | 113 | 40 | 0 |
| PARKS, OPEN SPACE AND STREETSCAPES | | | | | | | | |
| Annual renewal program – open space | 62 | | 62 | | | 62 | | |
| Annual renewal program – lower Princess, Princess & Citizens Parks | 10 | | 10 | | | 10 | | |
| Annual renewal program – foreshore & park furniture | 7 | | 7 | | | 7 | | |
| TOTAL PARKS, OPEN SPACE AND STREETSCAPES | 79 | 0 | 79 | 0 | 0 | 79 | 0 | 0 |
| OTHER INFRASTRUCTURE | | | | | | | | |
| Annual renewal program – fire plugs renewal | 5 | | 5 | | | 5 | | |
| Annual renewal program – signage renewal | 5 | | 5 | | | 5 | | |
| TOTAL OTHER INFRASTRUCTURE | 10 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL INFRASTRUCTURE | 1,799 | 176 | 904 | 719 | 1,270 | 489 | 40 | 0 |
| TOTAL CAPITAL WORKS | 2,504 | 236 | 1,512 | 756 | 1,270 | 1,119 | 40 | 75 |

4.5.3 Works carried forward from the 2022–23 financial year

| | Project | Asse | t expenditure | types | Su | mmary of Fu | nding Sources | |
|---|---------|--------|---------------|---------|--------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------|
| Capital Works Area | Cost | New | Renewal | Upgrade | Grants | Council Cash | Reserve transfers | Asset Sales |
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| PROPERTY | | | | | | | | |
| BUILDINGS | | | | | | | | |
| Toch H toilet renewal | 130 | | 130 | | | | 130 | |
| TOTAL BUILDINGS | 130 | 0 | 130 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 130 | 0 |
| TOTAL PROPERTY | 130 | 0 | 130 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 130 | 0 |
| PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | | | | | | | | |
| COMPUTERS AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS | | | | | | | | |
| New corporate system | 147 | 51 | 22 | 73 | 147 | | | |
| TOTAL COMPUTERS AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS | 147 | 51 | 22 | 73 | 147 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | 147 | 51 | 22 | 73 | 147 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| INFRASTRUCTURE | | | | | | | | |
| RECREATIONAL, LEISURE AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Bike track – concept design | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | | | 16 | |
| TOTAL RECREATIONAL, LEISURE AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0 |
| TOTAL INFRASTRUCTURE | 16 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0 |
| TOTAL CAPITAL WORKS | 293 | 68 | 152 | 73 | 147 | 0 | 146 | 0 |

5. Performance and Financial indicators

5.1. Targeted performance indicators

The following tables highlight Council's current and projected performance across a selection of targeted service and financial performance indicators. These indicators provide a useful analysis of Council's intentions and performance and should be interpreted in the context of the organisation's objectives.

The targeted performance indicators below are the prescribed performance indicators contained in Schedule 4 of the Local Government (Planning and Reporting) Regulations 2020. Results against these indicators and targets will be reported in Council's Performance Statement included in the Annual Report.

Targeted performance indicators – Service

| la diasta a | | tes | Actual | Forecast | Target | Tar | get Projecti | ons | Trend |
|---|--|-------|---------|----------|---------|---------|--------------|---------|-------|
| Indicator | Measure | Notes | 2021/22 | 2022/23 | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | 2025/26 | 2026/27 | +/o/- |
| Governance | | | | | | | | | |
| Satisfaction with community consultation and engagement | Community satisfaction rating out of 100 with the consultation and engagement efforts of Council | 1 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | ο |
| Roads | | | | | | | | | |
| Sealed local roads below the intervention level | Number of kms of sealed local roads below the renewal intervention level set by Council / Kms of sealed local roads | | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | ο |
| Statutory planning | | | | | | | | | |
| Planning applications decided within the relevant required time | Number of planning application decisions made within the relevant required time / Number of decisions made | 2 | 74.66% | 75.00% | 75.00% | 75.00% | 75.00% | 75.00% | ο |
| Waste management | | | | | | | | | |
| Kerbside collection waste diverted from landfill | Weight of recyclables and green organics collected from kerbside bins / Weight of garbage, recyclables and green organics collected from kerbside bins | 3 | 55.57% | 58.00% | 60.00% | 60.00% | 60.00% | 60.00% | ο |

Targeted performance indicators – Financial

| Indicator | Magging | Notes | Actual | Forecast | Target | Tar | ions | Trend | |
|---------------------|--|-------|---------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| indicator | Measure | No | 2021/22 | 2022/23 | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | 2025/26 | 2026/27 | +/o/- |
| Liquidity | | | | | | | | | |
| Working Capital | Current assets / current liabilities | | 310.17% | 445.54% | 150.00% | 150.00% | 150.00% | 150.00% | о |
| Obligations | | | | | | | | | |
| Asset renewal | Asset renewal and upgrade expense / Asset depreciation | | 540.62% | 228.01% | 125.00% | 125.00% | 125.00% | 125.00% | ο |
| Stability | | | | | | | | | |
| Rates concentration | Rate revenue / adjusted underlying revenue | 4 | 63.30% | 65.49% | 65.00% | 65.00% | 65.00% | 65.00% | ο |
| Efficiency | | | | | | | | | |
| Expenditure level | Total expenses / no. of property assessments | 5 | \$3,824 | \$4,067 | \$3,800 | \$3,800 | \$3,800 | \$3,800 | 0 |

5.1. Financial performance indicators

The following table highlights Council's current and projected performance across a range of key financial performance indicators. These indicators provide a useful analysis of Council's financial position and performance and should be interpreted in the context of the organisation's objectives. The financial performance indicators below are the prescribed financial performance indicators contained in Part 3 of Schedule 3 of the Local Government (Planning and Reporting) Regulations 2020. Results against these indicators will be reported in Council's Performance Statement included in the Annual Report.

| | 5 | es | Actual | Forecast | Budget | | | Trend | |
|----------------------------|---|-------|---------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| Indicator | Measure | Notes | 2021/22 | 2023/24 | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | 2025/26 | 2026/27 | +/o/- |
| Operating position | | | | | | | | | |
| Adjusted underlying result | Adjusted underlying surplus (deficit) / Adjusted underlying revenue | 6 | 5.58% | -1.93% | -2.54% | -3.30% | -0.21% | 0.48% | + |
| Liquidity | | | | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted cash | Unrestricted cash / current liabilities | 7 | 43.90% | -82.17% | 93.68% | 84.18% | 66.51% | 74.68% | - |

| | | es | Actual | Forecast | Budget | | Projections | ; | Trend |
|----------------------|---|-------|---------|----------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|-------|
| Indicator | Measure | Notes | 2021/22 | 2023/24 | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | 2025/26 | 2026/27 | +/o/- |
| Obligations | | | | | | | | | |
| Loans and borrowings | Interest bearing loans and borrowings / rate revenue | | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | ο |
| Loans and borrowings | Interest and principal repayments on interest bearing loans and borrowings / rate revenue | | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | ο |
| Indebtedness | Non-current liabilities / own source revenue | | 1.09% | 1.02% | 1.05% | 1.05% | 1.04% | 1.04% | + |
| Stability | | | | | | | | | |
| Rates effort | Rate revenue / CIV of rateable properties in the municipality | | 0.24% | 0.25% | 0.25% | 0.25% | 0.25% | 0.25% | o |
| Efficiency | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue level | General rates and municipal charges / no. of property assessments | 8 | \$2,186 | \$2,225 | \$2,325 | \$2,406 | \$2,483 | \$2,563 | - |

Key to Forecast Trend:

'+' Forecasts improvement in Council's financial performance / financial position indicator, 'O' Forecasts that Council's financial performance / financial position indicator will be steady and '-' Forecasts deterioration in Council's financial performance / financial position indicator

Notes to indicators

- 1. Satisfaction with community consultation and engagement Target is well above the State-wide average and small rural Council average of 54.
- 2. Planning applications decided within the relevant required time Target is above the State-wide average of 67% and small rural Council average of 69%.
- 3. Kerbside collection waste diverted from landfill Target is above the State-wide average of 48% and small rural Council average of 38%.
- 4. Rates concentration Rates and charges continues to represent a significant source of income for Council.

- 5. *Expenditure level* The majority of expenditure incurred by Queenscliffe is non-discretionary and part of managing the services expected of a local council. Given the very small ratepayer base, this translates into a level of expenditure per property assessment which is higher than the outcome for most of the other local councils. However, the target is still below the small rural Council average of \$4,036 per property assessment.
- 6. *Adjusted underlying result* This is an important measure of financial sustainability and an indicator of the operating result required to enable Council to continue to provide core services and meet its objectives.

The Local Government Performance Reporting Framework (LGPRF) based projected underlying result for the 2023–24 year is a deficit of \$331,000 (- 2.54%).

The LGPRF based underlying result is impacted by the timing of recurrent operating grants (especially FAG), non-recurring operating grants and nonrecurring operating expenses included in the budget of a particular year. As a result, the underlying result is more meaningful when it is assessed excluding the impact of non-recurring operating income and expense items and adjusted for the timing of recurring operating grants, where applicable, as defined in the Council Plan of the Borough.

The projected adjusted underlying result after excluding non-recurring operating expenses, non-recurring operating grants and adjusted for the timing of recurring operating grants is a surplus of \$139,000 (1.22%) for the 2023-24 financial year.

- 7. Unrestricted cash Term deposits with original maturities of more than 90 days are considered restricted cash. However, the budget indicates that Council will have sufficient cash not restricted by any external obligation to cover its current liabilities. The budget is prepared based on the assumption that Council will invest in term deposits with original maturities of more than 90 days to optimise interest income in line with Council Policy CP011: Investment of Available Funds.
- 8. *Revenue level* Rate revenue represents a high proportion of Queenscliffe's revenue. Given the very small ratepayer base, this translates into a level of rate revenue per property assessment which is higher than the outcome for most of the other local councils.

Appendix A: Fees and charges schedule

This appendix presents the fees and charges of a statutory and non-statutory nature which will be charged in respect to various goods and services provided during the 2023–24 year.

The following information is listed for each type of fee charged by Council:

- Program / activity to which the user fee relates (example: law enforcement)
- Type of fee charged (example: dog registration)
- More details regarding each fee type (example: dog registration sterilised dog)
- An indication as to whether the fee is legislated or at the discretion of Council
- Whether the fee is inclusive of GST, or if in fact GST does not apply to the fee
- Fees for both the current year (2022–23) and proposed fees for the next year (2023–24)
- % increase in fees compared with that charged for the previous year

| | | | Legislated | GST | 2022–23 | Actual | 2023–24 E | Budget |
|----------------------|---|---|------------|--------|---------|----------|-------------|----------|
| Program / Activity | Fees & Charges Type | Fees & Charges Detail | Fee (Y/N) | (Y/N) | | % | | % |
| | | | | ('/'\) | Price | Increase | Price | Increase |
| Rates and | Land Information Certificates * | Per certificate | Y | Ν | \$27.85 | 1.6% | \$28.90 | 3.8% |
| charges | Rates Debt Collection Fee | Per debt collection agency letter issued | Ν | Y | | Removed | \$22.00 | New |
| | Rates Debt Collection-Legal Fee | Per legal procedure enforced | N | Ν | | | Based on | New |
| | | | | | | | actual cost | |
| | Rates Debt Collection-Other | Per legal procedure enforced | N | Y | | | Based on | New |
| | Charges | | | | | | actual cost | |
| | Current year rates notices | Per notice fee (up to 20 minutes) | N | Ν | \$0.00 | 0.0% | \$0.00 | 0.0% |
| | Previous year rates notices | Per notice fee (up to 20 minutes) | N | N | \$17.00 | 6.3% | \$17.00 | 0.0% |
| | Rate history enquiry | Administration fee (per hour) | N | N | \$52.00 | 2.0% | \$55.00 | 5.8% |
| | Rate Refund – Due to ratepayer error | Per Refund Request – Discretionary | N | N | \$10.00 | New | \$15.00 | 50.0% |
| | Dishonoured Cheque/Direct Debit | Per cheque dishonoured – Australia Post | N | N | \$25.00 | 0.0% | \$25.00 | 0.0% |
| | Rejections Fee | transactions | | | | | | |
| | | Per cheque dishonoured – Bank transactions | N | N | \$10.00 | 0.0% | \$10.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Per Direct /Debit rejection – Bank transactions | N | N | \$10.00 | New | \$2.50 | -75.0% |
| Administration | Photocopy charges – per page | Own paper supplied | N | Y | \$0.40 | 14.3% | | Removed |
| | | A4 paper | N | Y | \$0.45 | 12.5% | \$0.50 | 11.1% |
| | | A3 paper | N | Y | \$0.70 | 7.7% | \$0.75 | 7.1% |
| | | A4 colour copy | N | Y | \$1.35 | 3.8% | \$1.40 | 3.7% |
| | | A3 colour copy | N | Y | \$1.85 | 2.8% | \$1.90 | 2.7% |
| | | A4 laminating | N | Y | \$2.60 | 4.0% | \$2.60 | 0.0% |
| | | A3 laminating | N | Y | \$4.45 | 3.5% | \$4.45 | 0.0% |
| | Freedom of Information Request* | Per Application | Y | Ν | \$30.60 | 1.7% | \$31.80 | 3.9% |
| * Subject to revisio | n in line with the Gazetted fees and char | ges (Victorian Government Gazette: G16). | | | | | | |

| | | | Logialated | COT | 2022–23 / | Actual | 2023–24 E | Budget |
|--------------------|--------------------------|---|-------------------------|--------------|-----------|----------|----------------------|----------|
| Program / Activity | Fees & Charges Type | Fees & Charges Detail | Legislated Fee (Y/N) | GST (Y/N) | | % | | % |
| | | | | (,,,,,, | Price | Increase | Price | Increase |
| Facility hire | Per day hire – Town Hall | Social Events / Functions – Charity | N | Y | \$0.00 | 0.0% | \$0.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Social Events / Functions – BoQ organisations/BoQ community groups | N | Y | \$200.00 | 0.0% | \$200.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Social Events / Functions – Private events (Full day) | N | Y | \$500.00 | 0.0% | \$500.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Social Events / Functions – Private events (Half Day) | N | Y | \$300.00 | 0.0% | \$300.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Set-up fee for events in the Town Hall | N | Y | \$0.00 | 0.0% | Based on actual cost | 0.0% |
| | | Commercial (Full day) | Ν | Y | \$800.00 | 0.0% | \$800.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Commercial (Half Day) | Ν | Y | \$500.00 | 0.0% | \$500.00 | 0.0% |
| | Per day hire – Pavilion | Social Events / Functions – BoQ organisations/BoQ community groups – per day | N | Y | \$100.00 | -50.0% | \$100.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Social Events / Functions – Other users – per day | N | Y | \$200.00 | 0.0% | \$200.00 | 0.0% |
| | Per day hire – Pavilion | Social Events / Functions – BoQ organisations/BoQ community groups – per hour | N | Y | | | \$25.00 | New |
| | | Power usage only | N | Y | \$0.00 | 0.0% | | Removed |
| | Per day hire – Oval | Booking fee | N | Y | \$84.00 | 2.4% | \$84.00 | 0.0% |
| Visitor | Heritage Walks | Heritage Walk – with cup of tea | N | Y | \$18.00 | 20.0% | \$20.00 | 11.1% |
| Information | | Heritage Walk – walk only | N | Y | \$10.00 | New | \$10.00 | 0.0% |
| Centre | | Cemetery | N | Y | | | \$10.00 | New |
| | Bike Hire | Bike Hire – 4 hours | Ν | Y | \$30.00 | New | \$30.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Bike Hire – Full day (7 hours) | Ν | Y | \$40.00 | New | \$40.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Deposit per hire (refundable) | Ν | Y | \$50.00 | New | \$50.00 | 0.0% |
| | Display Banners | Per week | N | Y | \$20.00 | 0.0% | \$20.00 | 0.0% |
| | Souvenirs** | Per item | N | Y | Various | | Various | |

| | | | 1!-! | CCT | 2022–23 | Actual | 2023–24 E | Budget |
|--------------------|--|--|-------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Program / Activity | Fees & Charges Type | Fees & Charges Detail | Legislated Fee (Y/N) | GST (Y/N) | Price | % Increase | Price | % Increase |
| Visitor | Auditorium hire | Local group & local not for profit– per hour | N | Y | | | \$0.00 | New |
| Information | | Not for profit – per hour | Ν | Y | | | \$20.00 | New |
| Centre Cont. | | Business/ commercial – per hour | Ν | Y | | | \$50.00 | New |
| | Tour bus local tour guide fee | Per person | Ν | Y | | | \$5.00 | New |
| Aged Care | Charges dependant on client means test | Home Care | Ν | N | \$5.45 – \$20.95 | 2.9% | \$5.65 – \$21.70 | 3.6% |
| | | Personal Care | Ν | N | \$5.45 – \$20.95 | 2.9% | \$5.65 – \$21.70 | 3.6% |
| | | Respite Care | Ν | Ν | \$2.85 | 3.6% | \$2.95 | 3.5% |
| | | Home Maintenance | N | N | \$11.20 – \$19.35 | 2.9% | \$11.60 – \$20.05 | 3.6% |
| | | Travel fees per km | N | Y | \$1.44 | 20.0% | \$1.49 | 3.5% |
| | Other Agencies \$/hour | Home Care | Ν | Y | \$61.80 | 20.0% | \$63.95 | 3.5% |
| | | Personal Care | Ν | Y | \$64.74 | 20.0% | \$67.00 | 3.5% |
| | | Respite Care | N | Y | \$66.06 | 20.0% | \$68.35 | 3.5% |
| | | Home Maintenance | N | Y | \$75.18 | 20.0% | \$77.80 | 3.5% |
| | | Travel fees per km | N | Y | \$1.44 | 20.0% | \$1.49 | 3.5% |
| | On-Call Case Managed Client fee | Per hour (minimum 1 hour per call-out) | N | Y | \$90.00 – \$225.00 | New | \$93.00 – \$233.00 | 3.6% |
| | Case Management Fee | Monthly fee | Ν | Y | \$50.00 | New | \$51.75 | 3.5% |
| Engineering | Build Over Easement Permit* | Per permit | Y | Ν | \$299.80 | 1.7% | \$311.80 | 4.0% |
| | Legal Point of Discharge Enquiry* | Per enquiry | Y | Ν | \$149.30 | 1.7% | \$155.30 | 4.0% |
| | Works Within Road Reserve Permits | Per permit | Ν | Ν | \$125.00 | 4.2% | \$132.00 | 5.6% |
| | Cross-over Reinstatement | Provision of asphalt (incl. administrative costs) – per square metre | N | N | \$0.00 | 0.0% | | Removed |
| | Electric vehicle charge rate | Fee charge rate c/Kwh | N | Y | | | \$0.45 | New |

| | | | Logialated | GST | 2022–23 / | Actual | 2023–24 B | ludget |
|--------------------|--|---|-------------------------|-------|------------|---------------|------------|---------------|
| Program / Activity | Fees & Charges Type | Fees & Charges Detail | Legislated Fee (Y/N) | (Y/N) | Price | % Increase | Price | % Increase |
| Building | Lodgement Fees – Building Permits* | Per lodgement | Y | N | \$125.80 | 1.7% | \$130.90 | 4.1% |
| | Building Certificate – Property Enquiry* | Per certificate | Y | Ν | \$48.75 | 1.8% | \$50.70 | 4.0% |
| | Building Surveyors Consent – Permit* | Per permit | Y | Ν | \$299.80 | 1.7% | \$311.80 | 4.0% |
| | Building Surveyors Consent – Permit* | Per permit – where land is liable to flooding | Y | Ν | \$299.80 | 1.7% | \$311.80 | 4.0% |
| | Copying of Building Permit Documentation | Per copy | N | Y | \$100 min. | | \$100 min. | |
| | Records Search Fee | Per search (Records kept on-site) | N | Y | \$125.00 | 8.7% | \$130.00 | 4.0% |
| | Records Search Fee | Per search (Records kept off-site) | N | Y | \$185.00 | 2.8% | \$190.00 | 2.7% |
| | Pool and Spa Registration Fee* | Per pool/spa | Y | Y | \$32.90 | 1.9% | \$34.20 | 4.0% |
| | Pool and Spa Customer Search Fee* | Per registration | Y | Y | \$48.70 | 1.7% | \$50.70 | 4.1% |
| Environmental | Food – Class 1*** | Per renewal | N | Ν | \$383.00 | 3.0% | \$483.00 | 26.1% |
| Health | Food – Class 2*** | Per renewal | N | Ν | | | \$396.00 | New |
| | Food – Class 3A*** | Per renewal | N | Ν | | | \$131.00 | New |
| | Food – Class 3*** | Per renewal | N | N | \$253.00 | 2.8% | \$262.00 | 3.6% |
| | Food – Class 4 | Per renewal | N | N | | | \$0.00 | New |
| | Class 1: New Food Premises Registration*** | Per registration | N | N | | | \$966.00 | New |
| | Class 2: New Food Premises Registration*** | Per registration | N | N | | | \$792.00 | New |
| | Class 3A: New Food Premises Registration*** | Per registration | N | Ν | | | \$262.00 | New |
| | Class 3: New Food Premises Registration*** | Per registration | N | Ν | | | \$524.00 | New |

| | | | Legislated | GST | 2022–23 / | Actual | 2023–24 B | ludget |
|--|--|-----------------------|------------|-------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|
| Environmental Cl Health Cont. Re fo Di In Ch al Fo Er Ex Ad Fo M M M M M M M | Fees & Charges Type | Fees & Charges Detail | Fee (Y/N) | (Y/N) | | % | | % |
| | | | | (.,, | Price | Increase | Price | Increase |
| | Class 4: New Food Premises Registration*** | Per registration | N | N | | | \$125.00 | New |
| | Change of Ownership Pre-Inspection for all Classes | Per request | N | N | | | \$262.00 | New |
| | Disclosure of Information for Pre- Inspection for all classes | Per request | N | N | | | \$125.00 | New |
| | Change of Ownership follow up for all classes | Per requirement | N | N | | | \$125.00 | New |
| | Food Sampling >2 samples | Per failed Sample | N | Ν | | | \$124.00 | New |
| | Environmental Health Accessories | Per request | N | N | | | \$25.00 | New |
| | Extra Environmental Health Administration | Per request | N | N | | | \$77.00 | New |
| | Food – Class 3 (50%-part year fee) | Per registration | N | N | \$127.00 | 3.3% | | Removed |
| | Mobile food premises – Class 2*** | Per renewal | N | Ν | \$383.00 | 3.0% | \$396.00 | 3.4% |
| | Mobile Food premises Class 2 New premises Registration*** | Per registration | N | N | | | \$792.00 | New |
| | Mobile food premises – Class 3*** | Per renewal | N | Ν | \$253.00 | 2.8% | \$262.00 | 3.6% |
| | Mobile Food premises Class 3 New premises Registration*** | Per registration | N | N | | | \$524.00 | New |
| | Mobile Food premises Class 3A *** | Per renewal | N | N | | | \$125.00 | New |
| | Mobile Food premises Class 3A New premises Registration*** | Per registration | N | N | | | \$262.00 | New |
| | Mobile Food premises Class 4 | Per renewal | N | N | | | \$0.00 | New |
| | Mobile Food premises Class 4 New premises Registration*** | Per registration | N | N | | | \$125.00 | New |
| | Accommodation*** | Per renewal | N | N | \$383.00 | 3.0% | \$396.00 | 3.4% |
| | Accommodation New Premises Registration*** | Per registration | N | N | | | \$792.00 | New |

| er registration er renewal er registration er transfer inspection onstruct, install or alter Onsite Waste anagement System Variable application Fee inor Alteration to Onsite Waste Management | Legislated Fee (Y/N) N N N N N N | GST (Y/N) N N N | Price \$191.00 | % Increase 3.2% | Price \$1,188.00 | % Increase New |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|
| er renewal er registration er transfer inspection onstruct, install or alter Onsite Waste anagement System Variable application Fee | N N N N | N | | | \$1,188.00 | |
| er renewal er registration er transfer inspection onstruct, install or alter Onsite Waste anagement System Variable application Fee | N N N | N | \$191.00 | 3.2% | | New |
| er registration er transfer inspection onstruct, install or alter Onsite Waste lanagement System Variable application Fee | N N | | \$191.00 | 3.2% | 4 | |
| er transfer inspection onstruct, install or alter Onsite Waste lanagement System Variable application Fee | N | Ν | | | \$198.00 | 3.7% |
| onstruct, install or alter Onsite Waste anagement System Variable application Fee | | | | | \$396.00 | New |
| anagement System Variable application Fee | | Ν | \$201.00 | 3.1% | | Removed |
| inor Alteration to Onsite Waste Management | Y | Ν | \$423.00 | 2.9% | \$777.00 to \$2,153.00 | |
| rstem – Regulation 196 (1)(a),(3) | Y | N | \$211.00 | 2.9% | \$592.00 | |
| ansfer a Permit – Regulation 197 | Y | Ν | | | \$158.00 | |
| mend a Permit – Regulation 198 | Y | Ν | | | \$165.00 | |
| enew a Permit – Regulation 200 | Y | Ν | | | \$132.00 | |
| emption – Regulation 199 Variable application e | Y | N | | | \$233.00 to \$976.00 | |
| er for-profit organisation | N | N | \$211.00 | 2.9% | \$218.00 | 3.3% |
| er community organisation (up to 12 events held ach year) | Ν | Ν | \$0.00 | 0.0% | \$0.00 | 0.0% |
| er community organisation (more than 12 events eld each year) | Ν | N | \$191.00 | 3.2% | \$198.00 | 3.7% |
| er community organisation (more than 12 events eld each year) | Ν | Ν | \$126.00 | 3.3% | \$130.00 | 3.2% |
| er community organisation (more than 12 events eld each year) | Ν | N | | | \$99.00 | New |
| er community organisation | N | N | \$0.00 | 0.0% | \$0.00 | 0.0% |
| er renewal | Ν | Ν | \$192.00 | 3.2% | \$199.00 | 3.6% |
| 2 2 | d each year) r community organisation r renewal Victorian Government Gazette: G16). | r community organisation N r renewal N | Id each year) N r community organisation N r renewal N Victorian Government Gazette: G16). | Id each year) N N \$0.00 r community organisation N N \$0.00 r renewal N N \$192.00 | Id each year) N N \$0.00 0.0% r community organisation N N \$192.00 3.2% | Id each year) Id each year) Id each year) Ir community organisation N N \$0.00 Ir renewal N N \$192.00 3.2% Victorian Government Gazette: G16). Victorian Government Gazette: G16). Victorian Government Gazette: G16). |

| Program / Activity F | | | Lasialatad | GST | 2022–23 / | Actual | 2023–24 B | udget |
|-------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------|--------------|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|
| Program / Activity | Fees & Charges Type | Fees & Charges Detail | Legislated Fee (Y/N) | GST (Y/N) | | % | | % |
| | | | , | (.,, | Price | Increase | Price | Increase |
| Environmental Health Cont. | Sporting Clubs Season Registration – Class 2 & 3 New registration*** | Per registration | Ν | N | | | \$396.00 | New |
| | Associated fixed premise (temporary food) *** | Per renewal | N | N | \$0.00 | 0.0% | \$0.00 | 0.0% |
| | Associated fixed premise (temporary food) New registration*** | Per registration | N | N | | | \$99.00 | New |
| own Planning F | Planning Permit – new application* | Per permit (fee depends on Class) – from Lowest (Class 2) | Y | N | \$206.40 | 1.7% | \$214.70 | 4.0% |
| | | Per permit (fee depends on Class) – to Highest (Class 16) | Y | N | \$59,539.20 | 1.7% | \$61,914.60 | 4.0% |
| | Planning Permit – extension of time* | First request | Ν | N | \$206.40 | 1.7% | \$214.70 | 4.0% |
| | | Second request | Ν | Ν | | | \$429.40 | New |
| | | Third and subsequent request | Ν | Ν | | | \$644.10 | New |
| | Planning Permit – amendment* | Per permit (fee depends on Class) – from Lowest (Class 2) | Y | N | \$206.40 | 1.7% | \$214.70 | 4.0% |
| | | Per permit (fee depends on Class) – to Highest (Class 16) | Y | N | \$3,524.30 | 1.7% | \$3,665.00 | 4.0% |
| | Planning Permit – subdivision/restriction/easement/not otherwise provided for in regulations* | Per subdivision | Y | N | \$1,360.80 | 1.7% | \$1,415.10 | 4.0% |
| | Certification – subdivision* | Per subdivision | Y | N | \$180.40 | 1.7% | \$187.60 | 4.0% |
| ļ | Alteration of plan – subdivision* | Per subdivision | Y | Ν | | | \$119.30 | |
| | Amendment of certified plan – subdivision* | Per subdivision | Y | N | | | \$151.10 | |
| ŀ | Section 29A request* | Per request | Y | Ν | \$87.90 | 1.7% | \$91.40 | 4.0% |
| | | Per infringement – natural person | Y | N | \$924.60 | 1.7% | \$961.50 | 4.0% |

| | | | Lo stalato d | CCT | 2022–23 | Actual | 2023–24 B | udget |
|--------------------|---|---|-------------------------|--------------|------------|---|------------|---------------|
| Program / Activity | Fees & Charges Type | Fees & Charges Detail | Legislated Fee (Y/N) | GST (Y/N) | Price | % Increase | Price | % Increase |
| Town Planning | Planning Infringements* | Per infringement – body corporate | Y | N | \$1,849.20 | 1.7% | \$1,923.10 | 4.0% |
| Cont. | Secondary consent* | Standard | Ν | Y | \$405.80 | New | \$429.40 | 5.8% |
| | | VicSmart | Ν | Y | \$202.90 | New | \$214.70 | 5.8% |
| | Planning Permit – Request | Copy of endorsed plans | Ν | Y | \$13.00 | New | \$13.50 | 3.8% |
| | | Copy of permit | Ν | Y | \$52.00 | New | \$53.80 | 3.5% |
| | | Request for planning information in writing. | Ν | Y | \$126.90 | New | \$131.30 | 3.5% |
| | Amend or end a Section 173 agreement* | Per request | Y | N | | | \$707.60 | |
| | Satisfaction matters/Certificate of Compliance under Section 97N* | Per request | Y | N | | | \$349.80 | |
| | Development Plan* | Application or amendment of development plan | Ν | Y | \$330.70 | New | \$349.80 | 5.8% |
| Local Laws | Dog Registrations – per registration Note: fees are in accordance with the | Declared Restricted Breed | Ν | Ν | \$500.00 | 0.0% | \$500.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Declared Menacing Breed | Ν | Ν | \$500.00 | 0.0% | \$500.00 | 0.0% |
| | Domestic Animals Act, where | Declared Dangerous Dog | Ν | Ν | \$500.00 | 0.0% | \$500.00 | 0.0% |
| | applicable. | Entire | Partially | Ν | \$117.00 | 2.6% | \$121.00 | 3.4% |
| | | Entire (pensioner concession) | Partially | Ν | \$59.00 | 3.5% | \$61.00 | 3.4% |
| | | Entire (6 months & under) | N | Ν | \$39.00 | \$405.80 New \$429.40 \$202.90 New \$214.70 \$13.00 New \$13.50 \$52.00 New \$53.80 \$126.90 New \$131.30 \$330.70 New \$349.80 \$500.00 0.0% \$500.00 \$500.00 0.0% \$500.00 \$500.00 0.0% \$500.00 \$500.00 0.0% \$500.00 \$500.00 0.0% \$500.00 \$500.00 0.0% \$500.00 \$500.00 3.5% \$61.00 | 2.6% | |
| | | Entire & Existing Microchipped | Partially | Ν | \$39.00 | 2.6% | \$40.00 | 2.6% |
| | | Registered Organisation (both owner and animal) | Partially | Ν | \$39.00 | 2.6% | \$40.00 | 2.6% |
| | | Desexed | Partially | Ν | \$39.00 | 2.6% | \$40.00 | 2.6% |
| | | Desexed & Microchipped | Partially | Ν | \$39.00 | 2.6% | \$40.00 | 2.6% |
| | | Desexed (Pensioner Concession) | Partially | Ν | \$20.00 | 5.3% | \$21.00 | 5.0% |
| | | Dual Registered | Ν | Ν | \$7.00 | 0.0% | \$7.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Guide Dog / Carer Dog* | Y | Ν | \$0.00 | 0.0% | \$0.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Replacement Dog Tag | Ν | Ν | \$2.00 | 0.0% | \$2.00 | 0.0% |

| | | | Locialated | CCT | 2022–23 | Actual | 2023–24 B | Budget |
|--------------------|---|---|-------------------------|--------------|----------|---------------|--------------------------------|---------------|
| Program / Activity | Fees & Charges Type | Fees & Charges Detail | Legislated Fee (Y/N) | GST (Y/N) | Price | % Increase | Price | % Increase |
| Local Laws Cont. | Cat Registrations – per registration Note: fees are in accordance with | Entire (not applicable in BoQ as local law does not allow entire cat) | N | N | n/a | | n/a | |
| | Domestic Animals Act, where | Registered Organisation (both owner and animal) | N | Ν | \$33.60 | 3.1% | \$34.80 | 3.6% |
| | applicable. | Microchipped (existing reg'ns only) | Partially | N | \$33.60 | 3.1% | \$34.80 | 3.6% |
| | | Desexed | Partially | Ν | \$33.60 | 3.1% | \$34.80 | 3.6% |
| | | Desexed & Microchipped | Partially | Ν | \$33.60 | 3.1% | \$34.80 | 3.6% |
| | | Desexed (Pensioner Concession) | Partially | Ν | \$16.80 | 3.1% | \$17.40 | 3.6% |
| | | Dual Registered | Ν | Ν | \$7.00 | 0.0% | \$7.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Replacement Cat Tag | Ν | Ν | \$2.00 | 0.0% | \$2.00 | 0.0% |
| | Local Law Permit Fees Note: unless otherwise stipulated, | Planting on or removal of plants from nature strip | Ν | Ν | Nil | | Nil | |
| | Note: unless otherwise stipulated, these are annual permit fees. | Keeping more animals or birds than prescribed – application fee | N | N | \$96.50 | 3.2% | \$100.00 | 3.6% |
| | | Keeping more animals or birds than prescribed – annual renewal | N | N | \$18.50 | 2.8% | % \$100.00 % \$19.00 Nil | 2.7% |
| | | Keeping an animal or bird not listed | N | N | Nil | | Nil | |
| | | Lighting a fire in the open | N | N | \$120.00 | 3.0% | \$124.00 | 3.3% |
| | | Builders' construction of temporary vehicle crossing | N | N | \$138.00 | 3.0% | \$143.00 | 3.6% |
| | | Tapping into Council drain | N | N | \$67.50 | 3.1% | \$70.00 | 3.7% |
| | | Road opening | Ν | Ν | \$138.00 | 3.0% | \$143.00 | 3.6% |
| | | Bringing a horse or donkey | N | N | \$30.50 | 3.4% | \$31.50 | 3.3% |
| | | Erecting booth, stall scaffolding etc. – for charitable purposes | N | N | Nil | | Nil | |
| | | Erecting booth, stall scaffolding etc. – for other purposes | N | N | \$186.00 | 3.0% | \$192.50 | 3.5% |
| | | Placing signs, displaying, or storing goods – for charitable purposes | N | N | Nil | | Nil | |

| | | | Locialated | CCT | 2022–23 | Actual | 2023–24 E | Budget |
|--------------------|---|---|-------------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Program / Activity | Fees & Charges Type | Fees & Charges Detail | Legislated Fee (Y/N) | GST (Y/N) | Price | % Increase | Price | % Increase |
| Local Laws Cont. | Local Law Permit Fees Cont. Note: unless otherwise stipulated, | Placing signs, displaying, or storing goods – for other purposes | Ν | N | \$38.00 | 2.7% | \$39.50 | 3.9% |
| | these are annual permit fees. | Placing signs, displaying, or storing goods – annually | Ν | N | \$112.00 | 3.2% | \$116.00 | 3.6% |
| | | Signage other than above | Ν | Ν | \$275.00 | | \$284.50 | 3.5% |
| | | Singing, playing a musical instrument, delivering a public address, using sound amplifying equipment – for charitable purposes | N | N | Nil | | Nil | |
| | | Singing, playing a musical instrument, delivering a public address, using sound amplifying equipment – for other purposes (<=7 days) | N | N | \$19.00 | 2.7% | \$19.50 | 2.6% |
| | | Singing, playing a musical instrument, delivering a public address, using sound amplifying equipment – for other purposes (annual permit) | N | N | \$62.50 | 3.3% | \$64.50 | 3.2% |
| | | Sell or hire or offer for sale or hire goods or services or raffle or lottery tickets – for charitable purposes | N | N | Nil | | Nil | |
| | | Sell or hire or offer for sale or hire goods or services or raffle or lottery tickets – for other purposes | N | N | By arrangement | | By arrangement | |
| | | Filming within the Borough – Feature Films & Commercials – First day | Ν | N | \$309.00 | 3.0% | \$320.00 | 3.6% |
| | | Filming within the Borough – Feature Films & Commercials – Subsequent day(s), per day | Ν | N | \$122.50 | 2.9% | \$127.00 | 3.7% |
| | | Filming within the Borough – Major Television Productions, low and medium budget films, telemovies – First day | N | N | \$247.00 | 2.9% | \$255.50 | 3.4% |

| | | | 1!-! | CCT | 2022–23 | Actual | 2023–24 B | ludget |
|--------------------|--|---|-------------------------|--------------|-------------------|----------|-------------------|----------|
| Program / Activity | Fees & Charges Type | Fees & Charges Detail | Legislated Fee (Y/N) | GST (Y/N) | | % | | % |
| | | | | (.,, | Price | Increase | Price | Increase |
| Local Laws Cont. | Local Law Permit Fees Cont. Note: unless otherwise stipulated, these are annual permit fees. | Filming within the Borough – Major Television Productions, low and medium budget films, telemovies – Subsequent day(s), per day | N | N | \$122.50 | 2.9% | \$127.00 | 3.7% |
| | | Filming within Borough – Commercial Stills Photography – First day | N | N | \$187.00 | 3.0% | \$193.50 | 3.5% |
| | | Filming within the Borough – Commercial Stills Photography – Subsequent Day(s), per day | N | N | \$62.50 | 3.3% | \$64.50 | 3.2% |
| | | Filming within the Borough – Small Scale Television Productions – First day | N | N | \$122.50 | 2.9% | \$127.00 | 3.7% |
| | | Filming within the Borough – Small Scale Television Productions – Subsequent day(s), per day | N | N | \$62.50 | 3.3% | \$64.50 | 3.2% |
| | | Filming within the Borough – Productions for Charities | N | N | By arrangement | | By arrangement | |
| | | Using a crane, hoist, or movable platform etc. | Ν | Ν | \$186.00 | 3.0% | \$192.50 | 3.5% |
| | | Fly an engine powered model airplane | Ν | Ν | \$38.00 | 2.7% | \$39.50 | 3.9% |
| | | Landing a helicopter – weekdays 9am-5pm | Ν | Ν | \$120.00 | 3.0% | \$124.00 | 3.3% |
| | | Landing a helicopter – weeknights and all day Saturday | N | N | \$240.50 | 3.0% | \$249.00 | 3.5% |
| | | Landing a helicopter – all day on a Sunday | Ν | Ν | \$361.00 | 3.0% | \$373.50 | 3.5% |
| | | Removing paint, painting, or repairing a vehicle or boat in a public place – per permit | N | N | \$1,204.50 | 3.0% | \$1,246.50 | 3.5% |
| | | Place a skip – accredited & have insurance – per week | N | N | \$38.00 | 2.7% | \$39.50 | 3.9% |
| | | Place a skip – non-accredited – per week | N | N | \$99.50 | 3.1% | \$103.00 | 3.5% |
| | | Events – local law – weddings | Ν | N | \$0.00 | 0.0% | \$0.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Events – local law – major event (promote or conduct an event for which an entry fee is charged, or which is intended to make a profit) | N | N | By arrangement | | By arrangement | |

| | | | Legislated | GST | 2022–23 / | Actual | 2023–24 B | udget |
|--------------------|---|--|------------|--------|-------------------|----------|-------------------|----------|
| Program / Activity | Fees & Charges Type | Fees & Charges Detail | Fee (Y/N) | (Y/N) | | % | | % |
| | | | | (1/14) | Price | Increase | Price | Increase |
| _ocal Laws Cont. | Local Law Permit Fees Cont. | Conduct a road activity – for charitable purposes | Ν | N | Nil | | Nil | |
| | Note: unless otherwise stipulated, | Conduct a road activity – for other purposes | Ν | N | \$62.50 | 3.3% | \$64.50 | 3.2% |
| | these are annual permit fees. | Camping or keeping a caravan in a public place or private land - per day (NIL for the first 6 weeks on private land) | N | N | \$32.50 | 3.2% | \$33.50 | 3.1% |
| | | Special uses and events | N | N | By arrangement | | By arrangement | |
| | | Street appeals – for charitable purposes | Ν | Ν | Nil | | Nil | |
| | | Street appeals – for other purposes | Ν | Ν | \$122.50 | 2.9% | \$127.00 | 3.7% |
| | | Consumption of liquor | Ν | N | \$5.80 | 1.8% | \$6.00 | 3.4% |
| | | Itinerant trading (roadside vendors) | N | N | By arrangement | | By arrangement | |
| | | Failure to comply with a notice to comply (three penalty units) * | Y | N | \$554.80 | 1.8% | \$576.90 | 4.0% |
| | Parking Fees – per bay (where | Per day | N | N | \$10.00 | 0.0% | \$10.00 | 0.0% |
| | footpath area used for works, thus requiring pedestrians to use | Per week (based on a seven-day week) | N | N | \$40.00 | 0.0% | \$40.00 | 0.0% |
| | designated parking bays as footpaths) | Per month (based on a calendar month) | N | N | \$100.00 | 0.0% | \$100.00 | 0.0% |
| | Parking Fines – per infringement | Minimum fee* | Y | N | \$76.00 | 1.3% | \$96.00 | 26.3% |
| | | Medium fee* | Y | Ν | \$107.00 | 1.9% | \$115.00 | 7.5% |
| | | Maximum fee* | Y | N | \$184.00 | 1.7% | \$192.00 | 4.3% |
| | | Courtesy letter fee | Y | N | \$23.00 | 0.0% | \$28.00 | 21.7% |
| | Fire Hazard Charges | Failing to comply with a fire prevention notice* | Y | Ν | \$1,849.00 | 1.8% | \$1,923.00 | 4.0% |
| | Fire Hazard Charges | Failing to obtain a permit to conduct road opening* | Y | Ν | \$352.00 | 1.7% | \$365.00 | 3.7% |

| | | | La stalata d | CCT | 2022–23 / | Actual | 2023–24 B | udget |
|--|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|--------------|------------|---------------|------------|---------------|
| Local Laws Cont. A Foreshore Other T Fourist Parks G | Fees & Charges Type | Fees & Charges Detail | Legislated Fee (Y/N) | GST (Y/N) | Price | % Increase | Price | % Increase |
| Local Laws Cont. | Animal Infringements | Dog not on lead in public place* | Y | Ν | \$184.00 | 1.7% | \$192.00 | 4.3% |
| | _ | Dog wandering at large, daytime* | Y | N | \$277.00 | 1.8% | \$288.00 | 4.0% |
| | | Dog wandering at large, nighttime* | Y | Ν | \$369.00 | 1.7% | \$385.00 | 4.3% |
| | | Failure to register a dog or cat* | Y | Ν | \$369.00 | 1.7% | \$385.00 | 4.3% |
| | | Registered dog or cat not wearing tag* | Y | Ν | \$92.00 | 2.2% | \$96.00 | 4.3% |
| | | Unregistered dog or cat wearing a tag* | Y | N | \$92.00 | 2.2% | \$96.00 | 4.3% |
| | | Contravening council order regarding dogs or cats in public place* | Y | N | \$184.00 | 1.7% | \$192.00 | 4.3% |
| | | Dog or cat being a nuisance* | Y | N | \$92.00 | 2.2% | \$96.00 | 4.3% |
| | | Cat at large or not securely confined to owner's premises* | Y | N | \$184.00 | 1.7% | \$192.00 | 4.3% |
| | | Greyhounds not muzzled or chain outside owner's premises* | Y | N | \$277.00 | 1.8% | \$288.00 | 4.0% |
| | | Non-compliance of order to abate nuisance* | Y | N | \$313.00 | 1.7% | \$327.00 | 4.5% |
| Foreshore Other | Tour Operator Licence | Licence (permit to carry out recreational business for profit on Crown Land managed by Council) * | Y | Y | \$313.10 | 1.7% | \$330.40 | 5.5% |
| | Recreational activities | Permit to carry out recreational activities on Land owned by Council* | Y | Y | | | \$330.40 | New |
| Tourist Parks | Golightly | Annual fees – A | N | Y | \$9,644.00 | 3.0% | \$9,982.00 | 3.5% |
| | | Annual fees – B | N | Y | \$8,812.00 | 3.0% | \$9,120.00 | 3.5% |
| | | Annual fees – C | Ν | Y | \$8,449.00 | 3.0% | \$8,745.00 | 3.5% |
| | Recreation Reserve | Annual fees | N | Y | \$6,319.00 | 3.0% | \$6,540.00 | 3.5% |
| | Victoria Park | Annual fees | N | Y | \$6,319.00 | 3.0% | \$6,540.00 | 3.5% |
| | All parks | Annual fees – Transfer of ownership | N | Y | \$250.00 | 0.0% | \$250.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Annual fees – Valuation fee | N | Y | \$200.00 | 400.0% | \$220.00 | 10.0% |

| | | | Lo stalato d | CCT | 2022–23 | Actual | 2023–24 E | Budget |
|---------------------------|---|--|-------------------------|--------------|--|--|--|-----------|
| Tourist Parks Se Cont. | Fees & Charges Type | Fees & Charges Detail | Legislated Fee (Y/N) | GST (Y/N) | | % | | % |
| | | | | | | | | Increase |
| Tourist Parks | Seasonal Package – All Parks*** | 1 December – 30 April | Ν | Y | | | | 3.5% |
| Cont. | | 1 December – 31 March | Ν | Y | | | \$5,205.00 | 3.5% |
| | | 1 December – 28 February | Ν | Y | % % Price Increase \$5,780.00 3.0% \$ \$5,029.00 3.0% \$ \$3,982.00 3.0% \$ \$2,617.00 3.0% \$ \$2,656.00 3.0% \$ \$1,838.00 3.0% \$ \$1,092.00 3.0% \$ \$1,092.00 3.0% \$ \$1,092.00 3.0% \$ \$1,092.00 3.0% \$ \$1,002.00 3.0% \$ \$100 0.0% \$ \$15.00 0.0% \$ \$15.00 30.8% \$ \$45.00 30.8% \$ \$45.00 12.5% \$ 20% 20% 30% | \$4,121.00 | 3.5% | |
| | | 26 December – 31 January | Ν | Y | \$2,617.00 | 3.0% | 3.0% \$5,982.00 3.0% \$5,205.00 3.0% \$4,121.00 3.0% \$2,709.00 3.0% \$2,749.00 3.0% \$1,902.00 3.0% \$1,130.00 2.8% \$145.00 2.7% \$77.00 0.0% \$15.00 30.8% \$88.00 30.0% \$67.00 12.5% \$47.00 20% Discount \$67.00 | 3.5% |
| | | 6 February – 30 April | Ν | Y | \$2,656.00 | 3.0% | | 3.5% |
| | | 6 February – 31 March | Ν | Y | \$1,838.00 | 3.0% | \$1,902.00 | 3.5% |
| | | 6 February – 28 February | Ν | Y | \$1,092.00 | 3.0% | \$1,130.00 | 3.5% |
| | Additional persons **** | Extra adult on annual permit or seasonal package | Ν | Y | \$145.00 | 2.8% | \$145.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Extra child on annual permit or seasonal package | Ν | Y | \$77.00 | 2.7% | \$77.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Extra adult – Casual site, per night | Ν | Y | \$15.00 | % Price 3.0% \$5,982.00 3.0% \$5,205.00 3.0% \$5,205.00 3.0% \$4,121.00 3.0% \$2,709.00 3.0% \$2,709.00 3.0% \$2,749.00 3.0% \$1,902.00 3.0% \$1,902.00 3.0% \$1,130.00 2.8% \$145.00 2.7% \$77.00 0.0% \$15.00 0.0% \$10.00 30.8% \$88.00 30.0% \$67.00 12.5% \$47.00 30% Discount 30% Discount | 0.0% | |
| | | Extra child – Casual site, per night | Ν | Y | \$10.00 | 0.0% | \$10.00 | 0.0% |
| | Casual – per night ***** (Powered site) | Peak (26 December – 31 January, Easter Holidays, Public Holidays, Special Events) | N | Y | \$85.00 | 30.8% | \$88.00 | 3.5% |
| | | Shoulder (1 September to 26 December, 1 February – 30 April) | N | Y | \$65.00 | 30.0% | \$67.00 | 3.1% |
| | | Low (1 May – 31 August) | Ν | Y | \$45.00 | 12.5% | \$47.00 | 4.4% |
| | | Discount applied for bookings more than 7 nights – Shoulder season only | | | | | 20% Discount | |
| | | Discount applied for bookings more than 7 nights – Low season only | | | | | 30% Discount | New |
| | | Shoulder/ Low season – If there is availability, an adjacent camp site will be offered to customer at 20% discount for boat parking (must have a camp site booked to park boat.) | | | 20% Discount | | | Removed |
| **** All Seasonal P | Packages are based on 2 adults only | | | <u> </u> | | | | |
| | | extra rates, during shoulder and off peak only | | | | | | |
| | | an park accommodation, casual rates for camping may | be varied to | a maxin | num discount of | f 20%. A 20% | 6 premium may a | lso apply |
| | | iscounts to be approved by Caravan Park management | | | | | • | |

| | | | 1!-! | CCT | 2022–23 | Actual | 2023–24 B | udget |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|--------------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|
| Program / Activity | Fees & Charges Type | Fees & Charges Detail | Legislated Fee (Y/N) | GST (Y/N) | | % | | % |
| | | | | (,,,,,,, | Price | Increase | Price | Increase |
| Tourist Parks Cont. | Cabins – per night Water View 1-3 | Water View 1-3 – Peak (26 December – 31 January, Easter Holidays, Public Holidays, Special Events) – Sun to Thur | N | Y | \$295.00 | 7.7% | \$295.00 | 0.0% |
| S | | Water View 1-3 – Peak (26 December – 31 January, Easter Holidays, Public Holidays, Special Events) – Fri & Sat | N | Y | | | \$310.00 | New |
| | | Water View 1-3 – Shoulder (1 September to 26 December, 1 February – 30 April) – Sun to Thur | N | Y | \$255.00 | 15.9% | \$255.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Water View 1-3 – Shoulder (1 September to 26 December, 1 February – 30 April) – Fri & Sat | N | Y | | | \$270.00 | New |
| | | Water View 1-3 – Low (1 May – 31 August) – Sun to Thur | N | Y | \$200.00 | 8.1% | \$200.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Water View 1-3 – Low (1 May – 31 August) – Fri & Sat | N | Y | | | \$210.00 | New |
| | Cabins – per night Park View 4-5 | Park View 4-5 – Peak (26 December – 31 January, Easter Holidays, Public Holidays, Special Events) – Sun to Thur | N | Y | \$275.00 | 1.9% | \$275.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Park View 4-5 – Peak (26 December – 31 January, Easter Holidays, Public Holidays, Special Events) – Fri & Sat | N | Y | | | \$290.00 | New |
| | | Park View 4-5 – Shoulder (1 September to 26 December, 1 February – 30 April) – Sun to Thur | N | Y | \$200.00 | -4.8% | \$200.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Park View 4-5 – Shoulder (1 September to 26 December, 1 February – 30 April) – Fri & Sat | N | Y | | | \$210.00 | New |
| | | Park View 4-5 – Low (1 May – 31 August) – Sun to Thur | N | Y | \$180.00 | 2.9% | \$180.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Park View 4-5 – Low (1 May – 31 August) – Fri & Sat | N | Y | | | \$190.00 | New |

| Program / Activity | Fees & Charges Type | Fees & Charges Detail | Legislated Fee (Y/N) | GST (Y/N) | 2022–23 Actual | | 2023–24 Budget | |
|------------------------|---------------------------|--|-------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| | | | | | | % | | % |
| Tourist Parks Cont. | Budget cabins – per night | Budget Cabin ('Whale') – Peak (26 December – 31 January, Easter Holidays, Public Holidays, Special Events) – Sun to Thur | N | Y | Price \$180.00 | Increase 9.1% | Price \$180.00 | Increase 0.0% |
| | | Budget Cabin ('Whale') – Peak (26 December – 31 January, Easter Holidays, Public Holidays, Special Events) – Fri & Sat | N | Y | | | \$190.00 | New |
| | | Budget Cabin ('Whale') – Shoulder (1 September to 26 December, 1 February – 30 April) – Sun to Thur | N | Y | \$155.00 | 3.3% | \$155.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Budget Cabin ('Whale') – Shoulder (1 September to 26 December, 1 February – 30 April) – Fri & Sat | N | Y | | | \$165.00 | New |
| | | Budget Cabin ('Whale') – Low (1 May – 31 August) – Sun to Thur | N | Y | \$130.00 | 0.0% | \$145.00 | 11.5% |
| | | Budget Cabin ('Whale') – Low (1 May – 31 August) – Fri & Sat | N | Y | | | \$150.00 | New |
| | | Budget Cabin ('Sardine') – Peak (26 December – 31 January, Easter Holidays, Public Holidays, Special Events) – Sun to Thur | N | Y | \$150.00 | 7.1% | \$150.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Budget Cabin ('Sardine') – Peak (26 December – 31 January, Easter Holidays, Public Holidays, Special Events) – Fri & Sat | N | Y | | | \$160.00 | New |
| | | Budget Cabin ('Sardine') – Shoulder (1 September to 26 December, 1 February – 30 April) – Sun to Thur | N | Y | \$140.00 | 7.7% | \$140.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Budget Cabin ('Sardine') – Shoulder (1 September to 26 December, 1 February – 30 April) – Fri & Sat | N | Y | | | \$150.00 | New |
| | | Budget Cabin ('Sardine') – Low (1 May – 31 August) – Sun to Thur | N | Y | \$130.00 | 13.0% | \$130.00 | 0.0% |

| Program / Activity | Fees & Charges Type | Fees & Charges Detail | Legislated Fee (Y/N) | GST (Y/N) | 2022–23 Actual | | 2023–24 Budget | |
|------------------------|---|--|-------------------------|--------------|----------------|----------|----------------|----------|
| | | | | | | % | | % |
| | | | | | Price | Increase | Price | Increase |
| Tourist Parks Cont. | Budget cabins – per night Cont. | Budget Cabin ('Sardine') – Low (1 May – 31 August) – Fri & Sat | N | Y | | | \$135.00 | New |
| | Cabins | Additional Person | Ν | Y | \$22.00 | 29.4% | \$25.00 | 13.6% |
| | Small tent site (single person, no power) – per night | Peak (26 December – 31 January, Easter Holidays, Public Holidays, Special Events) | N | Y | \$40.00 | 0.0% | | Removed |
| | | Shoulder (1 September to 26 December, 1 February – 30 April) | Ν | Y | \$30.00 | 0.0% | | Removed |
| | | Low (1 May – 31 August) | N | Y | \$20.00 | 0.0% | | Removed |
| | Powered site | Queenscliff Music Festival weekend (2 nights, Fri/Sat 2 people) | Ν | Y | \$200.00 | 0.0% | \$220.00 | 10.0% |
| | | Queenscliff Music Festival weekend (3 nights Fri/Sat/Sun,2 people) | Ν | Y | | | \$300.00 | New |
| | | Queenscliff Music Festival weekend (4 nights Thur/Fri/Sat/Sun) | Ν | Y | | | \$350.00 | New |
| | | Queenscliff Music Festival – Additional person per night | Ν | Y | \$50.00 | 0.0% | \$25.00 | -50.0% |
| | Other Charges (applies for all sites) | Cancellation Fee | Ν | Y | \$50.00 | 0.0% | \$50.00 | 0.0% |
| | | Late Checkout Fee – Camp sites only | Ν | Y | \$10.00 | 0.0% | \$20.00 | 100.0% |
| | | Unoccupied site fee | Ν | Y | \$25.00 | 0.0% | | Removed |
| | | Laundry Charges – Washing Machine | Ν | Y | \$4.00 | 0.0% | \$5.00 | 25.0% |
| | | Laundry Charges – Dryer (per 15 minutes) | Ν | Y | \$2.00 | 0.0% | \$5.00 | 150.0% |
| | | Bags of Ice (per bag) | Ν | Y | \$5.00 | 0.0% | \$5.00 | 0.0% |

End of the budget document.